JEREMIAH

"THE WEEPING PROPHET" OR "THE PROPHET OF HOPE"?





Key Word

Inevitable

Theme

Deserved Captivity & Undeserved Restoration

Key Verse

"...For the LORD our God has doomed us to perish and given us poisoned water to drink, because we have sinned against him" (8:14b).

Kingdom Statement

The judgment of Jerusalem was inevitable due to her refusal to obey the old covenant (1-19), yet after a 70-year captivity (25:11-12) and judgment on the Gentiles, Israel will submit to God's rule under a new covenant (30-33).



Summary Statement

The deserved fall of Jerusalem, 70-year captivity, judgment of Gentiles, and restoration under a new covenant give hope and exhort Judah to accept God's inevitable discipline by yielding to Babylon.

Covenant

The old covenant tablets of stone leading to Israel's judgment will be replaced with a new covenant of blessing through the Holy Spirit's indwelling their hearts after repentance and forgiveness (31:31-33).

Redemption

Redemption in a spiritual renewal (chapters 30–33) awaits Israel after her unfaithfulness ends, which is a redemption that will occur because Israel will never cease to exist as a nation (31:35-37).

Messiah

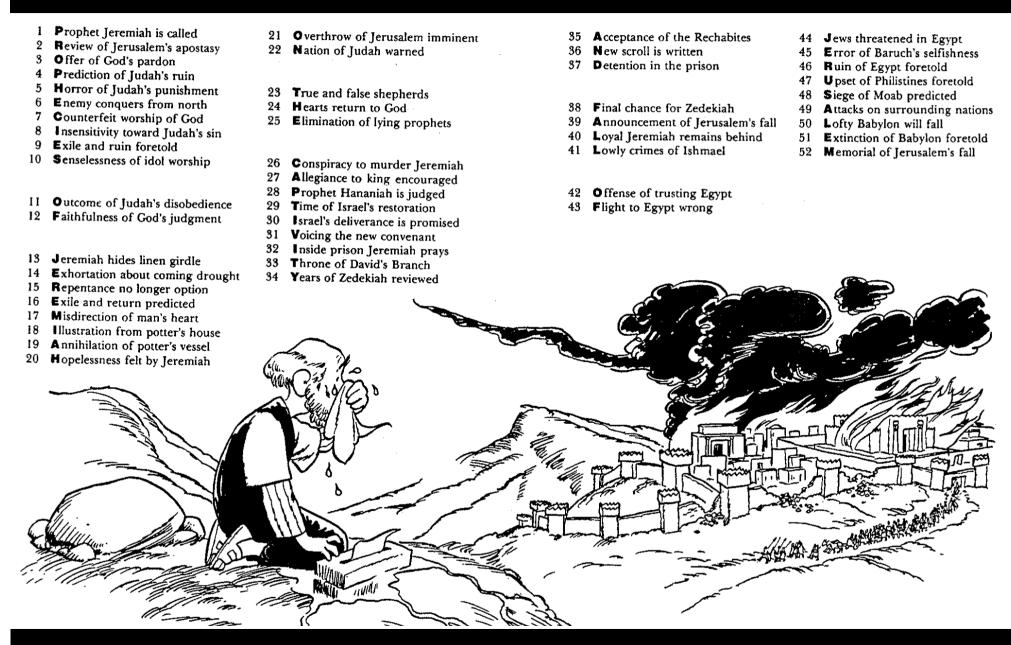
The Shepherd Messiah and Righteous Branch (23:1-8) and the new covenant he brings (31:31-33) point to Christ's rule and the forgiveness in his blood he portrayed in the Lord's supper (Luke 22:20).

Jeremiah Book Chart

Deserved Captivity & Undeserved Restoration

Prophetic Call	Judah's Judgment Deserved				Nations' Judgment Deserved				Jerusalem's Fall	
Chapter 1	Chapters 2–45				Chapters 46–51			Chapter 52		
Commission	Condemnation & Comfort			Condemnation			Captivity			
Judgment but God's presence 1	Pre-Fak 2–38	Fall 39	Post- Fall 40–44	Baruch 45	South west 46–47	East 48:1– 49:22	North 49:23 -33	Northeast 49:34– 51:64	Fall 52:1-30	Rise 52:31-34
Prologue	Ministry					Epilogue				
Judah				Nations				Babylon		

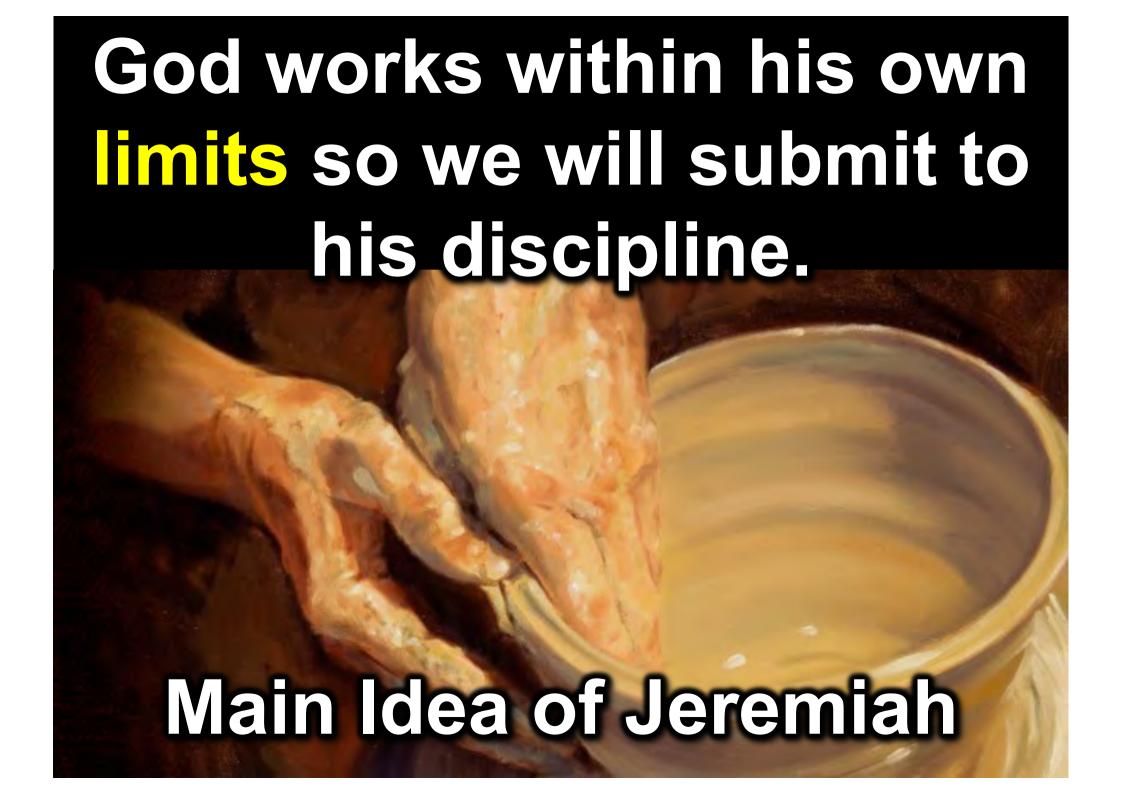
c. 627-580 BC







How does God comfort even those he disciplines?



I. God calls messengers who are honest with us (Jer 1).



II. God has limited discipline but unlimited blessing (Jer 2–45).







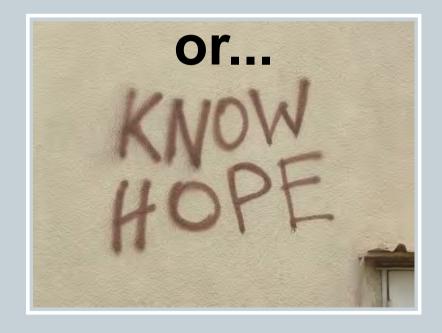
IV. God balances justice with mercy (Jer 52).



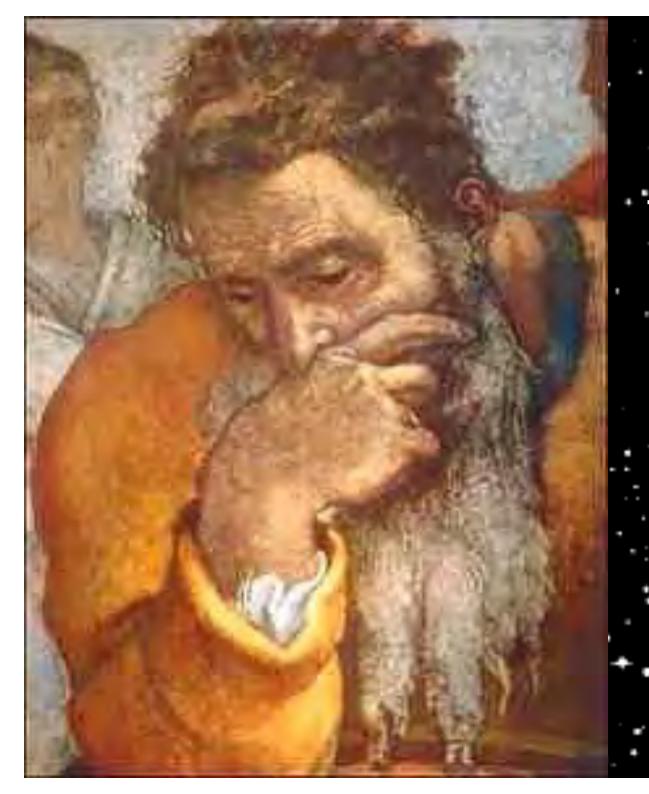
Are You Part of the Faithful Remnant?

- Do you put your hope in your faithful and merciful God?
- Do you look forward to the Day of the LORD and the complete restoration it promises?

NO HOPE?



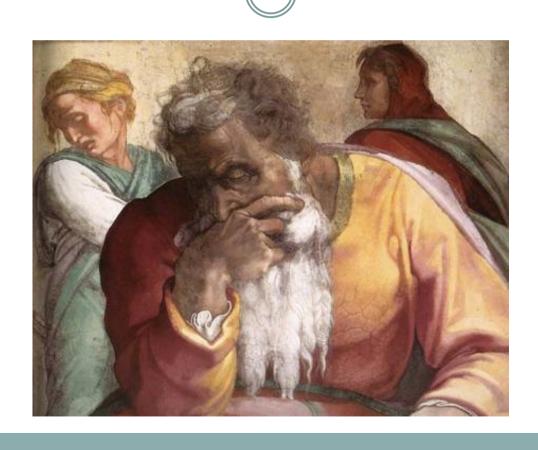




Overview

- 1. Background
- 2. Outline
- 3. Application

1. BACKGROUND OF JEREMIAH



Ever felt like the future is uncertain?



JEREMIAH = INEVITABLE

Captivity + Restoration

Jeremiah - Yirməyāhū in Hebrew

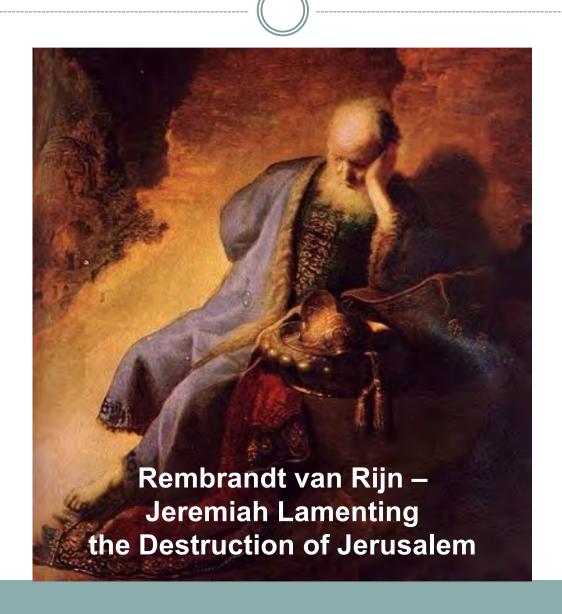
From either of 2 roots meaning "cast, shoot" or "loosen":

- 1. "Yahweh establishes, appoints or sends"
- 2. "Yahweh throws," perhaps in the sense of laying a foundation



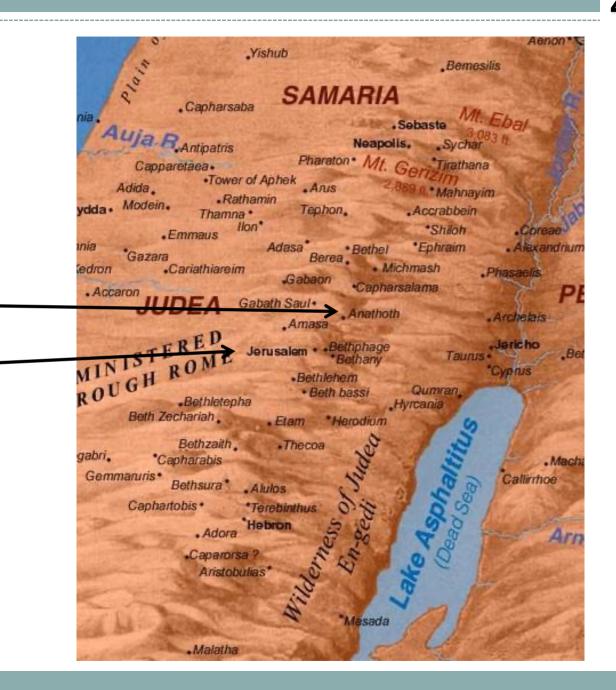


Who was Jeremiah?





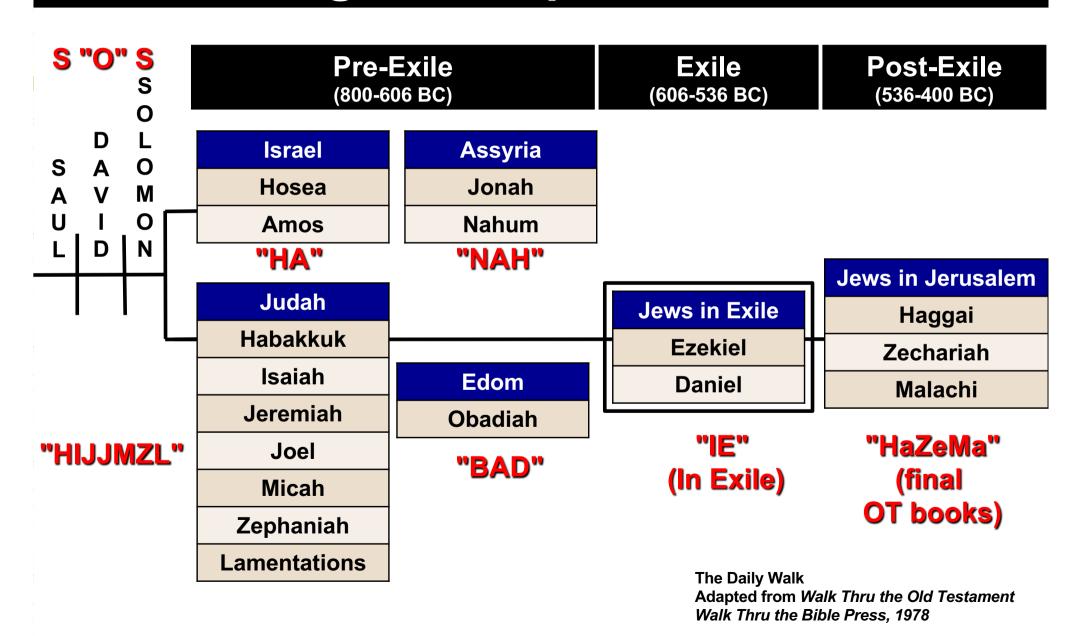
- Son of Hilkiah, a priest (Jer. 1:1)
- Lived in town of Anathoth
 3 miles (5 km.) NE of Jerusalem
- Began his ministry around 20 years old
- Was well-off enough to buy a field (Jer. 32)



Authorship ?

	Yes, it was Jeremiah!	No, it was not Jeremiah!					
External Evidenc e	1) Explicitly: Daniel 9:2 Matthew 2:17-18	Chap 52 is nearly identical to 2 Kings 24:18–25:30					
	 2) Implicitly in Matt. 21:13; Mark 11:17; Luke 19:46, Rom. 11:27 and Heb. 8:8-13 3) The Talmud, Josephus, and Ecclesiasticus 	It is likely that chap 52 was recorded by the same author as the 2 Kings postscript under the direction of the Holy Spirit					
Internal Evidenc e	Jer. 1:1, 11, 23; 29:27; 32:7-9. Jeremiah is clearly identified with the biographical information provided.	51:64 says "the words of Jeremiah end here."					

Placing the Prophetical Books



Jeremiah in the Line of Prophets

Obadiah - Edom

Jonah - Compassion

Amos - Injustice

Hosea - Loyal

Isaiah - Restoration

Micah - Exploitation

Nahum - Nineveh

Habakkuk - Faith

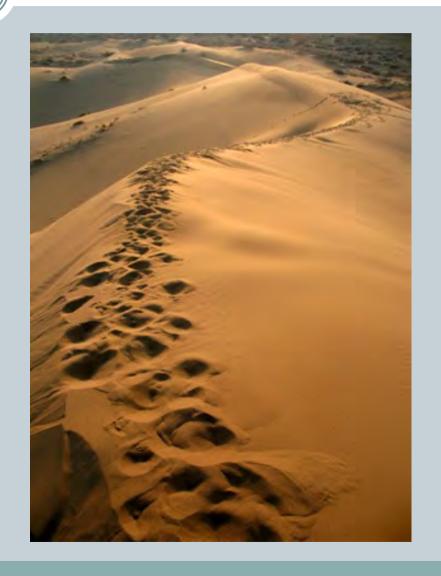
Zephaniah - Day

Joel - Locusts

Jeremiah – Inevitable

→ Lamentations

→ Daniel, Ezekiel (Exile)



Ample Warning For Judah

735-710 BC Micah: Judah will suffer exile for exploitation of poor

c. 630 BC Zephaniah: Day of the Lord is coming - Repent!
4 decades before Jerusalem's fall

607-5 BC Habakkuk: Judah will be disciplined by Babylon



590 BC Joel: Judgment by locusts should cause repentance before Babylon's invasion

627-580 BC Jeremiah: Judgment is inevitable.
70 years captivity!

Length of Prophetic Ministries

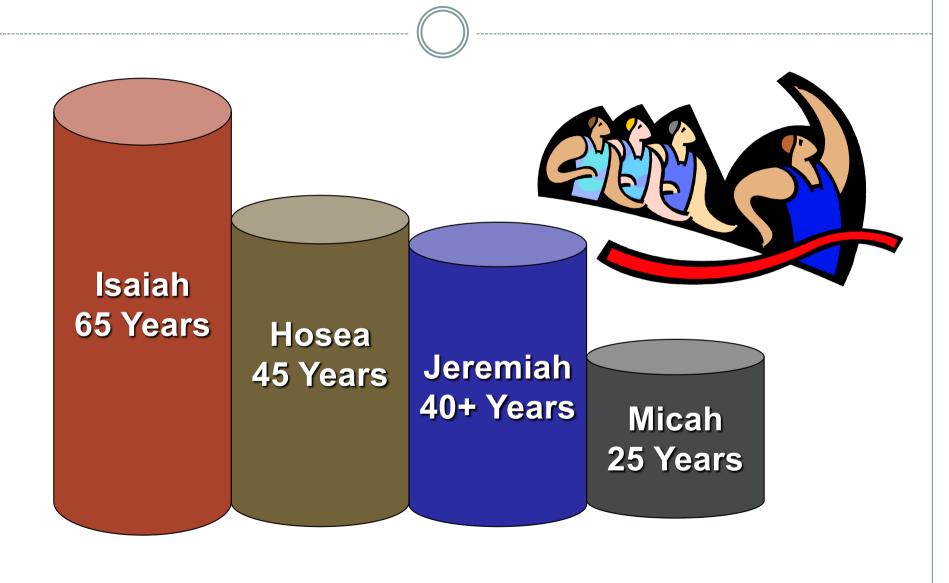
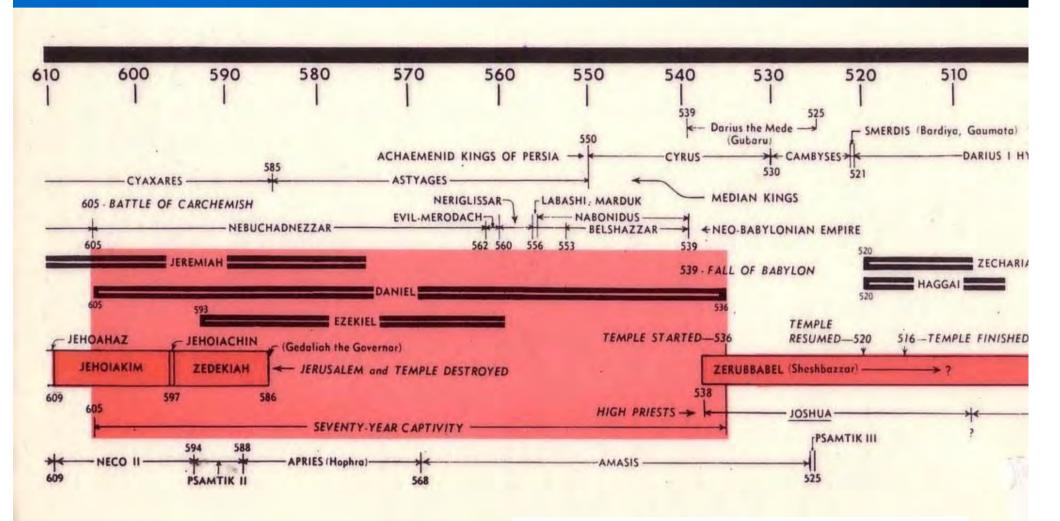


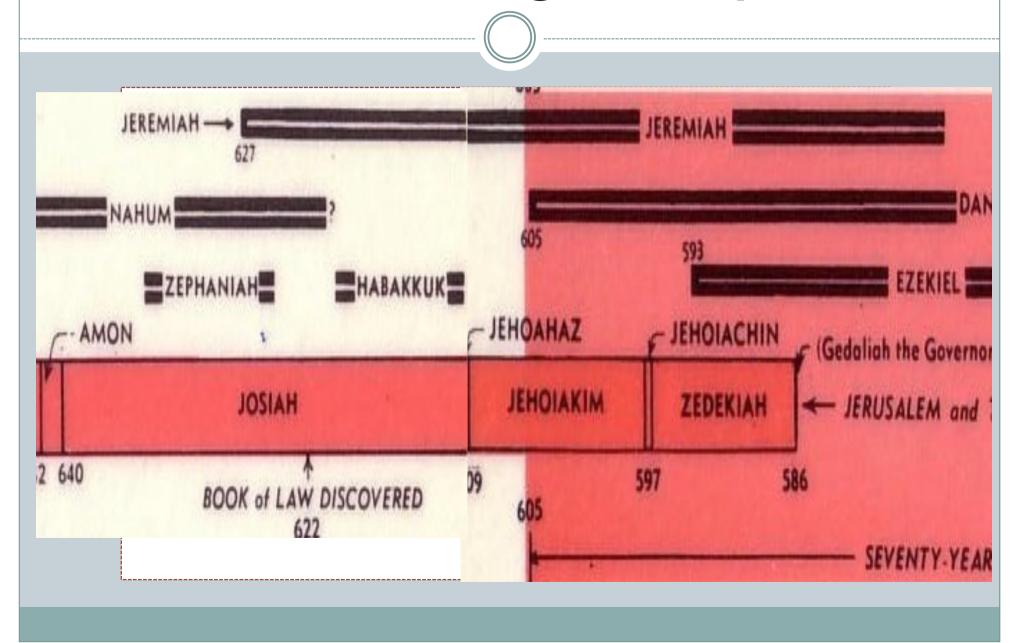
Chart of the Exile



The Babylonian Exile

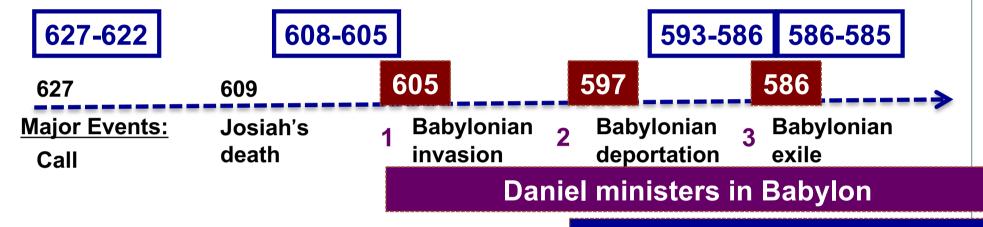
John C. Whitcomb, 4th rev. ed., Winona Lake, IN: BMH Books, 1962, 1968

Chart of OT Kings & Prophets



Chronology of Jeremiah





Kings of Judah:

Josiah Jeho (640-609) (609)

Jehoahaz (609)

3 months

Jehoiakim (608-598)

11 years

(598-597) 3 months

Jehoiachin

Zedekiah

Ezekiel ministers in Babylon

(597-586) 11 years

Jeremiah prophesied from the 13th year of Josiah (627 BC) past the fall of Judah (586 BC) to about 580 BC.

His ministry spanned 4 decades and the reigns of 5 kings of Judah.

475-6

Rulers He Ministered Under



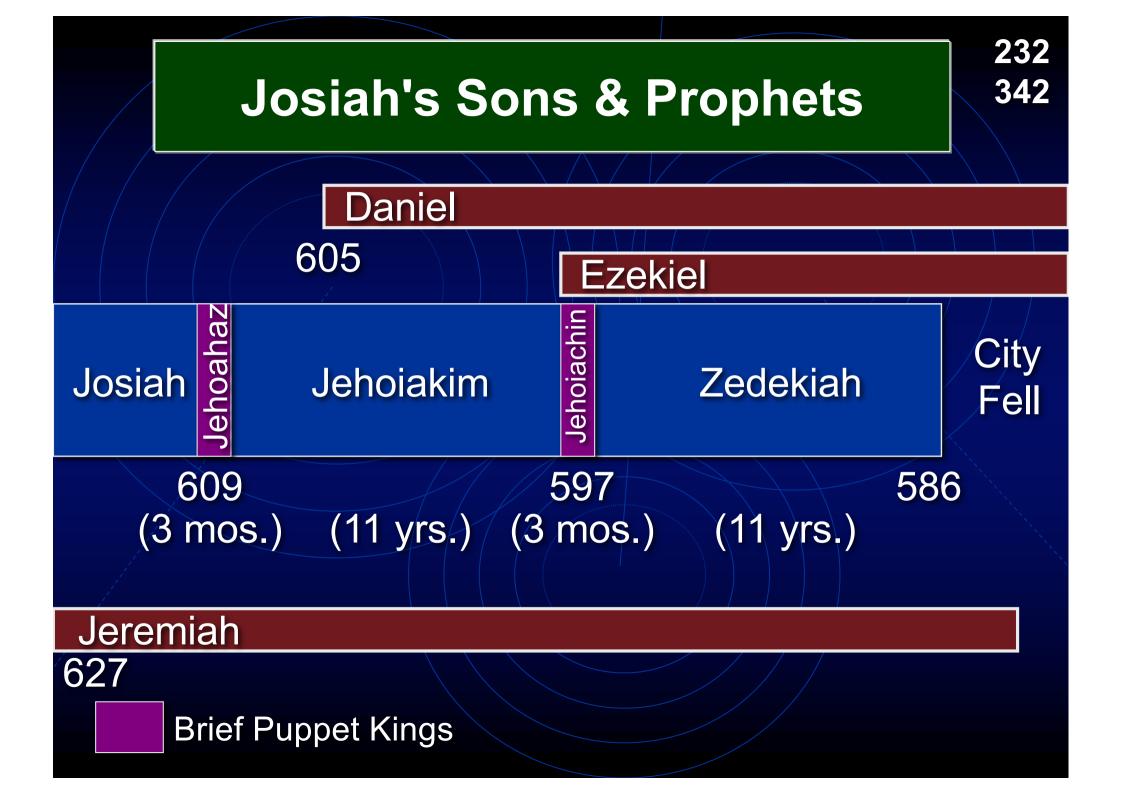
- 1. JOSIAH Judah's last godly king
- 2. JEHOAHAZ (son of Josiah) Weak ruler deposed by Pharaoh Neco in 3 mos.
- 2. JEHOIAKIM (son of Josiah) Ungodly, Bible burning king
- 3. JEHOIACHIN (son of Jehoiakim) a ninety-day wonder judged by God
- 4. ZEDEKIAH (uncle of Jehoiachin) Judah's final king
- 5. NEBUCHADNEZZAR Great Babylonian conqueror
- 6. GEDALIAH Babylonian-appointed governor of occupied city of Jerusalem
- 7. JOHANAN Successor of Gedaliah who was assassinated

An Evil End to Judah



Good king in white **Evil kings in yellow**

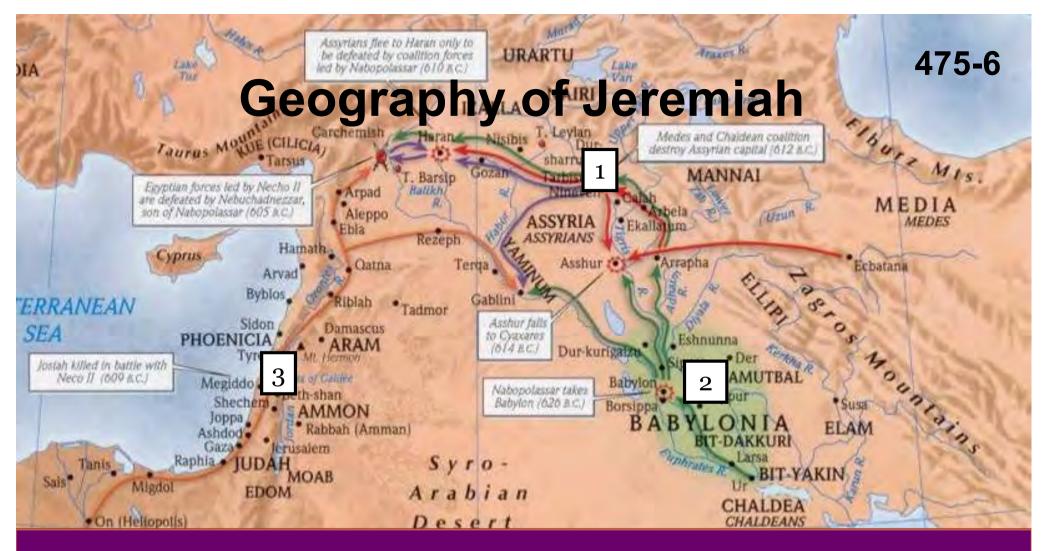
Jehoiakim Jehoahaz Zedekiah Johanan (Shallum) (nd rule) (Eliakim) (Mattaniah) 597-586 609-597 609 (11 yrs.) (11 yrs.) (3 mos.) **Jehoiachin** (Jeconiah/Coniah) **Babylon 597 Exiled** (3 mos.)



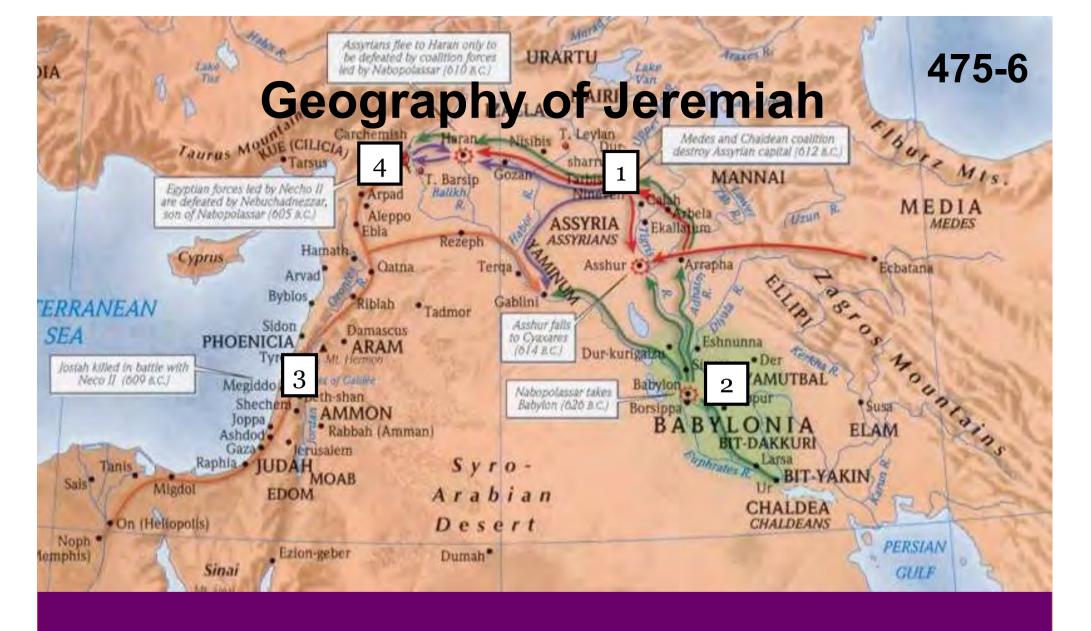
Bab bologna in – who??

Sthing prophets put in their sandwiches??





- 1. <u>Assyria</u>: Since 722 BC, Assyria dominated Jerusalem.
- 2. <u>Babylon</u>: In 612 BC Nineveh, Assyria's capital, fell to Babylon. This meant Judah would be subject to Babylon.
- 3. <u>Egypt</u>: Assyria-Babylon conflicts gave Egypt control of Israel. Pharaoh Neco killed Josiah of Judah in 609 BC, then his son Jehoahaz ruled 3 months. Neco replaced him with his brother Jehoiakim.

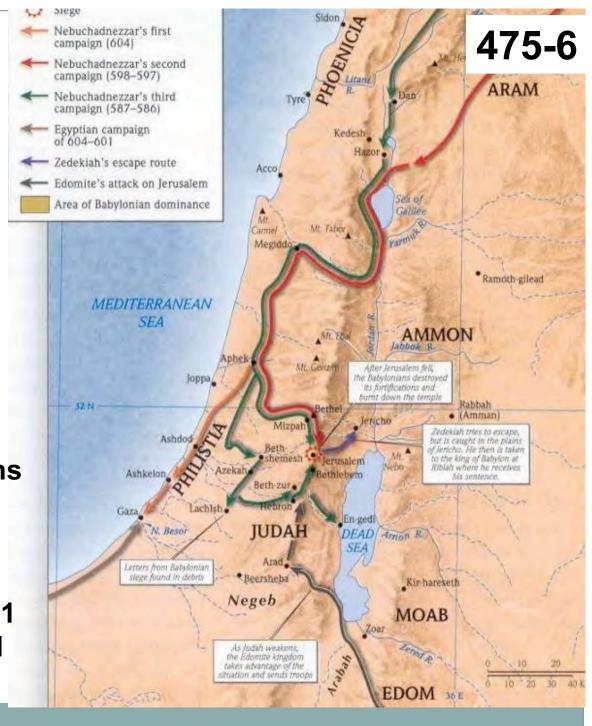


4. <u>Babylon</u>: When Egypt was defeated by Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon at the Battle of Carchemish (605 BC), Jehoiakim switched allegiance from Egypt to Babylon.

Campaigns

Egypt: Four years later (601 BC), Egypt defeated Nebuchadnezzar and Jehoiakim switched his allegiance back to Egypt. What a mistake!

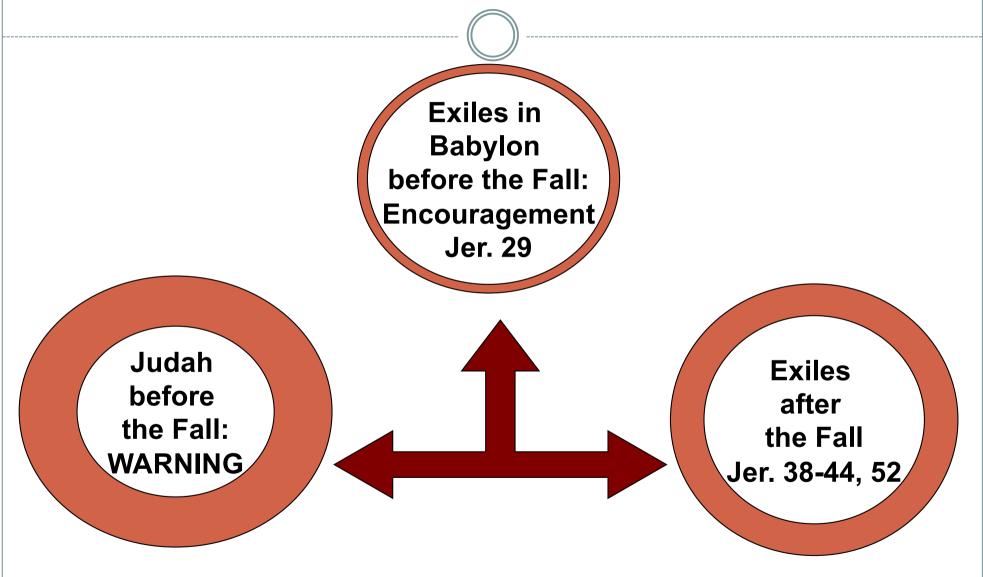
Babylon: In 597 BC
Nebuchadnezzar attacked
Jerusalem and killed
Jehoiakim. He was replaced
with Jehoiachin but 3 months
later he deported him to
Babylon with 10,000 others.
He was replaced with his
uncle Zedekiah, who ruled 11
years until the siege and fall
of Jerusalem in 586 BC.



Who Were the Recipients? (1)

Before Exile		During Exile	After Exile	
To Israel: - Amos (760) - Hosea (755) To Ninevah: - Jonah (760) - Nahum (620)	To Judah: - Isaiah (740) - Micah (735) - Zephaniah (630) - Jeremiah (627) - Habakkuk (607) - Joel (600) - Lamentations (586) - Obadiah (580)	To Jews in Babylon: - Daniel (605) - Ezekiel (592)	To the Remnant after returning: - Haggai (520) - Zechariah (520) - Malachi (450)	

Who Were the Recipients? (2)



Nations Prophesied Against (Jer. 46-51)

- 1. EGYPT (46:1-27) To be defeated by Babylonians
- 2. PHILISTIA (47:1-6) To be overrun by Egyptians
- 3. MOAB (48:1-47) To be conquered by Babylon
- 4. AMMON (49:1-6) To be destroyed and re-established in the millennium.
- 5. EDOM (49:7-22) To become as Sodom and Gomorrah
- 6. DAMASCUS (49:23-27) To be destroyed in a single day
- 7. KEDAR & HAZOR (49:28-35) To be destroyed by Nebuchadnezzar
- 8. ELAM (49:34-39) To be overrun by Nebuchadnezzar and re-established during the millennium.
- 9. BABYLON (50:1-51:64) Final destruction of the empire



A. Symbolic Acts



Rotten Underwear (Jer. 13)



Potter's Clay (Jer. 18)



Broken Jar (Jer. 19)

- A. Symbolic Acts
- **B.** Literary Types
- c. MT versus LXX

MT versus LXX

MT (Heb.)

חשכים דיני ויאשובה דגל יא עדוונינה
חשני ויליא התבהנה הני לשליד בעינונינה
הביל ישעים עדיני ונדיתנה ליא שכחתי
העת לילה ייקום להודיות לנה על כשפטי עדיקנה
חבר אני לפול יאשר זריאניה ולשופי נקודינה
הטרינה בב בליאה היינו היידנה לכדינ

LXX (Gr.)

ZEIHAYIOYCTOYA A GAYOYTOYTITCKA TEUN KAIGHTONAYIM ITTO CEA BATEKATATA FETOYCLL ELPOYEY MUNEKITTOCUTTOY TONATIONEROTH TTATEMBOAHCKAIL ITTOCHADONKAIHK LYTOYCENTOICXIT-THE TONGTHE TIATEMKOAHCONTI HONGITTON MUSEHO KATEHTENMOCHE TIPOCALPUNKALEA KZATKAJIOAMATTOY LIDLCYLLOL LOLCO TAREACIMMENOYOR KEDALHNYMON-YE

TONGHTY PICMON-CHETTYTICBHERNAM KAKTIMIGINGBAN THECKHNHETOYMA LALIDADAKEZEYEA CECDE NAMHATION MHTET OF A TEXALON THEXTELCEUSCTODA TAKYEDYHINKNE. HOINCANKETETOPH MAMQUEH KYLEYYYHICENKOTHY MINDAMIONOTA KALCIKETA OYTHOGO CYKNIOJYIOJCOYME TACOYHNKALNEICH *TEYHCOEGICTHNION*

NHNTOYMATTYTHY

HITTOCHOTOYOMON.

1/8
shorter
than MT

- A. Symbolic Acts
- **B.** Literary Types
- c. MT versus LXX
- **D.** New Covenant

This is what the LORD says, he who appoints the sun to shine by day, who decrees the moon and stars to shine by night, who stirs up the sea so that its waves roar—

"How to Get Rid of the Jews"

the LORD Almighty is his name:

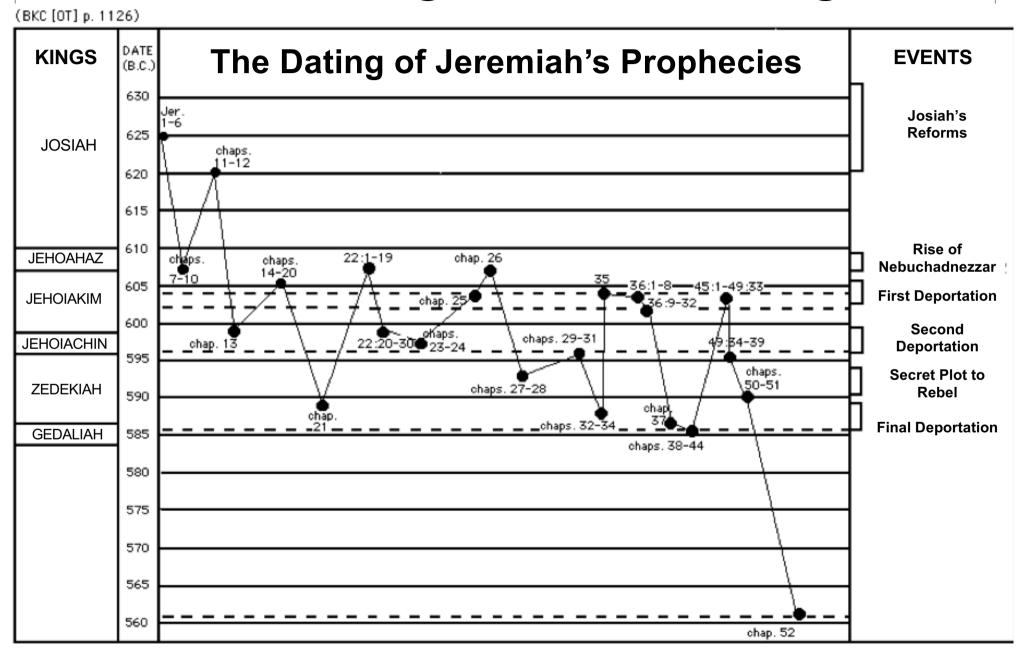
36 "Only if these decrees vanish
from my sight," declares the LORD,
"will the descendants of Israel ever cease
to be a nation before me."

³⁷ This is what the LORD says:

"Only if the heavens above can be measured and the foundations of the earth below be searched out will I reject all the descendants of Israel because of all they have done," declares the LORD (Jer. 31:35-37 NIV).

- A. Symbolic Acts
- **B.** Literary Types
- c. MT versus LXX
- **D.** New Covenant
- **E.** Logical Arrangement

Structure is Logical not Chronological



- A. Symbolic Acts
- **B.** Literary Types
- c. MT versus LXX
- D. New Covenant
- **E.** Logical Arrangement
- F. 70-year Prophecy





 605
 586
 539 536
 516

Temple Exile

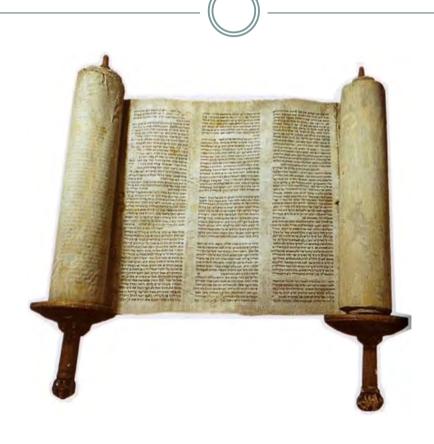
560

"This entire land will become a desolate wasteland. Israel and her neighboring lands will serve the king of Babylon for seventy years. ¹²Then, after the seventy years of captivity are over, I will punish the king of Babylon and his people for their sins," says the Lord. I will make the country of the Babylonians a wasteland forever"

(Jer. 25:11-12).

- A. Symbolic Acts
- **B.** Literary Types
- c. MT versus LXX
- D. New Covenant
- **E.** Logical Arrangement
- F. 70-year Prophecy
- G. Recorded Jerusalem's Fall Twice

The Outline of Jeremiah



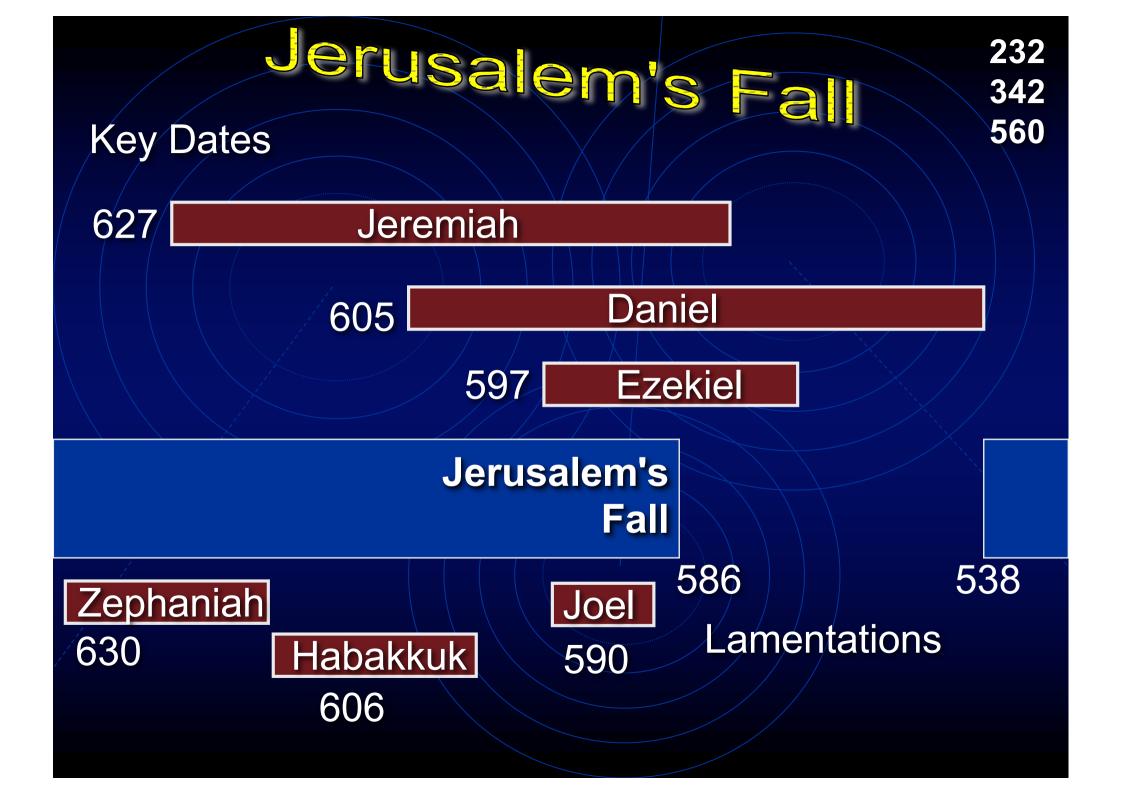
Jeremiah Book Chart

Deserved Captivity & Undeserved Restoration

Prophetic Call	Judah's Judgment Deserved			Nations' Judgment Deserved			Jerusalem's Fall			
Chapter 1	Chapters 2–45			Chapters 46–51			Chapter 52			
Commission	Condemnation & Comfort		Condemnation			Captivity				
Judgment but God's presence	Pre-Fak 2–38	Fall 39	Post- Fall 40–44	Baruch 45	South west 46–47	East 48:1– 49:22	North 49:23 -33	Northeast 49:34– 51:64	Fall 52:1-30	Rise 52:31-34
Prologue	Ministry					Epile	ogue			
Judah			Nations			Babylon				

c. 627-580 BC

- A. Symbolic Acts
- **B.** Literary Types
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- **E.** Logical Arrangement
- F. 70-year Prophecy
- G. Recorded Jerusalem's Fall Twice
- H. Lived through Jerusalem's Fall



- A. Symbolic Acts
- **B.** Literary Types
- c. MT versus LXX
- New Covenant
- **E.** Logical Arrangement
- F. 70-year Prophecy
- G. Recorded Jerusalem's Fall Twice
- H. Lived through Jerusalem's Fall
- Longest prophetic book (Psalms is the longest overall)

Longest Books of the Bible

Book	Chapters	Verses	Words
Psalms	150	2461	43,743
Jeremiah	52	1364	42,659
Ezekiel	48	1273	39,407
Genesis	50	1533	38,267
Isaiah	66	1292	37,044

http://www.kneeholedesk.com/Pages/Did_You_Know/Books_of_the_Bible.html

- Longest OT quote in the NT (Jer. 31:31-34 in Heb. 8:8-13)
- J. Inevitable

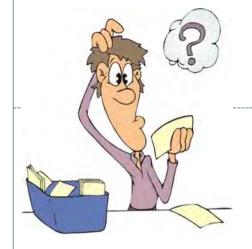
How was judgment inevitable?

- 1. The people are encouraged to repent only up until chapter 19 (e.g., 15:19; 17:24; 18:8; cf. 5:3; 8:6). Yet after this point no exhortations to repent are forthcoming.
- 2. Jeremiah was instructed by God not even to pray for the people of Judah (11:14; 14:11).
- 3. Jeremiah told the people that each could individually have life instead of death if he/she would surrender to the Babylonians, but the destruction still would come on the nation as a whole (21:8-9; 24:1-10; 27:5-12, 16-17; 32:5; 38:17-23; 42:9-22; 52:24-27).

How was judgment inevitable?

- 4. God's determination of the length of the captivity at 70 years indicates that judgment was unavoidable (25:11-12; 29:10).
- 5. Jeremiah smashed a pot to illustrate that God's decision to destroy the city was not retractable (19:1-2, 10-11).
- 6. Jeremiah instructed those already in exile to settle down (29:4-14) in contrast to the false prophet Hananiah, who said the exile would only last two years (28:1-3, 10-12). This indicates that the "die was already cast" and even repentance of the people could not forestall God's judging hand.

- Longest OT quote in the NT (Jer. 31:31-34 in Heb. 8:8-13)
- J. Inevitable
- K. Deuteronomy 28 fulfillments
- L. Dictation to Baruch
- M. Autobiography
- N. Matthew 27:9 quotes Jeremiah 19:1-13 (or perhaps Jer. 18:2-12 or 32:6-9) along with Zechariah 11:12-13 but attributes it to the better known prophet Jeremiah



Trivia Summary

- Different types of <u>literary material</u>—such as poetic discourse (30–31), prose discourse (32– 33) and prose narrative (46–51)
- Jeremiah 31:31-34 is the <u>longest OT quote</u> in the NT (Heb. 8:8-13)

Key Facts

Summary Statement

Jeremiah prophesies at great personal cost the deserved fall of Jerusalem, seventy year captivity, judgment of Gentiles, and restoration under a new covenant, to give hope and exhort Judah to accept God's inevitable discipline by yielding to Babylon.

Key Word

INEVITABLE

Key Verse

"... For the LORD our God has doomed us to perish and given us poisoned water to drink, because we have sinned against him" (Jeremiah 8:14b)

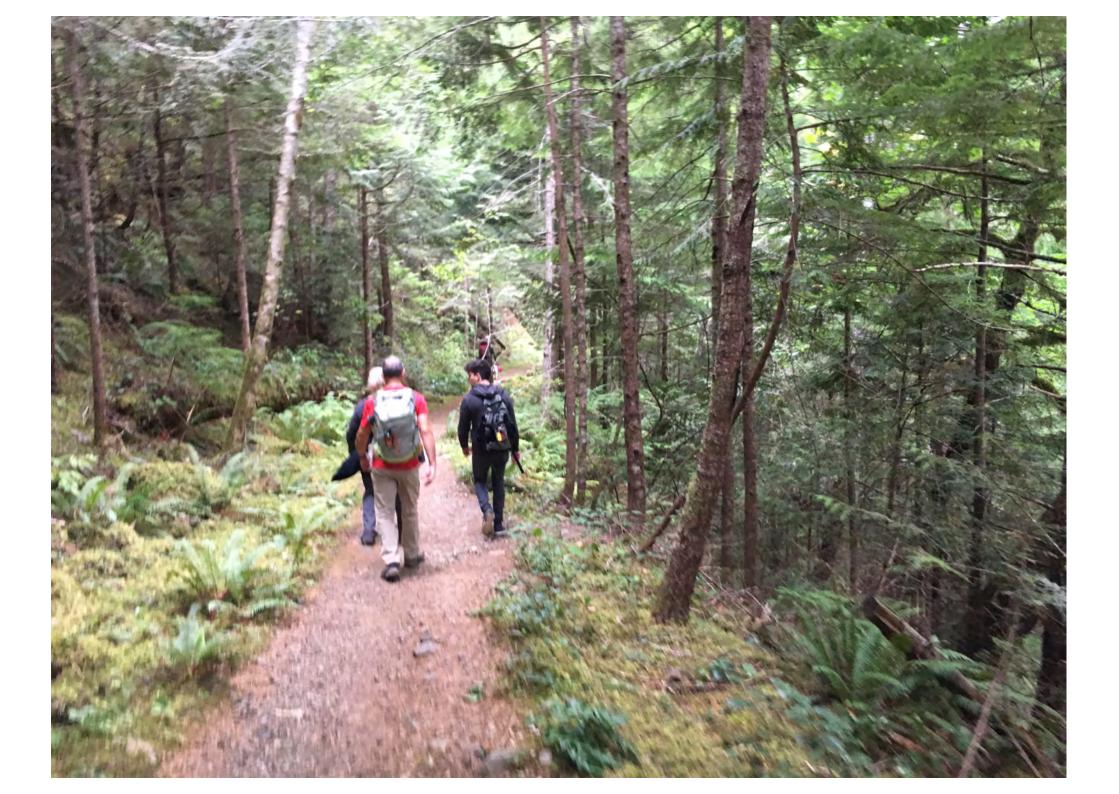


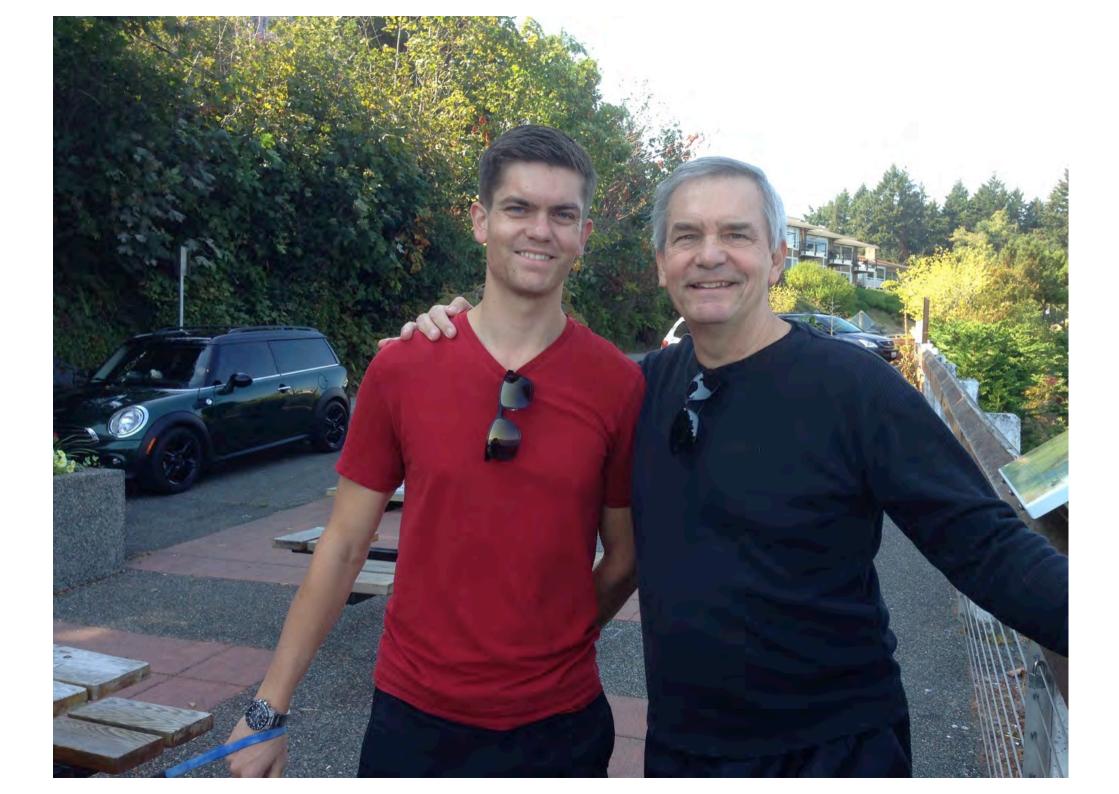
3-days travel, 4-day visit





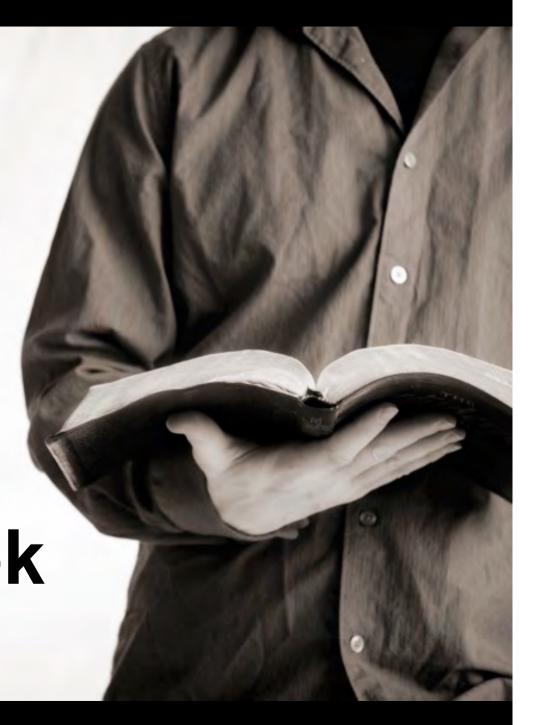


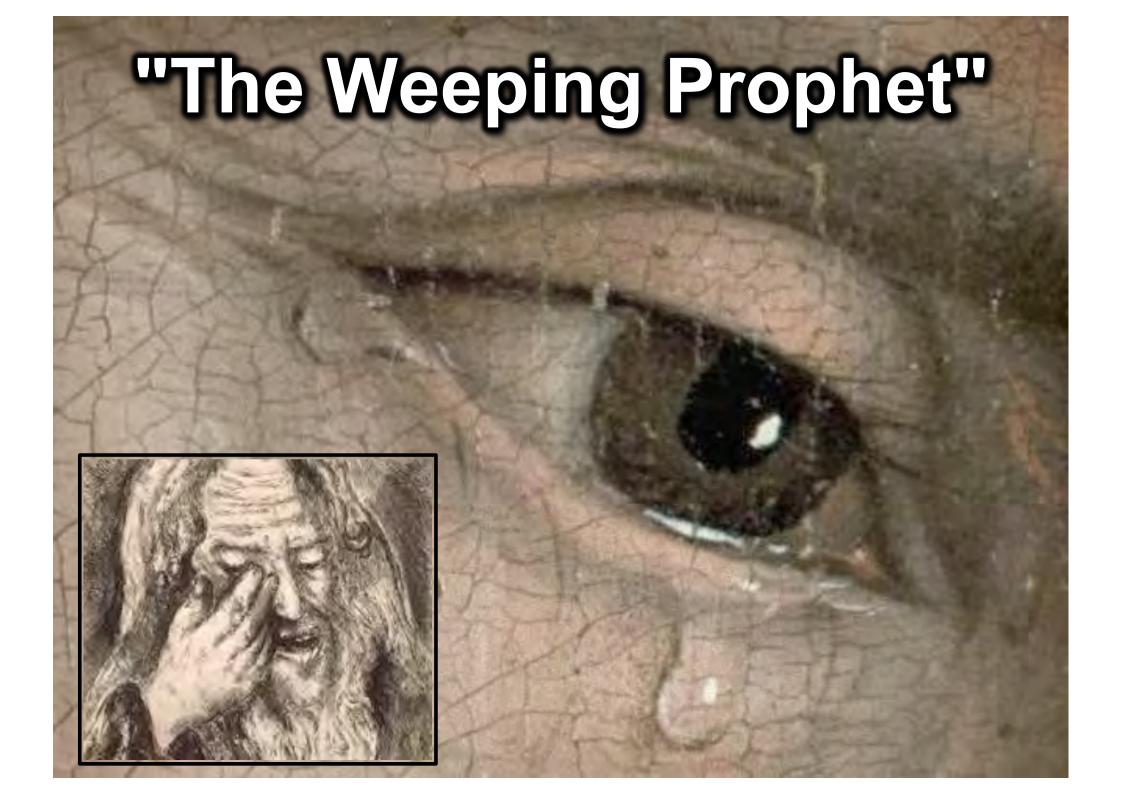




Let's Study
Through
Scripture

The Bible:
Book by Book



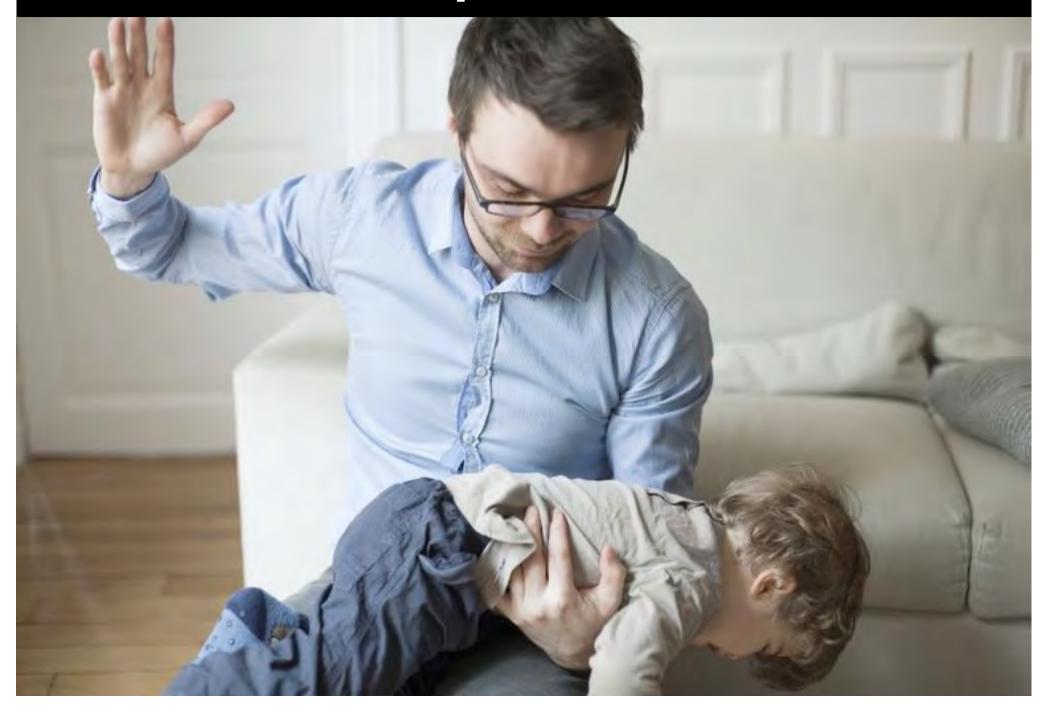








Balance discipline with comfort.



Balance discipline with comfort.

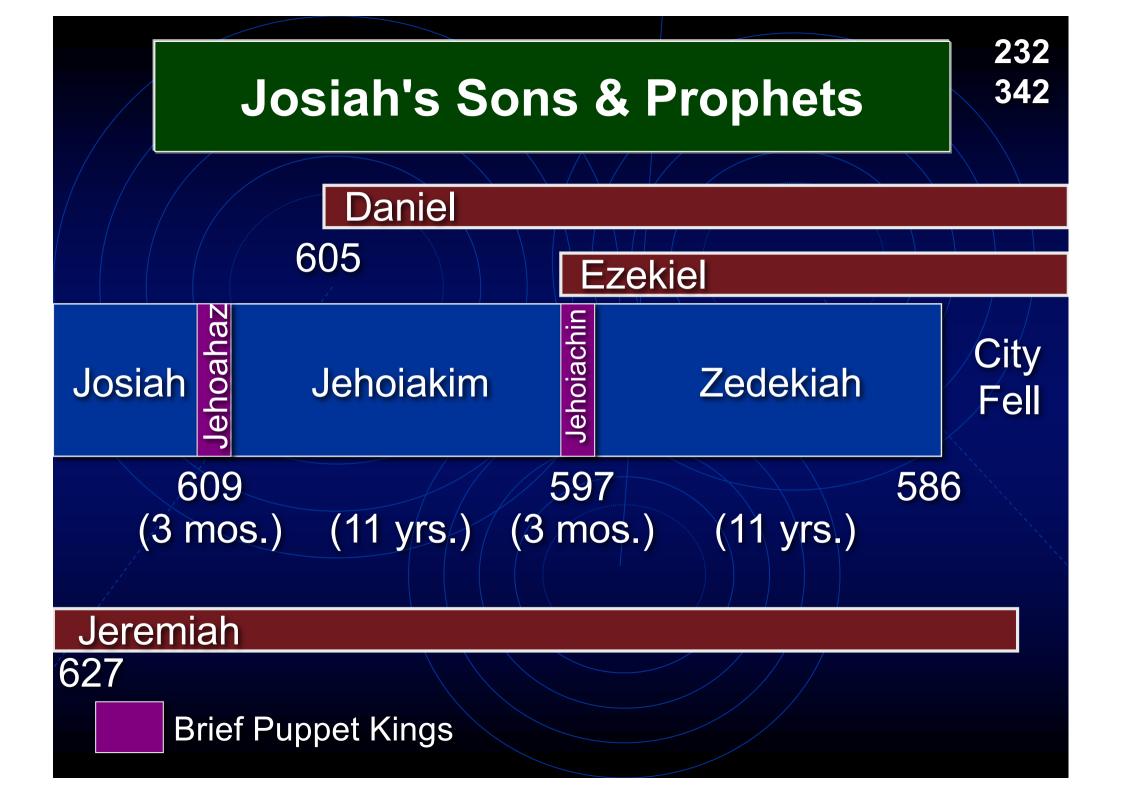


Discipline.





How does God comfort even those he disciplines?



Key Word

Inevitable

Theme

Deserved Captivity & Undeserved Restoration

Key Verse

"...For the LORD our God has doomed us to perish and given us poisoned water to drink, because we have sinned against him" (8:14b).



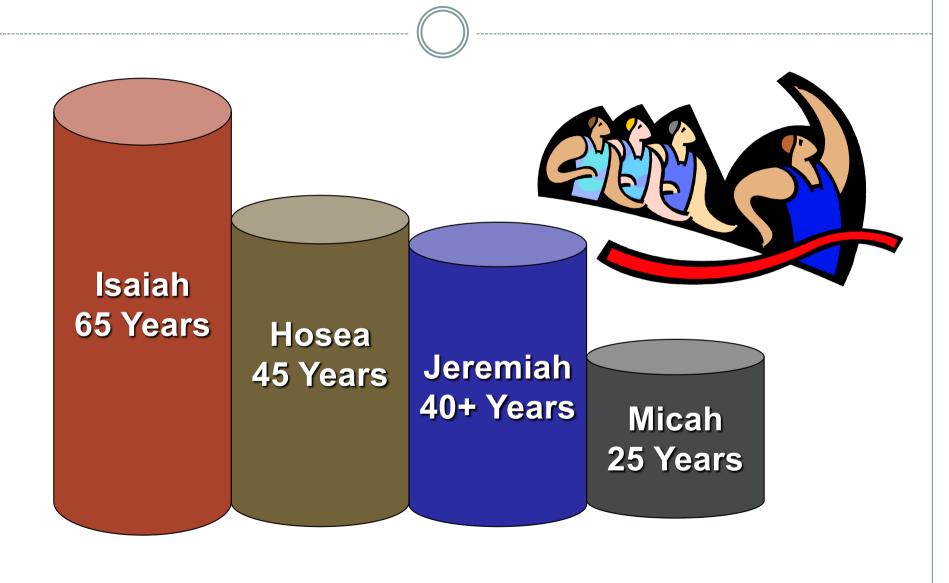


How does God comfort even those he disciplines?

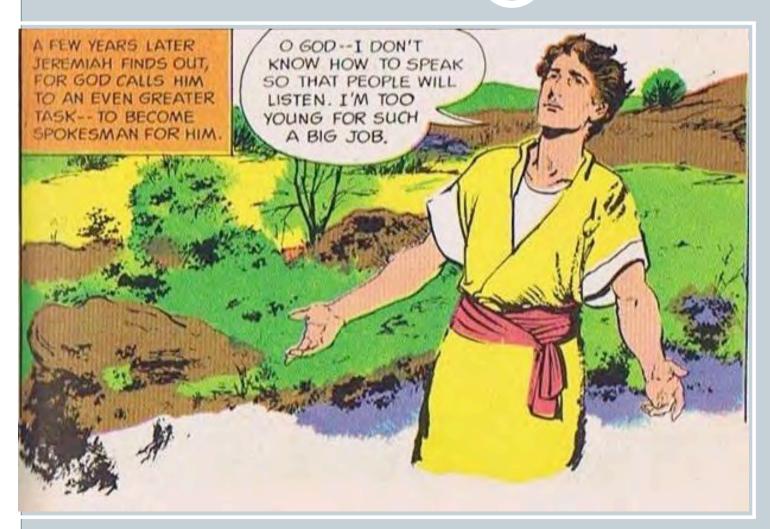
I. God calls messengers who are honest with us (Jer 1).



Length of Prophetic Ministries



God Calls and Commissions Jeremiah



King Josiah's reign and reforms did not last.

God calls a YOUNG MAN!

Jer. 1:4-9

Source: The Picture Bible (Chariot Books, David C Cook, 1978)

God's Assurance to Jeremiah



"Before I formed you in the womb

I knew you, before you were born

I set you apart;

I appointed you as a prophet to the nations...

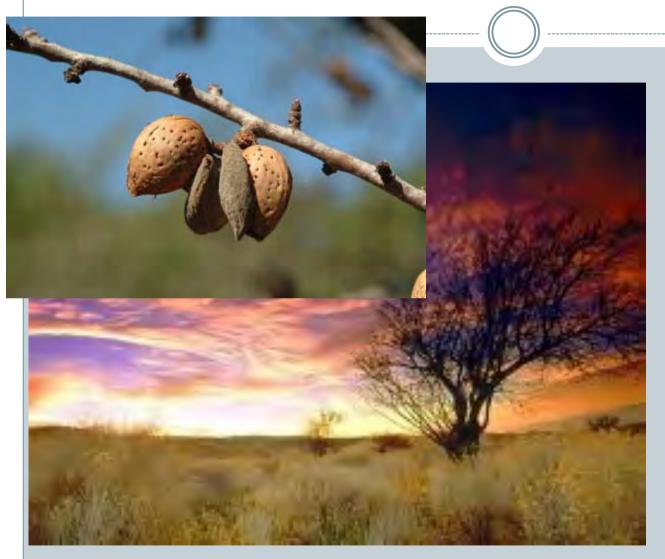
Do not say, 'I am only a child.'

You must go to everyone I send you to and say whatever I command you. Do not be afraid of them for I am with you and will rescue you... Now, I have put my words in your mouth ...



Jer. 1:5, 7-9

Object Lesson #1 – Almond Tree



God is *watching* to see that His Word is fulfilled.

("watching" sounds like "almond tree" in Hebrew)

Jer. 1:11-13

Object Lesson #2 – Boiling Pot



Over-boiling pot, tilting from north –

Invaders from the north are going to overflow Judah and destroy Jerusalem.

Jer. 1:13-19

Is God trying to comfort you through his truthful messengers?





How does God comfort even those he disciplines?

I. God calls messengers who are honest with us (Jer 1).



II. God has limited discipline but unlimited blessing (Jer 2–45).



Judah's Relationship With God



A young bride





Unfaithful many lovers, one named Baal

Jer. 2-4

How will there be a second return?



How will there be a second return?

"And when your land is once more filled with people," says the LORD, "you will no longer wish for 'the good old days' when you possessed the Ark of the LORD's Covenant. You will not miss those days or even remember them, and there will be no need to rebuild the Ark. 17 In that day, Jerusalem will be known as 'The Throne of the LORD.' All nations will come there to honor the LORD. They will no longer stubbornly follow their own evil desires. 18 In those days the people of Judah and Israel will return together from exile in the north. They will return to the land I gave your ancestors as an inheritance forever."

— Jeremiah 3:16-18 NLT —

"This is what the LORD says:
'Stand at the crossroads and look;
ask for the ancient paths,
ask where the good way is,
and walk in it,
and you will find rest for your souls'"
(Jeremiah 6:16a NIV).



Worthless Public Worship



Trusted in empty words
And "God will not destroy the temple"

God tells Jeremiah to ... Stop praying for Judah

Their evil had become unthinkable.

They even sacrificed their own children!

Jer. 7-8

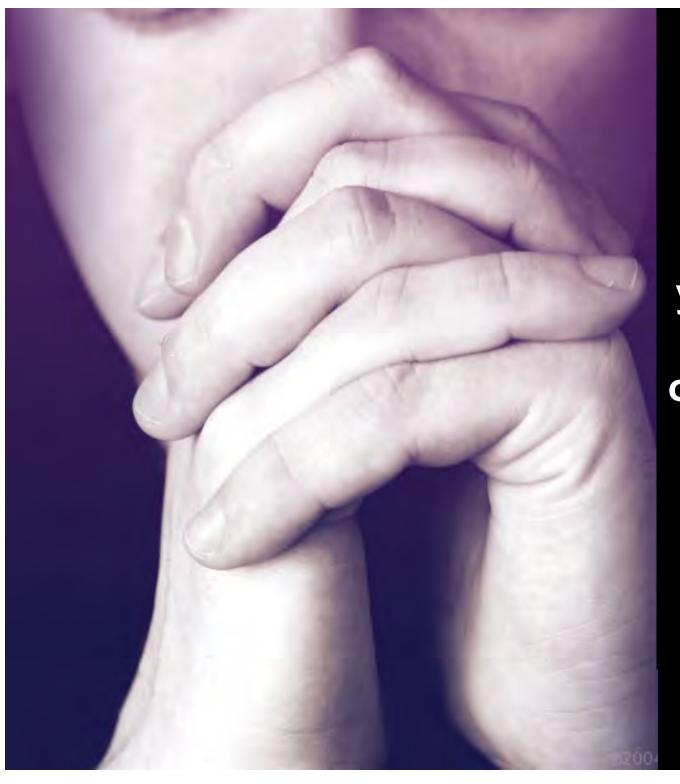
Judgment is imminent & terrible!

He weeps

His lament models the kind of repentance God desires of the entire nation.



Jer. 8-10



Who should not revere you, O King of the nations? This is your due. Among all the wise men of the nations and in all their kingdoms, there is no one like you.

Jeremiah 10:7

Covenant, Conspiracies & Complaints



Men from Anathoth conspire to kill him

Jeremiah preaches Covenant broken

Jer. 11-12

Jeremiah complains to God; God encourages him

Object lessons – signs of judgment



Like a ruined waistband rotting in rock crevice, Judah strayed from God, being exposed to pagan influences, and is now spiritually worthless. Jer. 13



Fill jugs with wine! Get drunk! – God will have no mercy and compassion when they suffer.

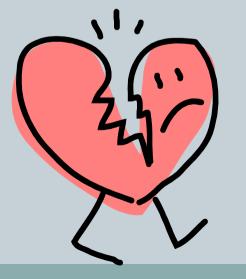
Hard times follow ...



God sends a drought to warn Judah of judgment and need to repent.

God told Jeremiah not to pray for them!

Jer. 14-16



No marriage, No funerals, No parties for Jeremiah

Jeremiah to King Jehoiakim Jeremiah 15:1

"Even if Moses and Samuel were to stand before Me, My heart would not go out to this people. Send them away from My presence! Let them go!"



Jeremiah to King Jehoiakim Jeremiah 15:4

"I will make them abhorrent to all the kingdoms of the earth because of what Manasseh son of Hezekiah king of Judah did in Jerusalem."



Jeremiah to King Jehoiakim

Jeremiah 16:11-13



"...Your fathers forsook me... and did not keep my law. But you have behaved more wickedly than your fathers... instead of obeying Me. So I will throw you out of this land into a land neither you nor your fathers have known, and there you will serve other gods day and night, for I will show you no favour."

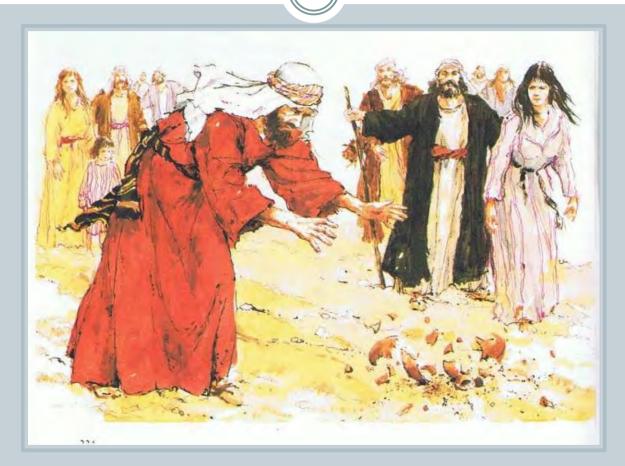
I am the Potter, you are the Clay



O house of Israel, can I not do with you as this potter does? (v. 6)

If that nation I warned repents of its evil, then I will relent and not inflict on it the disaster I had planned (v. 8)

Object lesson #? What the..??



You have forsaken me for other gods and shed innocent blood. I will smash you like the pot by your enemy.

False Prophets & Priests Oppose Jeremiah



Jeremiah is beaten and placed in stocks by Pashhur, chief officer of the temple.

Jer. 20:1-3

After release, Baruch, a young scribe, offers to help him.

Picture Source: The Picture Bible, Chariot Books, David C Cook, 1978

Seal of Immer

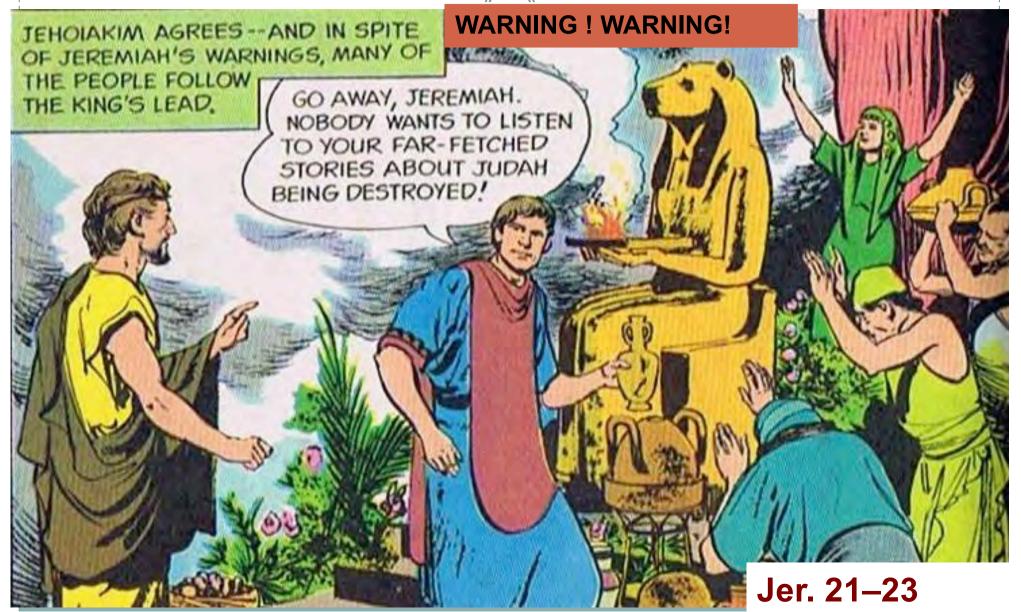


The clay sealing (Bulla) of Hişilyahu son of Immer, a member of the priestly Immer family, who served in the administration of the Temple treasury.

This seal was used by Immer, father of Pashur in Jeremiah 20:1 (ESV)— "When the priest Pashhur son of Immer, the official in charge of the temple of the Lord, heard Jeremiah prophesying these things, he had Jeremiah the prophet beaten and put in the stocks at the Upper Gate of Benjamin at the Lord's temple."

Z.R.

Jeremiah prophesies against Judah's leaders and false prophets, but they refuse to listen



Source: The Picture Bible, Chariot Books, David C Cook, 1978

No Repentance in Jerusalem after Nebuchadnezzar Depiction of People Through Figs at the Temple

Good figs

- Exiles in Babylon who had begun to repent
- God will take care of them and bring them back

Bad, rotten figs

- King Zedekiah and his court and all people in Jerusalem
- Still plotting and scheming against Babylon
- Not fit to keep

Jeremiah's Application: "Leave Jerusalem"



Jeremiah 24 portrayed all the Jews as two types of figs during Babylon's siege: 1.The "bad figs" who refused to submit to God's discipline by the **Babylonians would** disobey God by staying in the city and dying. 2.The "good figs" would spare their lives by leaving the city to surrender to the Babylonians outside!

Jeremiah 24 Figs

AD 70 was no different!

Nebuchadnezzar comes (597 BC)



Takes exiles and King Jehoiachin away. Places Zedekiah on throne, gives another chance for Judah to submit to Babylon.





 605
 586
 539 536
 516

Temple Exile

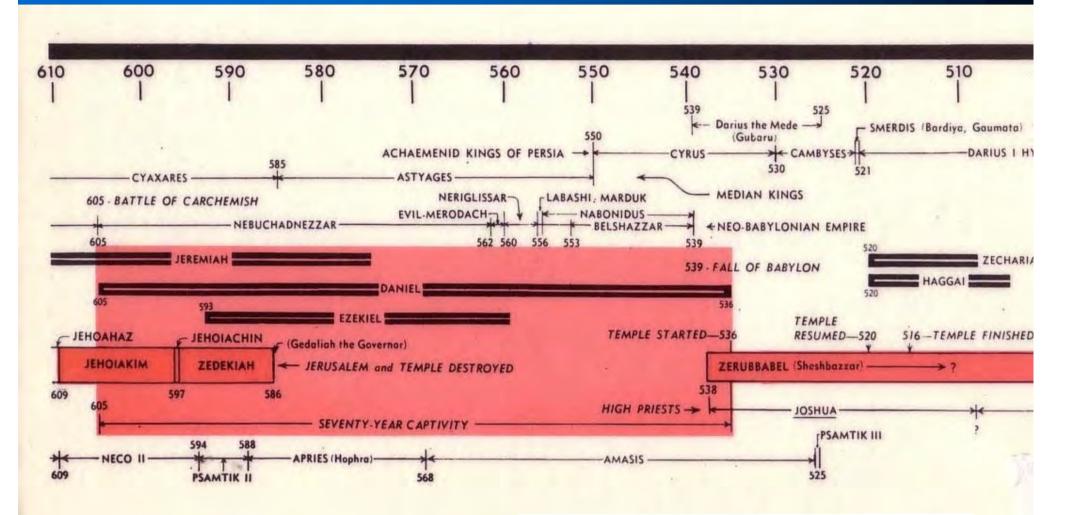
560

"This entire land will become a desolate wasteland. Israel and her neighboring lands will serve the king of Babylon for seventy years. ¹²Then, after the seventy years of captivity are over, I will punish the king of Babylon and his people for their sins," says the Lord. I will make the country of the Babylonians a wasteland forever"

(Jer. 25:11-12).

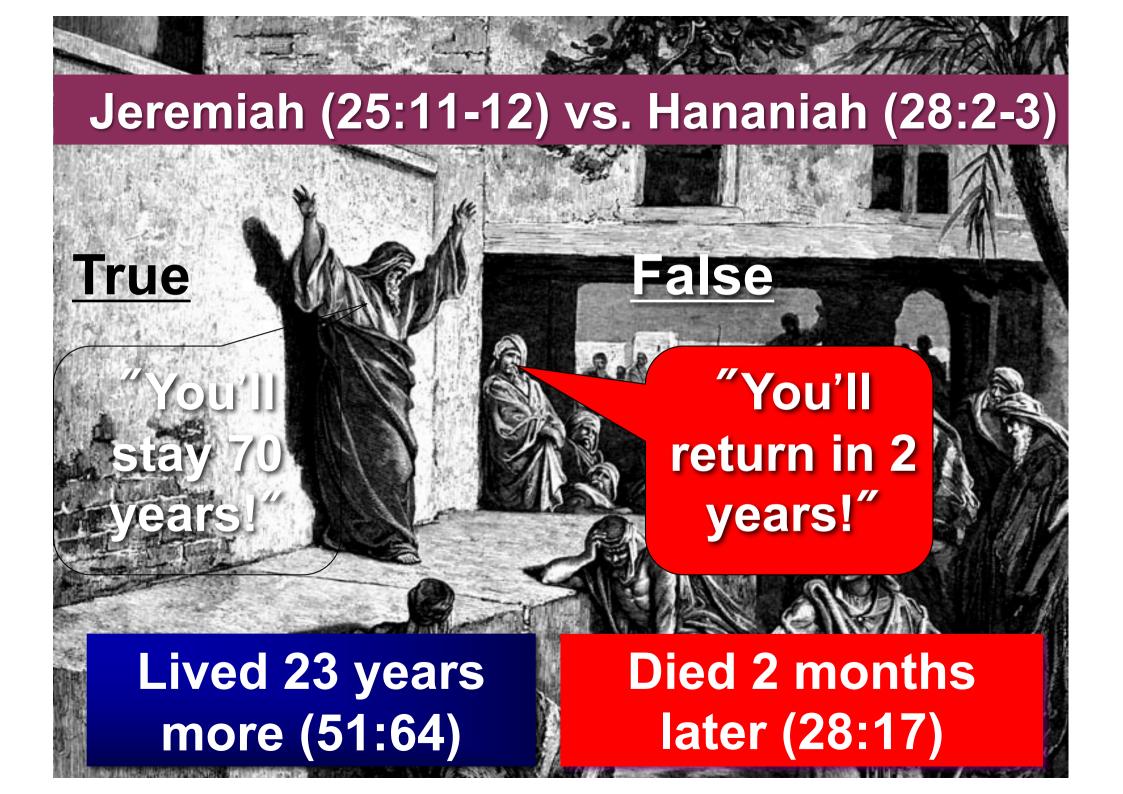
Nebuchadnezzar's Six Deportations to Babylon

Size	Date	King of Judah	Number taken	Key Captives	Results/ Comments
1 Minor	605 BC	Jehoiakim	Few (Dan 1:3)	Daniel, 3 friends & nobility & royalty	Tribute imposed. Egypt powerful.
2 Moderate	598 BC	Jehoiakim	3023 (Jer. 52:28)		Minor deportation
3 Major	597 BC	Jehoiachin	10,000 (2 Kings 24:14)	Jehoiachin, Ezekiel, Mordecai	Neb. deports many; installs Zedekiah
4 Minor	587 BC	Zedekiah	832 (Jer. 52:29)		Before destruction
5 Major	586 BC	Zedekiah	ca. 10,400 (2 Kings 25:11)	Zedekiah	Jerusalem & temple destroyed
6 Minor	582 BC		745 (Jer. 52:30)		4 years after Jerusalem's destruction



The Babylonian Exile

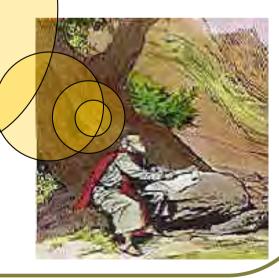
John C. Whitcomb, 4th rev. ed., Winona Lake, IN: BMH Books, 1962, 1968



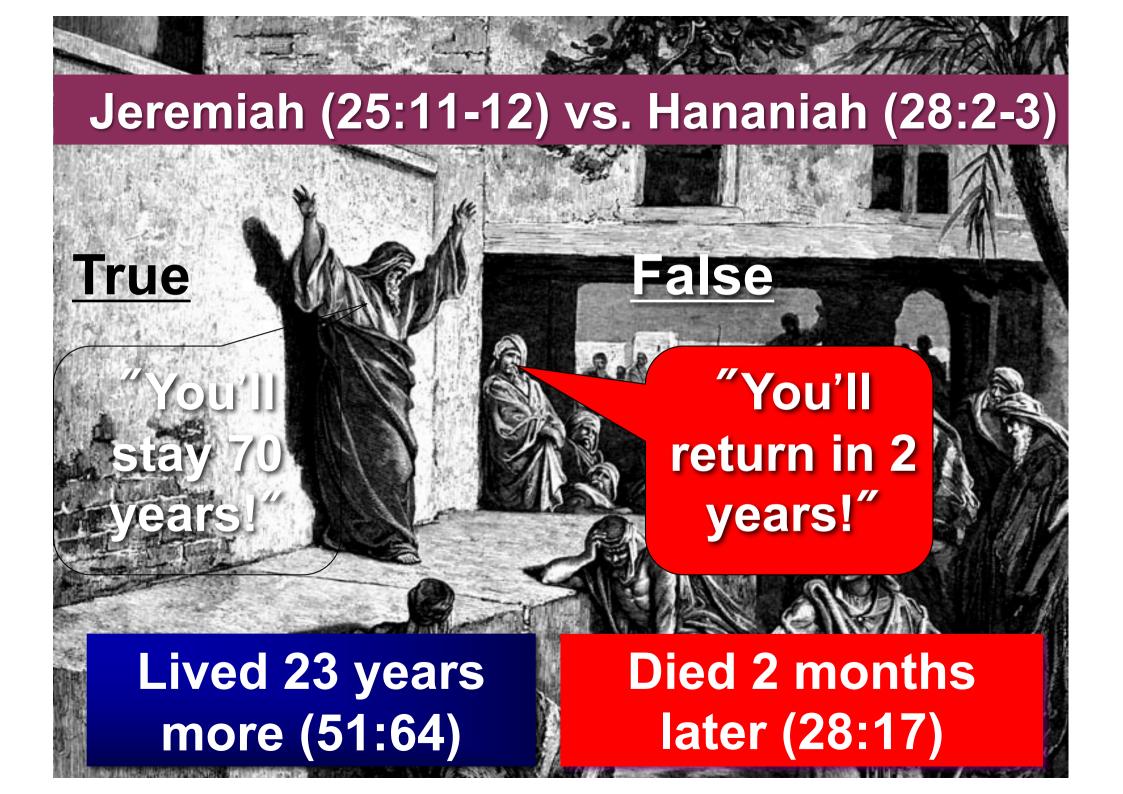
Jeremiah to King Zedekiah

Jeremiah 27:12, 13

"I gave the same message to Zedekiah king of Judah. I said, "Bow your neck under the yoke of the king of Babylon; serve him and his people, and you will live. Why will you and your people die by the sword, famine, and plague with which the Lord has threatened any nation that will not serve the King of Babylon?"





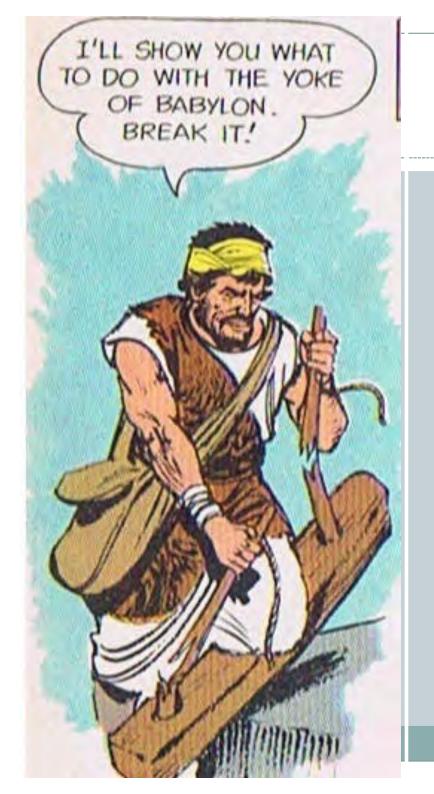






False prophecies change

03-29-2001



Opposition by False Prophets

 The false prophet Hananiah breaks Jeremiah's yoke to symbolize God breaking Babylon's power and claims that the captivity will be only two years. Two months later, he dies.

 The false prophet Shemaiah also preaches against Jeremiah.

Jer. 28-29

How are Prophets Different?

Pagan

<u>Biblical</u>

Godly character Immoral

Mostly men Mostly women

Inspired Own thoughts

Own style Demon possessed

How are Prophets Different?

Biblica **Godly Motive** Original messages 100% accurate ersecuted

Pagan

Financial Gain

Plagiarism

Errors of fulfillment

Exalted

Contrasts Between Biblical 437e & Pagan Prophecy Thought Questions: A. Which difference between these two types was most significant to you?

Book of Comfort & New Covenant

Jer. 30-33

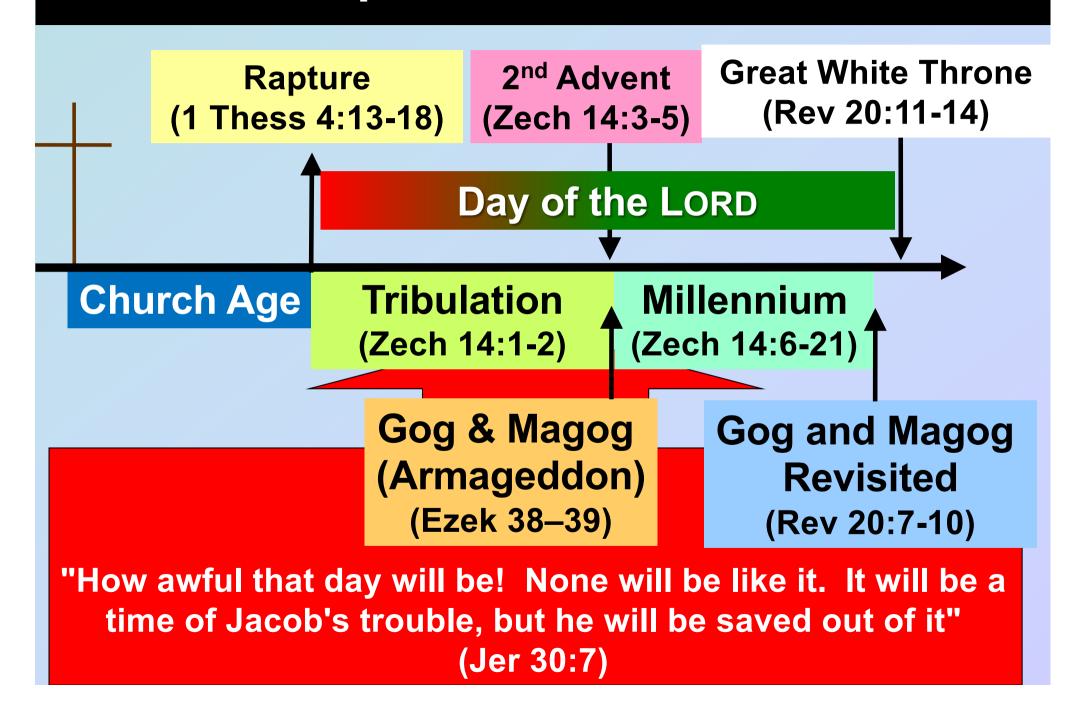


- Jeremiah
 redeems a field
 (Jer. 32) a
 sign of hope!
- God has not cast aside His people!
- A glorious future would follow their judgment.
- They will return to the land.

How could God get 15 million Jews back to the land?



A Dispensational Timeline



"For in that day," says the LORD of Heaven's Armies, "I will break the yoke from their necks and snap their chains. Foreigners will no longer be their masters.

⁹ For my people will serve the LORD their God and their king descended from David—the king I will raise up for them" (Jer 30:8-9 NLT)





"They will have their own ruler again, and he will come from their own people.

I will invite him to approach me," says the LORD,
"for who would dare to come unless invited?

22 You will be my people, and I will be your God."

(Jer 30:21-22 NLT)

This is what the LORD says, he who appoints the sun to shine by day, who decrees the moon and stars to shine by night, who stirs up the sea so that its waves roar—

"How to Get Rid of the Jews"

the LORD Almighty is his name:

36 "Only if these decrees vanish
from my sight," declares the LORD,
"will the descendants of Israel ever cease
to be a nation before me."

³⁷ This is what the LORD says:

"Only if the heavens above can be measured and the foundations of the earth below be searched out will I reject all the descendants of Israel because of all they have done," declares the LORD (Jer. 31:35-37 NIV).

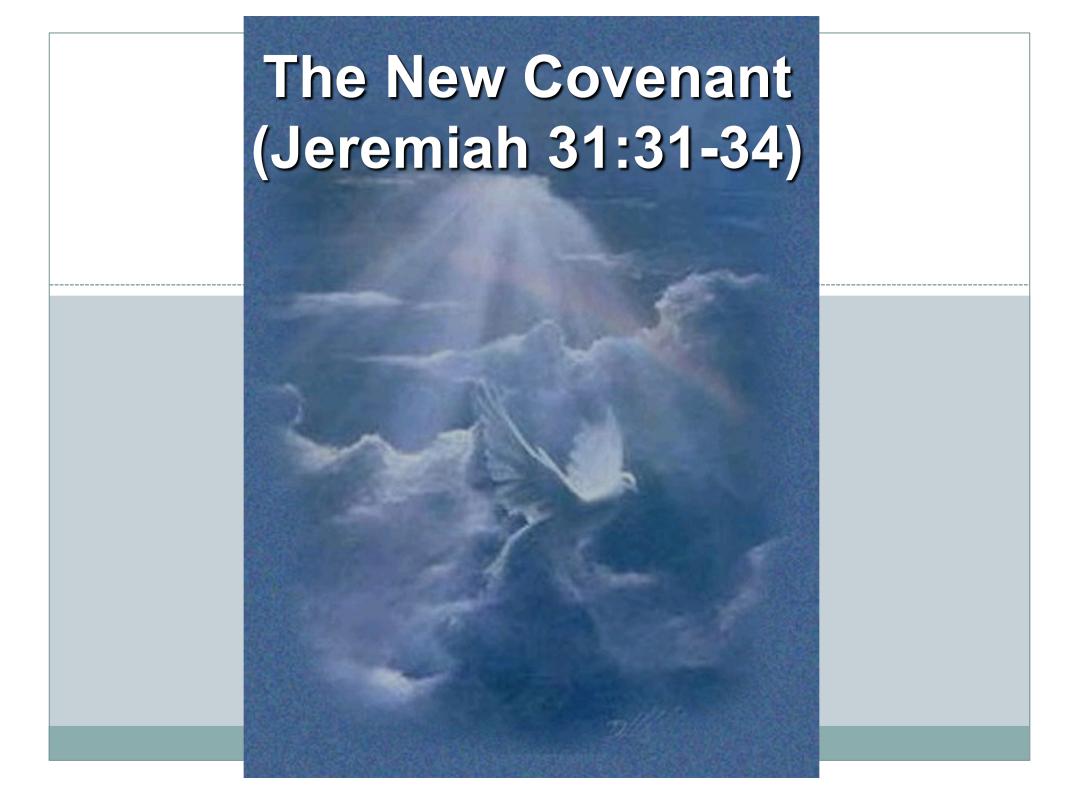
New Covenant & Branch of David



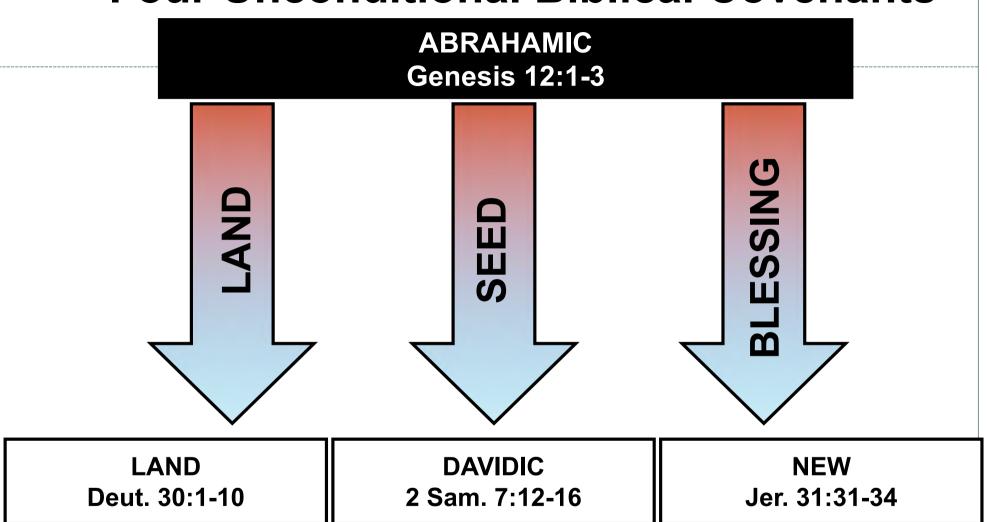




Branch of David – New King and Priest - Jer. 33



Four Unconditional Biblical Covenants



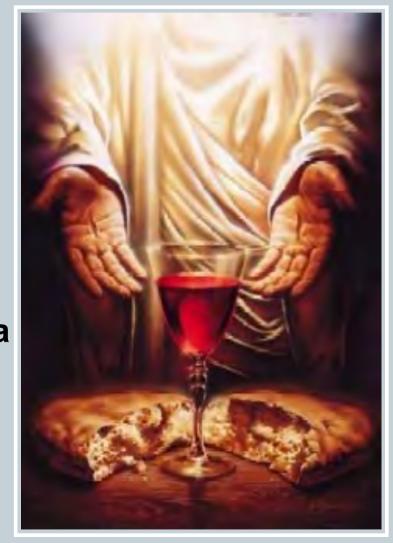
The new covenant is God's unconditional amplification of the blessing promise in the Abrahamic Covenant where Judah and Israel will experience national and spiritual redemption.

The New Covenant

Jeremiah 31:31-34

³¹"The time is coming," declares the LORD, "when I will make a new covenant with the house of Israel and with the house of Judah. ³²It will not be like the covenant I made with their forefathers when I took them by the hand to lead them out of Egypt, because they broke my covenant, though I was a husband to them," declares the LORD.

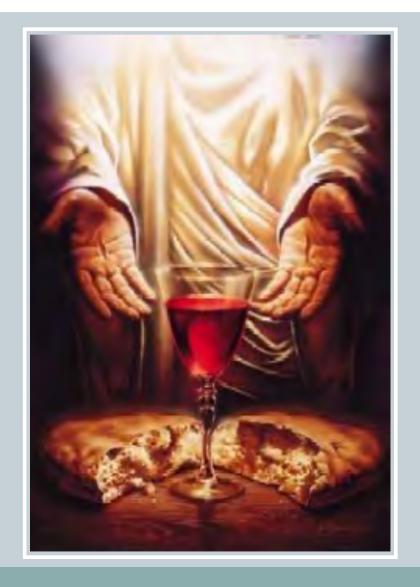
³³"This is the covenant I will make with the house of Israel after that time," declares the LORD.



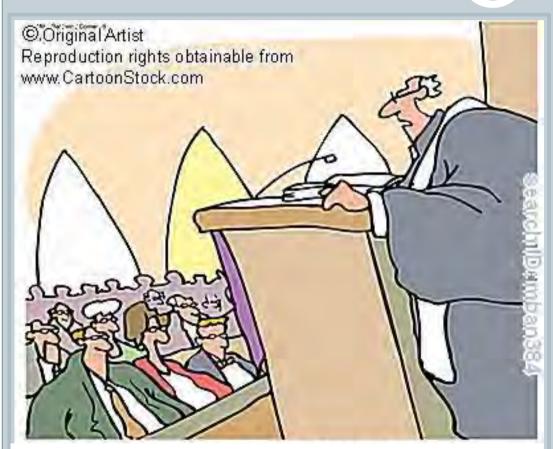
The New Covenant

Jeremiah 31:31-34

33b "I will put my law within them, and I will write it on their hearts. And I will be their God, and they shall be my people. 34 And no longer shall each one teach his neighbor and each his brother, saying, 'Know the LORD,' for they shall all know me, from the least of them to the greatest, declares the LORD. For I will forgive their iniquity, and I will remember their sin no more."

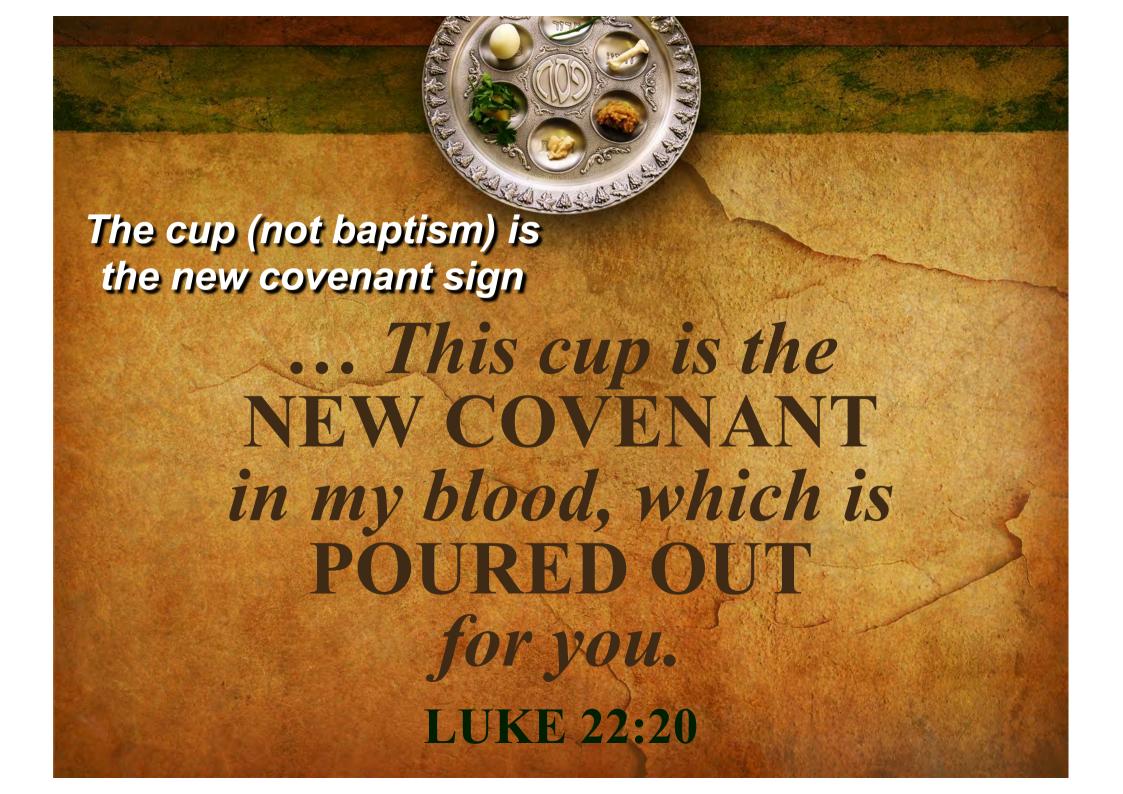


Unconditional Nature



"God's love is unconditional. But you must act now. Offer may be withdrawn at any time. Void where prohibited by law."

- A. Eternal (Jer. 31:36, 40; 32:40; 50:5; Isa 61:2. 8-9; 24:5; Ezek. 37:26)
- B. Amplification of the Abrahamic Covenant, which is unconditional
- C. Unqualified "I will" statements of God





How could Jesus apply the new covenant promises to his disciples when the other provisions were not fulfilled then?

(What about Israel and Judah reunified? What about all people knowing God?)

HOW TO RECONCILE?

Jeremiah 31:31-34 (for Israel)

'everlasting covenant'

'a new heart'

'a new spirit'

'a covenant' 'a covenant of peace'

Luke 22:20 (for church)

Provisions

FULFILLED

- Indwelling of the Holy Spirit (Jer. 31:33 with Ezek. 36:27)
- New nature, heart & mind (Jer. 31:33; Isa. 59:21)
- Forgiveness of sins (Jer. 31:34b)

NOT YET FULFILLED

- Everyone will know the Lord (Jer. 31:34a)
- Israel and Judah will be reunited (Jer. 31:31)



Views on the Time of Fulfillment 477

Amillennialists often say all of the provisions of the New Covenant are being realized now in the church which they consider the "new Israel." But are they?

- 1. Partial Fulfillment in the present church age
 - a. Only one New Covenant for Israel (Darby)
 - b. Two New Covenants: one for Israel and one for the church (Chafer)
 - c. One New Covenant with a two fold- application: primarily to Israel, secondarily to the Church
- 2. Complete fulfillment after the return of Christ



Views on the New Covenant

View	Explanation	Group	Problems
Restated Mosaic	There is no new Covenant	Critical	 OC/NC distinction in text ignored OC=conditional, NC= unconditional OC=temporal, NC=eternal OC=external, NC=internal OC=no enablement, NC=enablement NC=peace, prosperity, sanctuary and Spirit
Church Alone	No Israel Participation	Amil / Postmil	 Ignores OT data - Israel = Church NC introduced not equal to fulfilled to Israel Present need to know YHWH AD 70 Jerusalem vs. Jer. 31:40

Views on the New Covenant (2)

View	Explanation	Group	Problems
Israel Alone	No Church Participation	Misc/ Classical Dispensa- tional	 Ignores NT Data Christ's Last Supper words Paul's statements in Romans Hebrews application to Church Ignores present work of Spirit
Two New Covenants	NC for Israel NC for Church	Early 1900s Dispensa- tional	 Same terminology for OT & NT NCs Israel/Church distinction too sharp Basis of forgiveness is the same If 2NCs then there's no OC for Church Church doesn't possess Israel's promises

Views on the New Covenant (2)

View	Explanation	Group	Problems
Church Participation	Primarily for Israel Secondarily for the Church	Misc / Present Dispen- sational	Support Primary fulfillment future – Rom 11 Deals with both OT and NT data Forgiveness/ Spirit =Blessings now NC has new law Rebuttals to above views

"This cup is the new covenant in my blood" (لوقا 22:20)

- Refers back to Jeremiah 31:31-34
- The new covenant replaces the old
- The church participates in the covenant promised to Israel
- Never does Scripture say that the church replaces Israel since God has not rejected the nation (Rom. 11:1; cf. Jer. 31:35-37)

-4)	Old Covenant	New Covenant 166c		
3	initiated by Moses (3:8)	initiated by Christ (3:4)		
or.	of the letter (3:6a)	of the Spirit (3:6a, 18b)		
Cor.	kills (3:6b, 7a)	gives life (3:6b)		
(2	engraved on stone (3:3b, 7a)	engraved on hearts (3:3b; Jer. 31:33)		
ting the Covenants	glorious (3:7a)	more glorious (3:8, 10)		
	glory faded (3:7b, 11a, 13b)	glory ever-increases (3:11b, 18)		
	condemns men (3:9a)	brings righteousness (3:9b)		
	deception (3:13)	boldness (3:12)		
	veiled face of Moses (3:13b)	unveiled faces (3:13a, 18a)		
	veiled minds (3:14a)	unveiled minds (3:14b; 4:3-6)		
	veiled hearts (3:15)	unveiled hearts (3:16)		
	dullness (3:14a)	freedom (3:17)		
	Moses reflected God's glory	all believers reflect Son's glory (3:17)		
tra	non-transforming (3:7)	transforming (3:18)		
Contras	lack of zeal (3:13)	confidence, steadfastness (3:4-5; 4:1)		
Ö	deception (3:13)	sincerity (4:2)		

Signs of the Covenants

Covenant	Definition	Promise	Fulfillment	Sign
Noahic	Unconditional promise not to flood earth again	Gen. 9:12-17	No more sea (Rev. 21:1)	Rainbow (Gen. 9:12-17)
Abrahamic	Promise to provide Israel a land, rule, and spiritual blessing	Gen. 12:1-3; 15:13-18	Continues at present (Gal. 3:17) but Israel still has a future (Rom. 11:25-27)	Circumcision (Gen. 17:11)
Mosaic	Conditional stipulations for blessing on Israel	Exod. 19-31; Deut. 28	Death of Christ (Rom. 7:4-6)	Sabbath (Exod. 31:13)
Land	Promise of <u>physical</u> land from the Wadi of Egypt to the River Euphrates	Deut. 30:1-10	Land blessed (Amos 9:13-15)	No sign (that I know of)
Davidic	Promise of eternal, political rule of a descendant of David	2 Sam. 7:12-17	Rule renewed (Amos 9:11-12)	Christ seated at the Father's right hand (Acts 2:34-36)
New	Promise of <u>spiritual</u> indwelling of the Spirit ("law written on hearts"), forgiveness, and total evangelization of Israel	Jer. 31:31-34	Paul & the Apostles (2 Cor. 3–4) All Israel saved (Rom. 11:26-27)	Cup of the Lord's Supper (Luke 22:20; 1 Cor. 11:25)

NTS 266hh

"Old" Replaced by "New"

Wayne Grudem, Systematic Theology, 521

"What then is the 'old covenant' in contrast with the 'new covenant' in Christ? It is not the whole of the Old Testament, because the covenants with Abraham and David are never called 'old' in the New Testament. Rather, only the covenant under Moses, the covenant made at Mount Sinai (Ex. 19-24) is called the 'old covenant' (2 Cor. 3:14; cf. Heb. 8:6, 13), to be replaced by the "new covenant" in Christ (Luke 22:20; 1 Cor. 11:25; 2 Cor. 3:6; Heb. 8:8, 13; 9:15; 12:24).

Kingdom & Covenants Timeline

Dr. Rick Griffith • BibleStudyDownloads.org



Kingdom Teaching...

2 Cor. 4:4)

Satan begins God covenants with Abraham to rule as god of reestablish man's rule via Israel this world as a "kingdom of priests" (Gen. (Gen. 3:15; 12:1-3; Exod. 19:6)

Israel's failure to witness to nations as a kingdom of priests is iudged via exile under foreign rule

Israel rejects Messiah's offer of kingdom (Matt. 12:41-42: 23:37-39)

(National Focus)

Jesus extends His kingdom in mystery form to the Church (Matt. 13)

Christ subdues Israel's enemies and nation believes (Rom. 11:26-27)

Christ rules over everything with saints (Eph. 1:9-10; Rev. 20:1-6; 22:5b)

Fall of Man (Gen. 3)

Adam rules

with God

(Gen. 1:26.

28: 2:19)

Noahic Covenant

Genesis 6:18; 9:8-17

Abrahamic Covenant land

Genesis 12:1-3

Land Covenant

Genesis 15:18 (cf. Deut. 30:1-10) promises:

- ·Land from Wadi of Egypt to Euphrates River (Isa. 27:12)
- •Eternal possession of land (Gen. 17:8) after exile/restoration
- •Whole world blessed via the land (Isa. 14:1-2)

ISRAEL CHURCH

The "New Man" (Eph. 2:15)

Israel judged for rejecting Messiah by dispersion away from land for 19 centuries (AD 70-AD 1948) but now partially restored (Ezek. 37:1-7)

MESSIANIC Millennial

KINGDOM Eternal

Full New Jerusalem restoration (Ezek. 37:8-28) (Rev. 21-Jerusalem 22) world capital (Isa. 2:1-5)

seed

Davidic Covenant

- 2 Samuel 7:12-16 promises:
- •Sons ("house" never wiped out)
- Kingdom (political dynasty)
- •Throne (right to rule by descendants)
- Temple (son to build it)

Christ is Head over his Church, which is a spiritual temple (Eph. 2:19-22; 2 Cor. 6:16)

reigns over the world (Isa. 11) with saints (Rev. 5:10; 20:4-6)

Christ

Christ hands kingdom over to Father (1 Cor. 15:24)

blessing

New Covenant

- Jeremiah 31:31-34 promises:
- Forgiveness
- Indwelling Spirit
- New heart, nature, mind
- ·Reunification of Israel and Judah
- •No need for evangelism

Mosaic Law is replaced with first three elements of the New Covenant (Luke 22:20: 2 Cor. 3:6)

All 5 elements fulfilled in national restoration (Zech. 8)

ΑII things made new! (Rev. 21:5)

Mosaic Covenant

Temporary (Gal. 3:19) and conditional (Deut. 28) to reveal sin (Rom. 7:7) and regulate Israel (Gal. 3:23-25)

Law abolished, fulfilled, and replaced at the cross (Rom. 7:1-6: 1 Cor. 9:19-21; Heb. 8:13)

12th Edition 5 March 2023

Scripture has a dual kingdom-covenant theme. Israel's role from Abraham to Christ expands to include the Church (continuity) yet the Church never replaces the nation as the "new Israel" (discontinuity). Israel will enjoy world prominence after trusting Christ at His second coming.



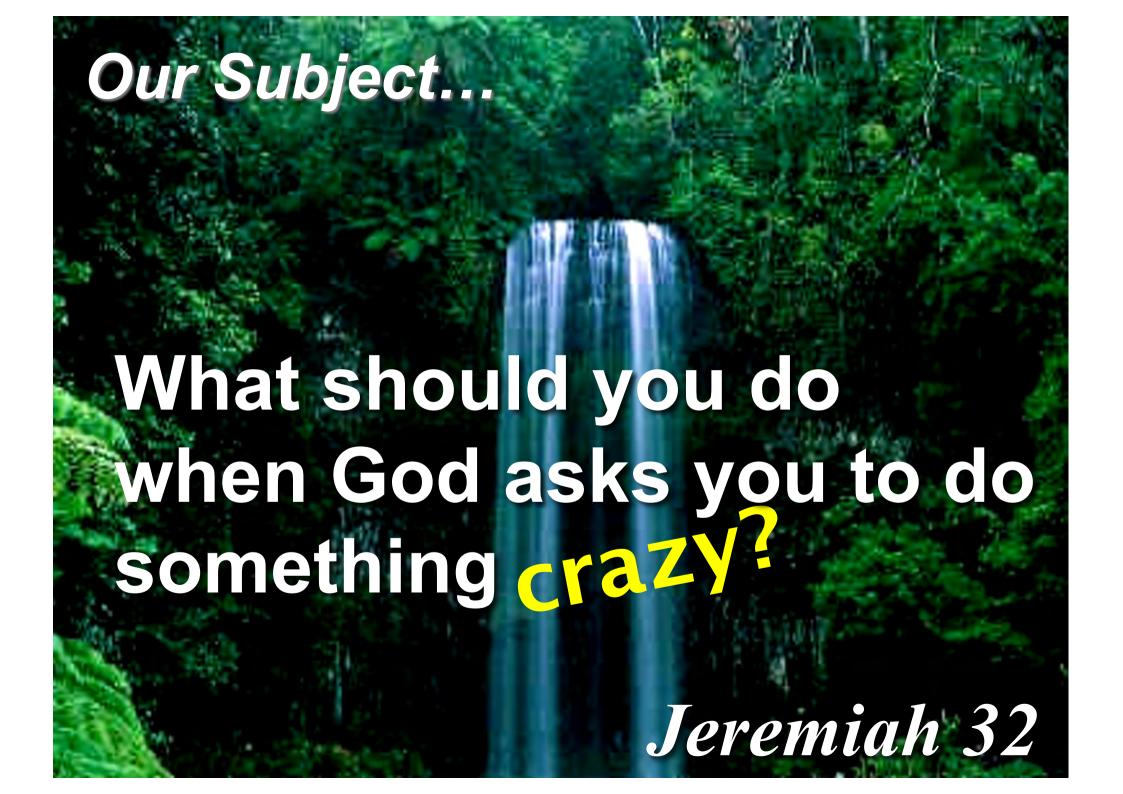
Jeremiah 32

Why You Should Do Crazy Things Jer. 32

Authorities







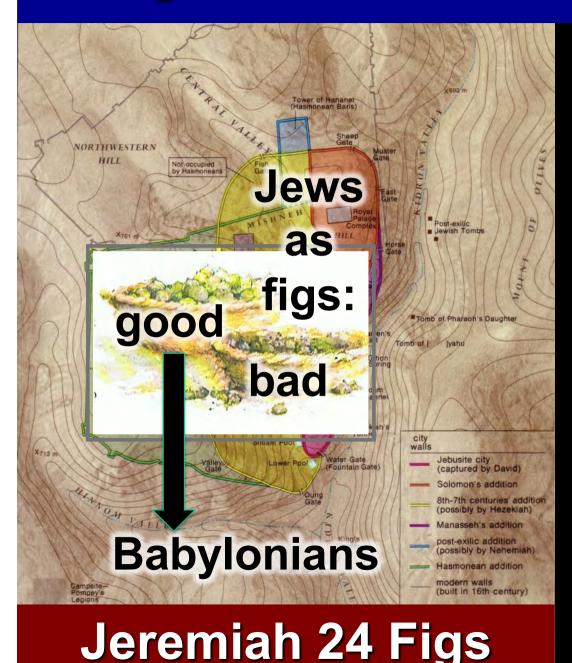
The Babylonian Threat



Egypt

Persian Gulf

King Zedekiah's Accusations (32:3-5)



Verse 3:
"Jerusalem Fall?
That's negative!"

Verses 4-5a:
"Me captured?
That's treason!"

Verse 5b:
"Stop fighting?
That's cowardice"!

"If one of your countrymen becomes poor and sells some of his property, his nearest relative is to come and redeem what his countryman has sold"

Leviticus 25:25

Aram New Testament Israel Anathoth Jerusalem Judah

Singapore, January 1942



I. Jeremiah bought a seemingly useless field when God told him to (1-12)

II. When God asks you to do something "crazy..."

do it!

Singapore Bible College Academic Block



Learn Spanish for Chinese?

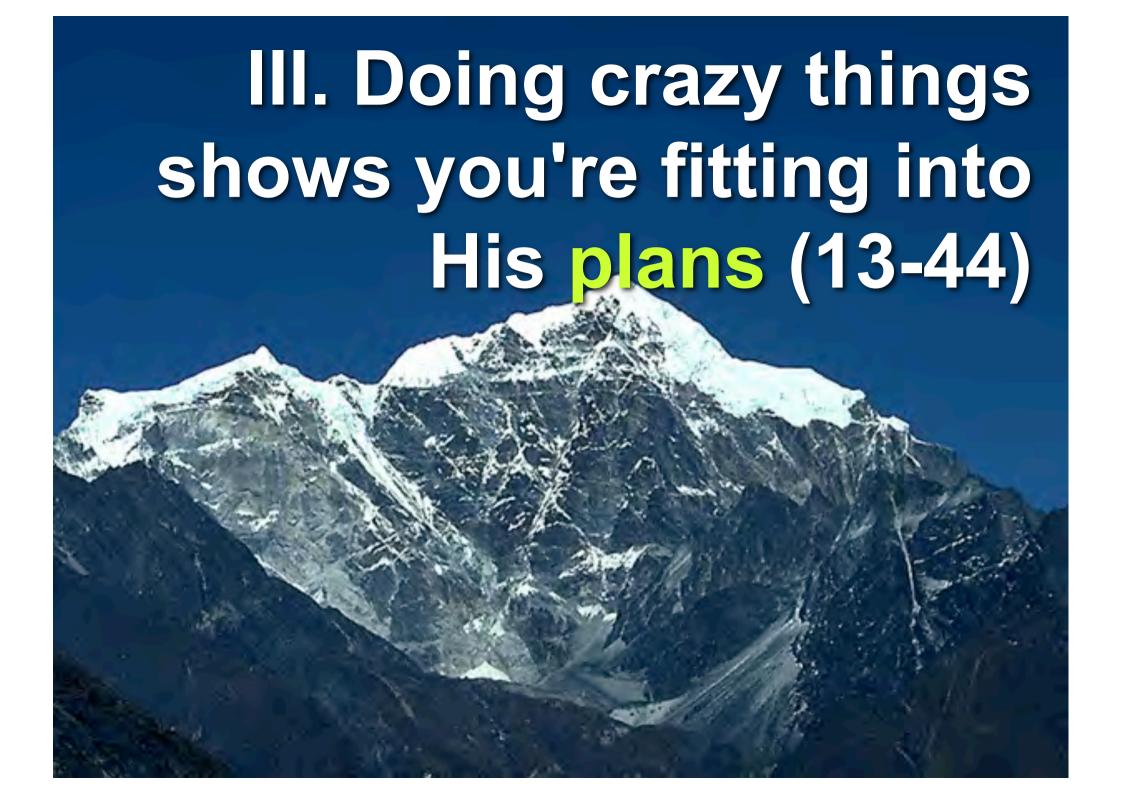


James Kanaganayagam

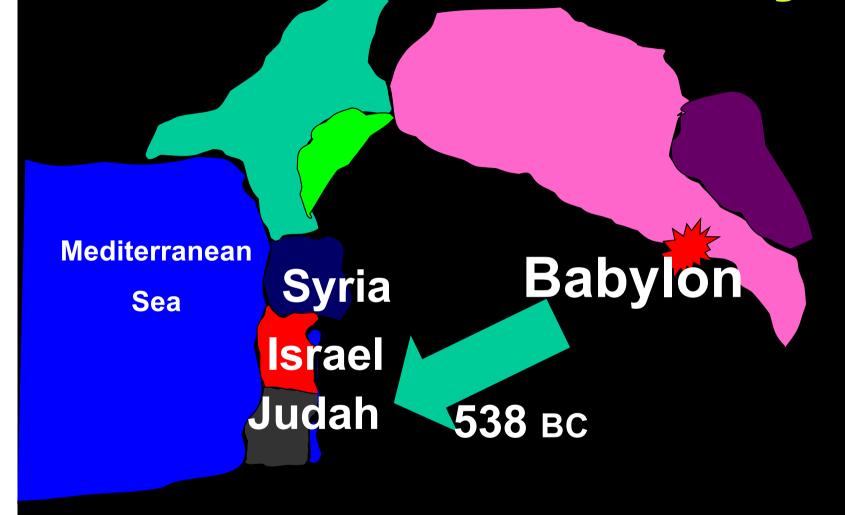




- Christian school began in 1993
- 13 students
- S\$23,000/mo. lease signed with S\$1000



Return from Babylon



Egypt

Persian Gulf





Estimated S\$8.5 million

Actual S\$5.8 million

Spanish was Very Useful



BACK TO THE BIBLE



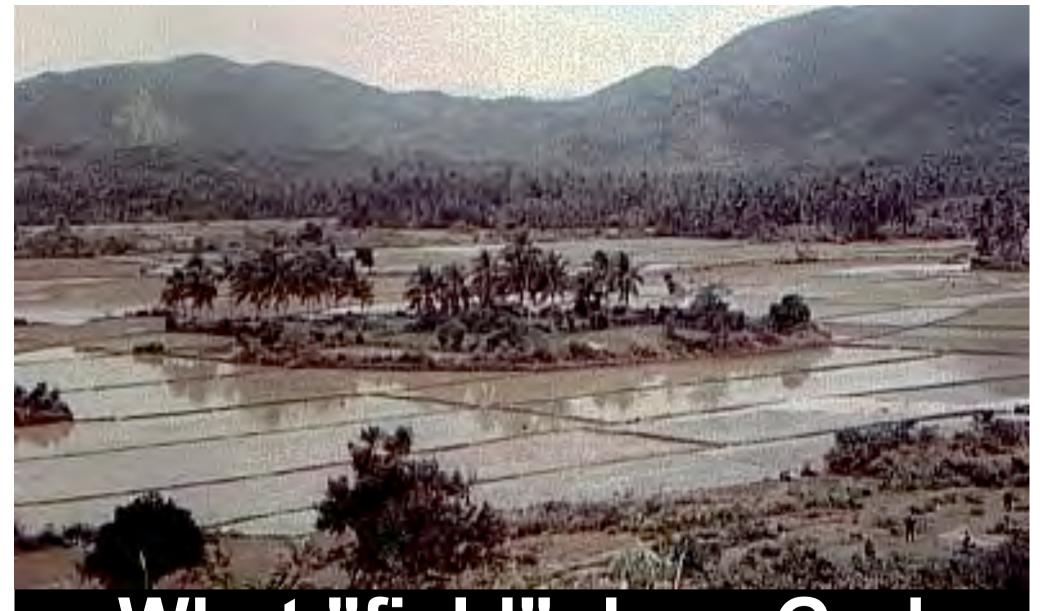


Susan at ICS

- Librarian
- Music teacher
- Art teacher







What "field" does God want you to buy?

"I will certainly bring my people back again from all the countries where I will scatter them in my fury. I will bring them back to this very city and let them live in peace and safety. ³⁸ They will be my people, and I will be their God. ³⁹ And I will give them one heart and one purpose: to worship me forever, for their own good and for the good of all their descendants. 40 And I will make an everlasting covenant with them: I will never stop doing good for them. I will put a desire in their hearts to worship me, and they will never leave me. 41 will find joy doing good for them and will faithfully and wholeheartedly replant them in this land."

—Jeremiah 32:37-41 NLT—

Jeremiah 33

"Then this message came to Jeremiah from the LORD: 20 'This is what the LORD says: If you can break my covenant with the day and the night so that one does not follow the other, ²¹ only then will my covenant with my servant David be broken. Only then will he no longer have a descendant to reign on his throne. The same is true for my covenant with the Levitical priests who minister before me. ²² And as the stars of the sky cannot be counted and the sand on the seashore cannot be measured, so I will multiply the descendants of my servant David and the Levites who minister before me."

—Jeremiah 33:19-22 NLT—

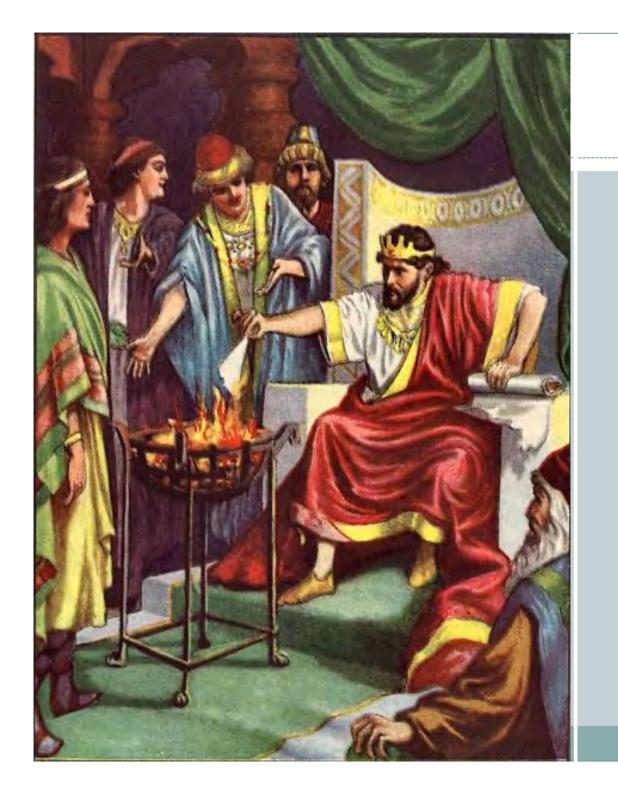
"The LORD gave another message to Jeremiah. He said, ²⁴ 'Have you noticed what people are saying?—"The LORD chose Judah and Israel and then abandoned them!" They are sneering and saying that Israel is not worthy to be counted as a nation. ²⁵ But this is what the LORD says: I would no more reject my people than I would change my laws that govern night and day, earth and sky. ²⁶ I will never abandon the descendants of Jacob or David, my servant, or change the plan that David's descendants will rule the descendants of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. Instead, I will restore them to their land and have mercy on them."

—Jeremiah 33:23-26 NLT—

Jeremiah's Messages Recorded

Jeremiah dictates
his prophetic words
to his scribe
Baruch for him to
read to Judah's
officials.

Jer. 36:2



The King's Response

King Jehoiakim cut and burned Jeremiah's original manuscript...

So Jeremiah and Baruch wrote another one!

Jer. 36:21-23



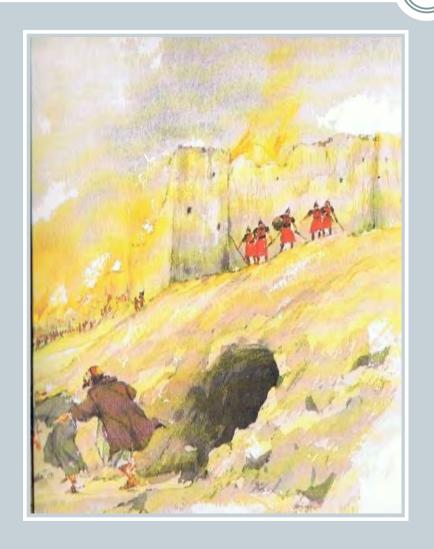
Enemies accuse Jeremiah of defecting to the Babylonians so he is put into a dungeon.

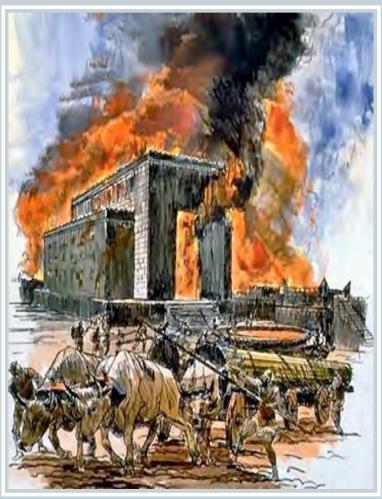
Zedekiah calls for him, but refuses to listen to his message, "Babylonians will return! Surrender!"

He is later thrown into a cistern. Ebed-melech rescues him by pleading before the king.

Jer. 37-38

Jerusalem's Fall ... inevitable!!



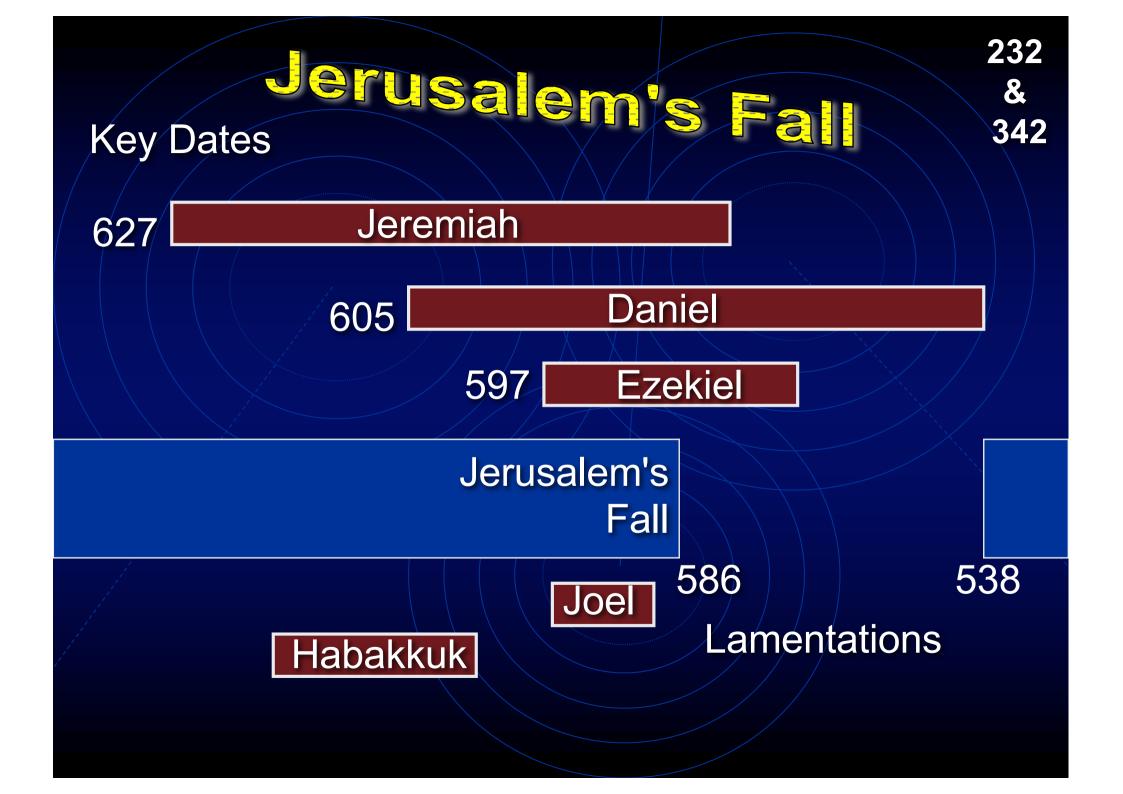


Jeremiah Book Chart

Deserved Captivity & Undeserved Restoration

Prophetic Call	Judah's Judgment Deserved				Nations' Judgment Deserved				Jerusalem's Fall	
Chapter 1	Chapters 2–45				Chapters 46–51				Chapter 52	
Commission	Condemnation & Comfort				Condemnation				Captivity	
Judgment but God's presence	Pre-Fak 2–38	Fall 39	Post- Fall 40–44	Baruch 45	South west 46–47	East 48:1– 49:22	North 49:23 -33	Northeast 49:34– 51:64	Fall 52:1-30	Rise 52:31-34
Prologue	Ministry							Epilogue		
Judah					Nations				Babylon	

c. 627-580 BC



After Jerusalem's Fall



Jeremiah ministers to remnant in Judah and Egypt:

- Gedaliah (governor) murdered (40–41)
- Exhorts Judah to remain under Babylon and not go to Egypt (42)
- Ignored and forced to go to Egypt (43–44)
- Rebukes and warns in Egypt
- Baruch comforted (45)

Jer. 40-45



How does God comfort even those he disciplines?

I. God calls messengers who are honest with us (Jer 1).



II. God has limited discipline but unlimited blessing (Jer 2–45).







Assyria **Phoenicia** Syria Israel Judah **Philistia** Moab Edom **Egypt** Arabia

Babylon

Babylon by the Sea

Ethiopia

Nations to Be Judged (Ezekiel 25–32)

Sidon (28:20-26)

Tyre (26:1–28:19)

Philistia (25:15-17) Ammon (25:1-7)

Moab (25:8-11)

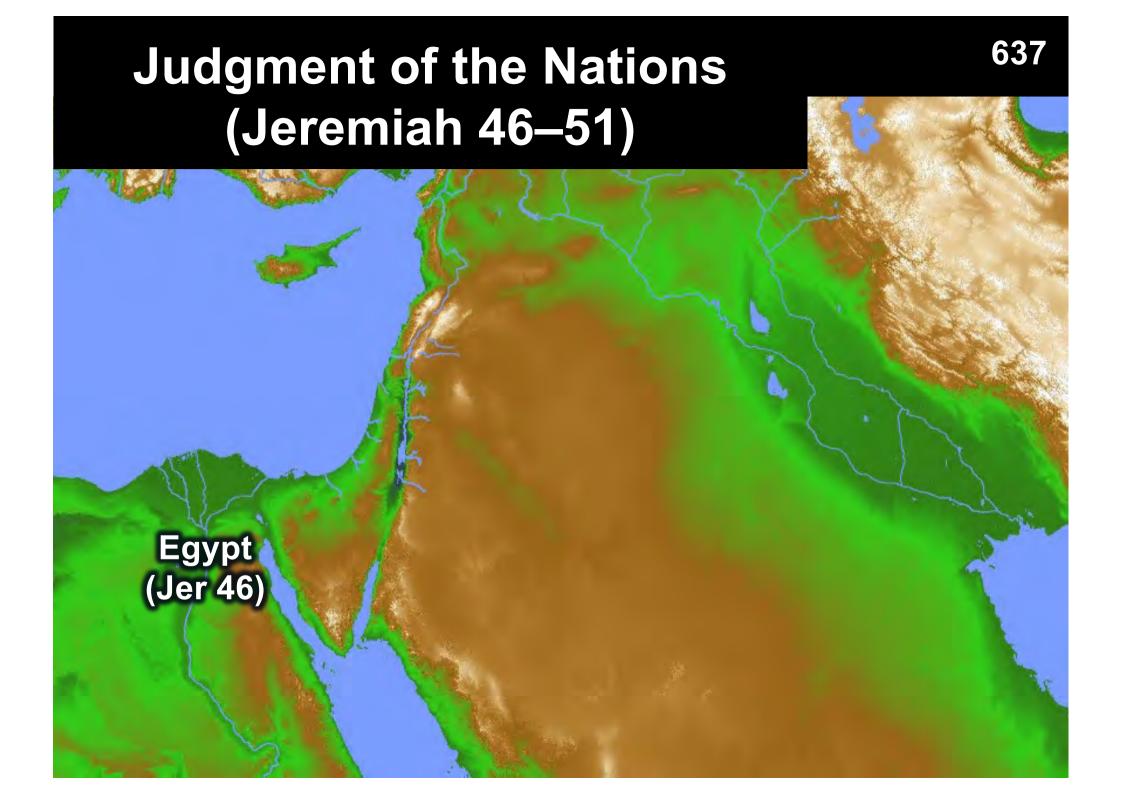
Edom 25:12-14)

Egypt (29–32)

Nations Prophesied Against (Jeremiah 46–51)

- 1. EGYPT (46:1-27) To be defeated by Babylonians
- 2. PHILISTIA (47:1-7) To be overrun by Egyptians
- 3. MOAB (48:1-47) To be conquered by Babylon
- 4. AMMON (49:1-6) To be destroyed and re-established in the millennium.
- 5. EDOM (49:7-22) To become as Sodom and Gomorrah
- 6. DAMASCUS (49:23-27) To be destroyed in a single day
- 7. KEDAR & HAZOR (49:28-35) To be destroyed by Nebuchadnezzar
- 8. ELAM (49:34-39) To be overrun by Nebuchadnezzar and re-established during the millennium
- 9. BABYLON (50:1–51:64) Final destruction of the empire





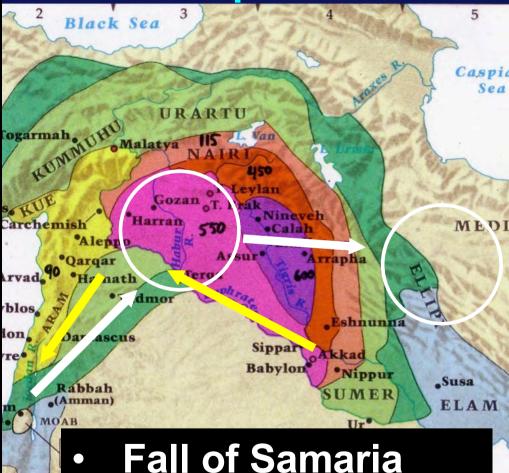
Do you recognize that God has been fair with you?



And the king of Assyria transported groups of people from Babylon, Cuthah, Avva, Hamath, and Sepharvaim and resettled them in the towns of Samaria, replacing the people of Israel. So the Assyrians took over Samaria and the other towns of Israel

Assyrian

Developments

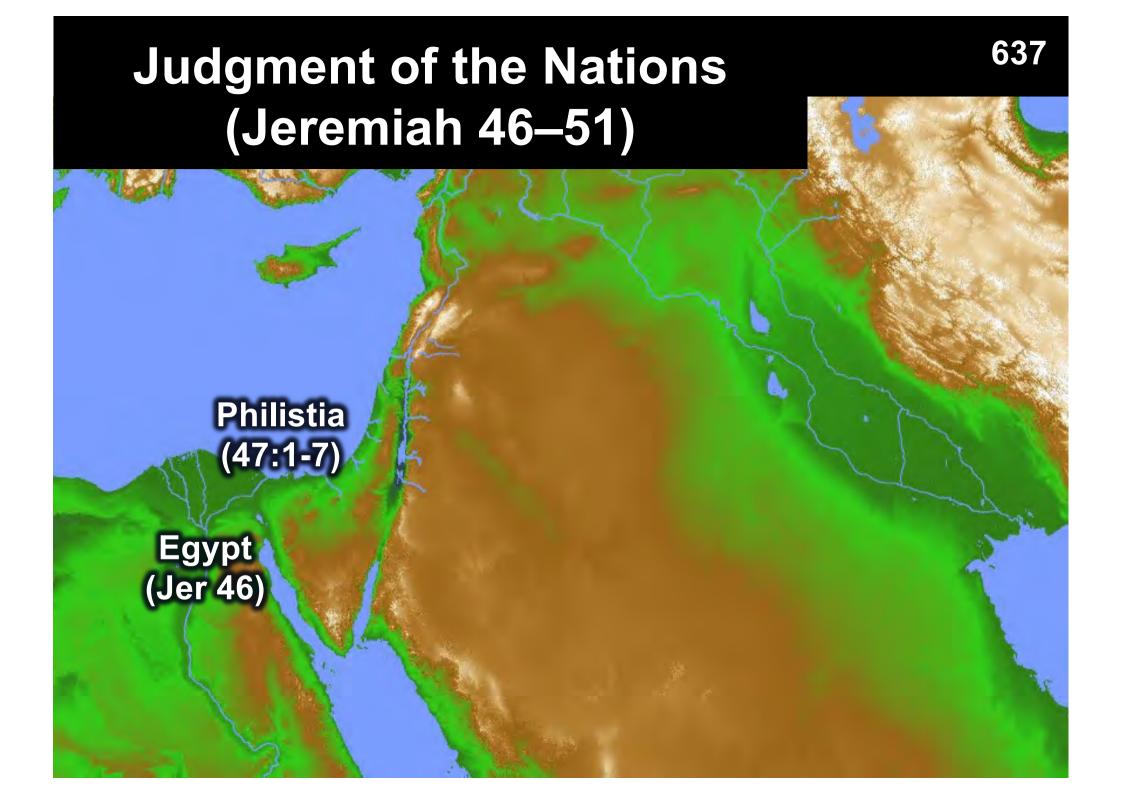


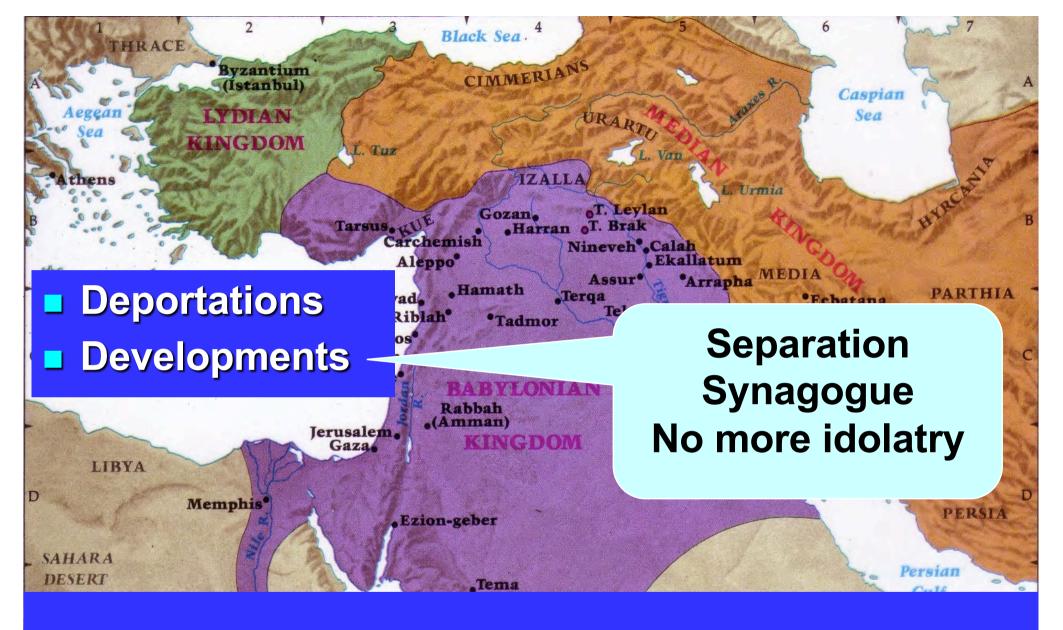
Finally, in the ninth year of King Hoshea's reign, Samaria fell, and the people of Israel were exiled to Assyria. They were settled in colonies in Halah, along the banks of the Habor River in Gozan, and among the cities of the Medes (2 Kings 17:6).

(2 Kings 17:24)

Ezior

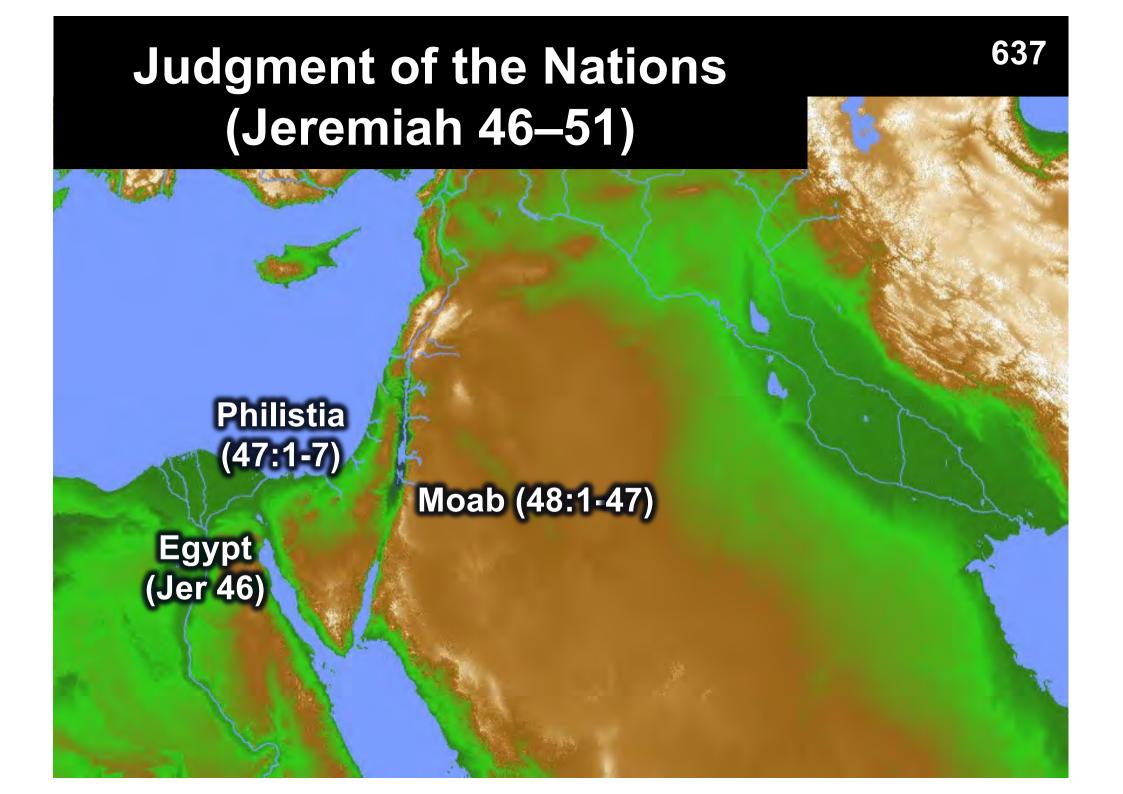
Rise of Samaritans

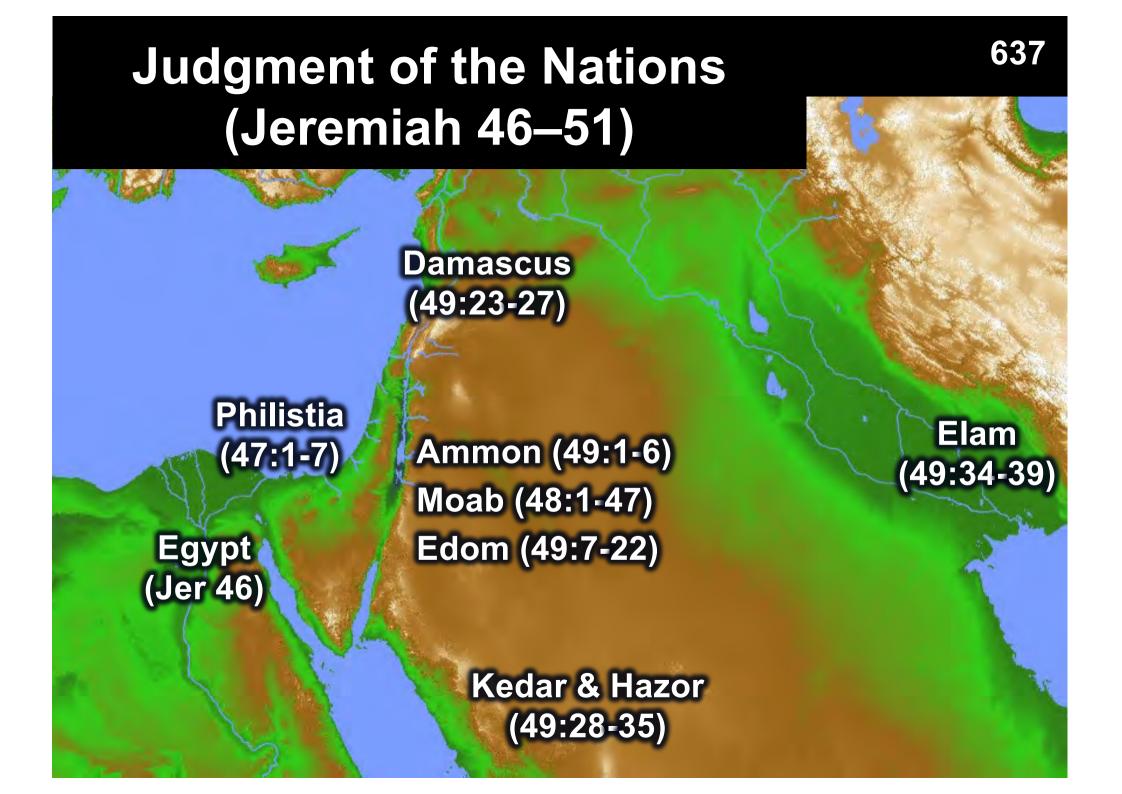




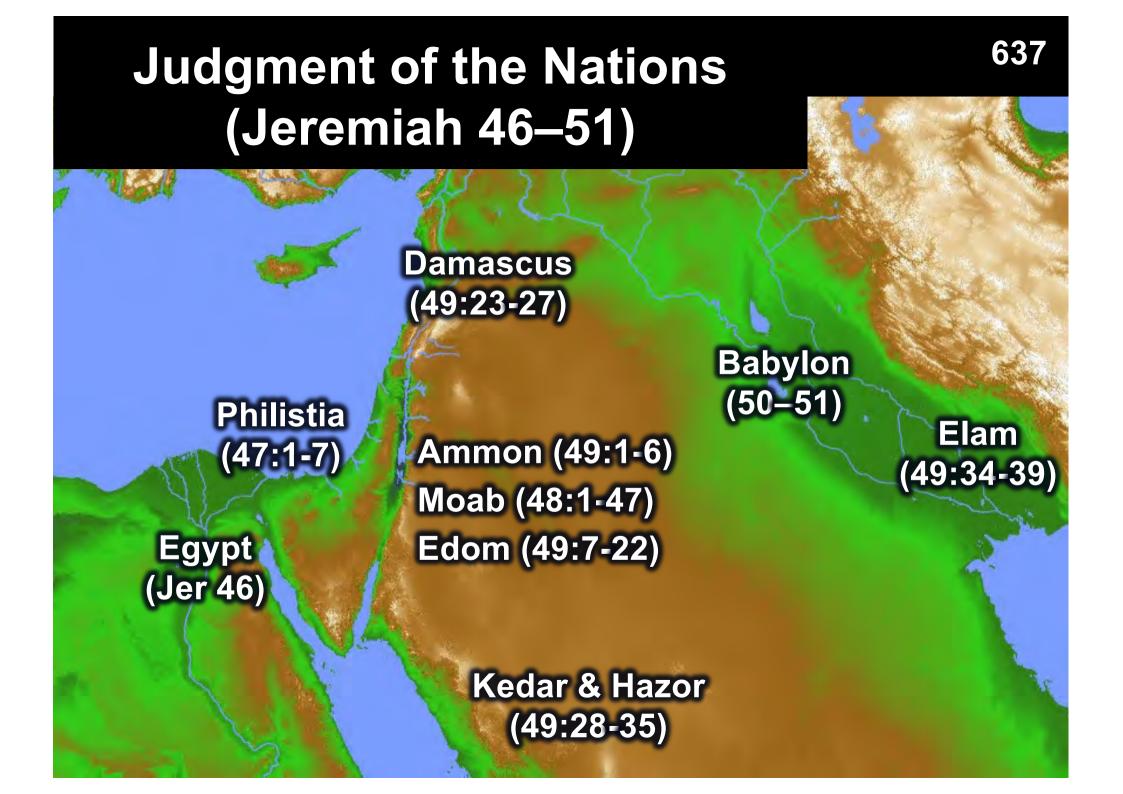
Babylonian Rule over Palestine

Beitzel, Moody Atlas of Bible Lands, 1st ed., 145





Jeremiah 50



Jeremiah 51

Jeremiah 52

IV. God balances justice with mercy (Jer 52).



Deut. 28: Blessings & Curses

Your towns and your fields will be blessed (3)

Your children and your crops will be blessed (4)

Your fruit baskets and breadboards will be blessed (5)

Wherever you go and whatever you do, you will be blessed (6)

Your enemies will attack you from one direction, but they will scatter from you in seven! (7)

You will lend to many nations, but you will never need to borrow from them (12)

Your towns and your fields will be cursed (16)

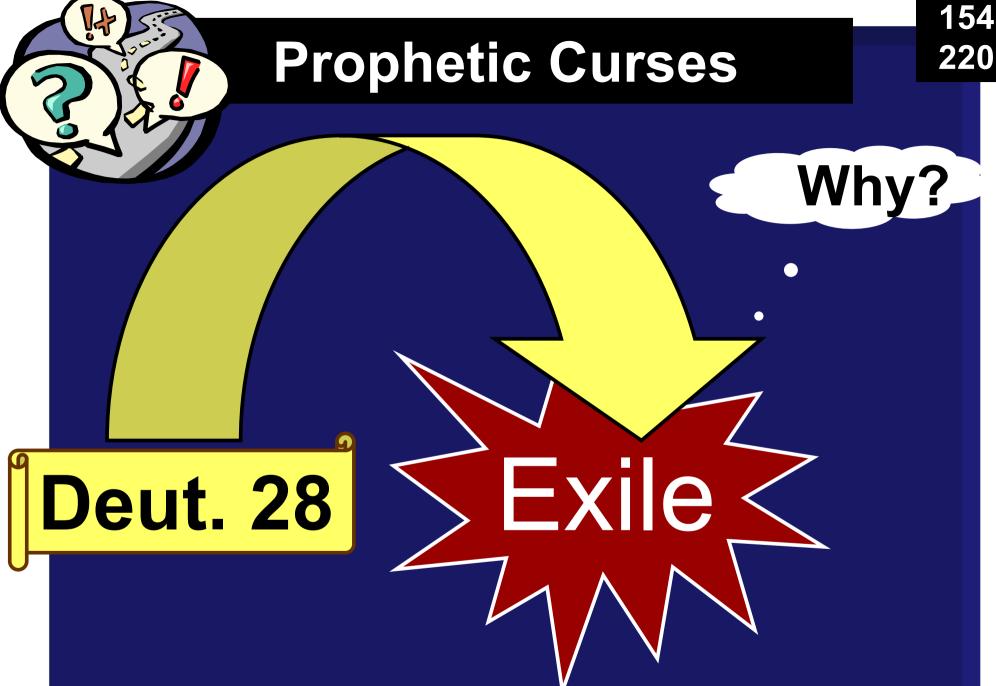
Your children and your crops will be cursed (18)

Your fruit baskets and breadboards will be cursed (17)

Wherever you go and whatever you do, you will be cursed (19)

You will attack your enemies from one direction, but you will scatter from them in seven! (25)

They will lend to money to you, but you will not lend to them (44)



An Evil End to Judah



Good king in white **Evil kings in yellow**

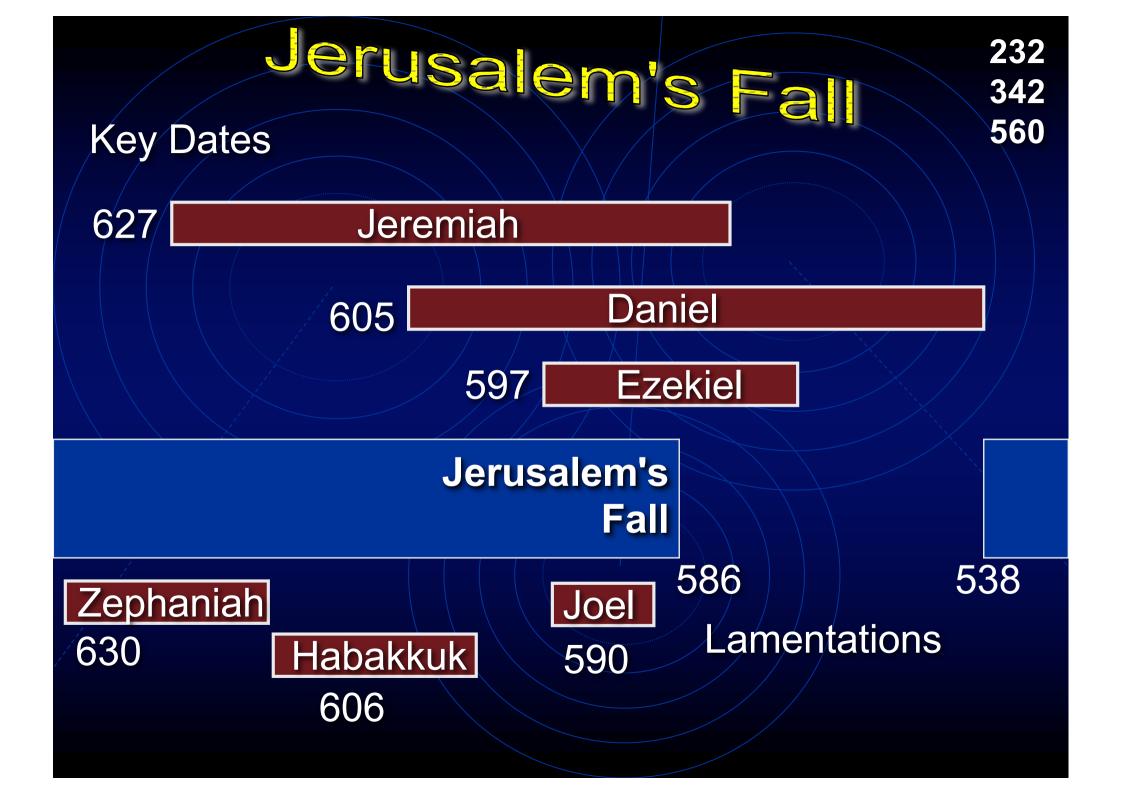
Jehoiakim Jehoahaz Zedekiah Johanan (Shallum) (nd rule) (Eliakim) (Mattaniah) 597-586 609-597 609 (11 yrs.) (11 yrs.) (3 mos.) **Jehoiachin** (Jeconiah/Coniah) **Babylon 597 Exiled** (3 mos.)

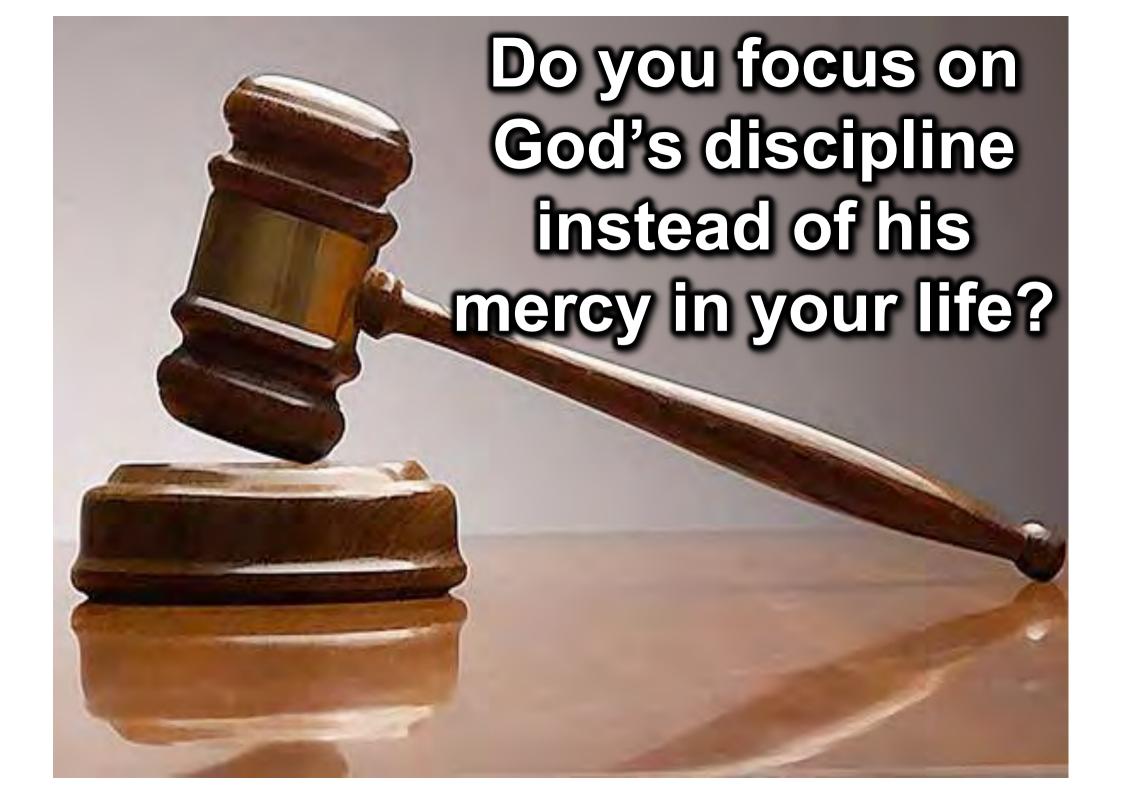
Jeremiah Book Chart

Deserved Captivity & Undeserved Restoration

Prophetic Call	Judah's Judgment Deserved				Nations' Judgment Deserved				Jerusalem's Fall	
Chapter 1	Chapters 2–45				Chapters 46–51				Chapter 52	
Commission	Condemnation & Comfort				Condemnation				Captivity	
Judgment but God's presence	Pre-Fak 2–38	Fall 39	Post- Fall 40–44	Baruch 45	South west 46–47	East 48:1– 49:22	North 49:23 -33	Northeast 49:34– 51:64	Fall 52:1-30	Rise 52:31-34
Prologue	Ministry							Epilogue		
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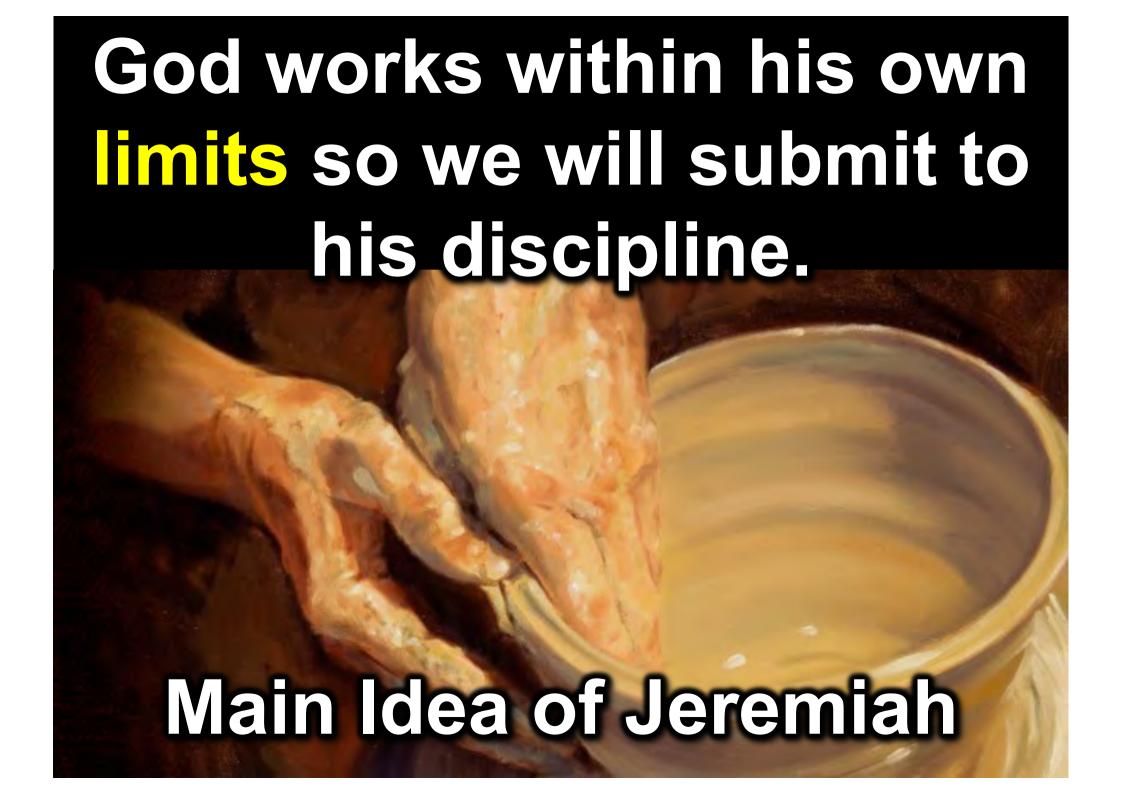
c. 627-580 BC







How does God comfort even those he disciplines?



I. God calls messengers who are honest with us (Jer 1).



II. God has limited discipline but unlimited blessing (Jer 2–45).







IV. God balances justice with mercy (Jer 52).



APPLICATIONS



APPLICATION #1: ARE YOU LIKE JEREMIAH?

The prophet
Jeremiah's life
illustrates
how costly
serving the
Lord can be.



Jeremiah's Difficult & Sacrificial Ministry

- Preached for 40+ years
- Noted people's sins to show God's justice
- Preached accepting God's discipline by submitting to 70-year Babylonian captivity



- Commanded to remain unmarried (16:2)
- Persecuted by his family, hometown people and the religious world
- Thrown into prison (37:5)
- Carried off by force to Egypt where he continued to preach against sin (43:1-7)

God's Assurance to Jeremiah



"Before I formed you in the womb

I knew you, before you were born

I set you apart;

I appointed you as a prophet to the nations...

Do not say, 'I am only a child.'

You must go to everyone I send you to and say whatever I command you. Do not be afraid of them for I am with you and will rescue you... Now, I have put my words in your mouth ...



Jer. 1:5,7-9

Are You Like Jeremiah?

 How does Jeremiah's costly service convict you of what you need to do to be more faithful and obedient to God?

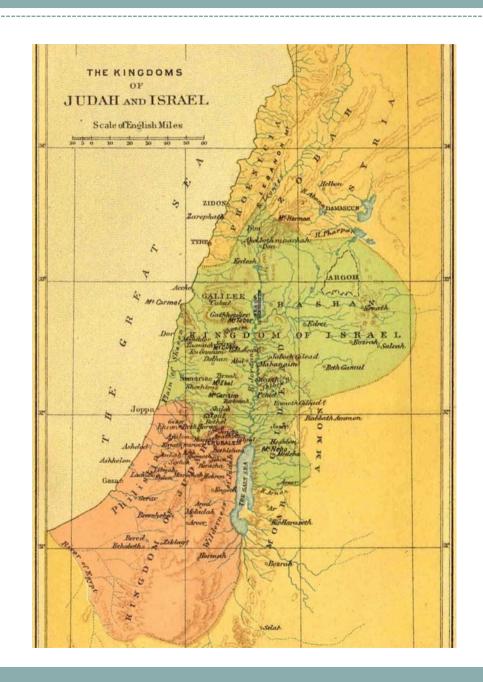


 Do you question your calling? Do you resent the task God has given you to do?



APPLICATION#2: ARE YOU LIKE JUDAH?

If we choose to continue to sin we'll eventually come to the point where God's discipline is inevitable.



Judah's Sin

"Even the stork that flies across the sky knows the time of her migration, as do the turtledove, the swallow, and the crane. They all return at the proper time each year.

But not my people! They do not know the LORD's laws."

Animals observe God's laws but not God's people.

People act as though they have never heard His laws.

Jeremiah 8:7 NLT

Judah's Sin Eventually Resulted in God's Discipline

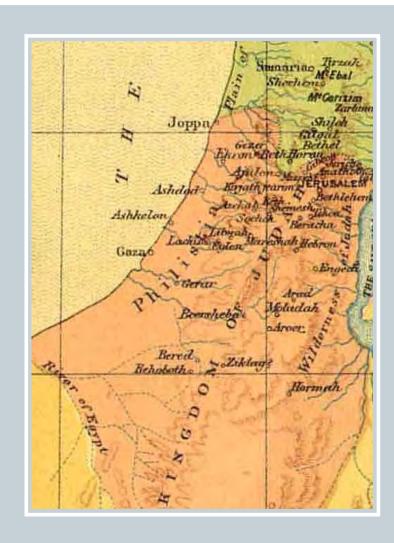
- 1. Judah's kings and leaders were judged and punished. Jeremiah 22
- 2. Jews endured 70 years of Babylonian exile.

 Jeremiah 25:11
- 3. God also judged nations that persecuted Judah. Jeremiah 46–51



Are You Like Judah?

- In what area of your life do you continue in sin or resist repenting?
- Do you accept God's just discipline?



#3: ARE YOU
LIKE THE
FAITHFUL
REMNANT?

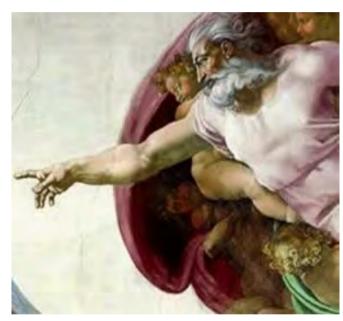
There is hope after discipline because God's justice is balanced with mercy and faithfulness.



Nature of Judgment in Jeremiah

- 1. <u>Against both</u> Judah and Gentile Nations
- 2. Reveals God's justice, sovereignty, faithfulness and mercy

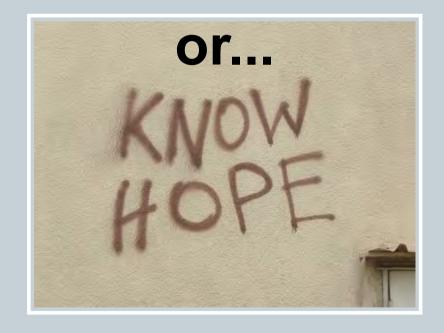




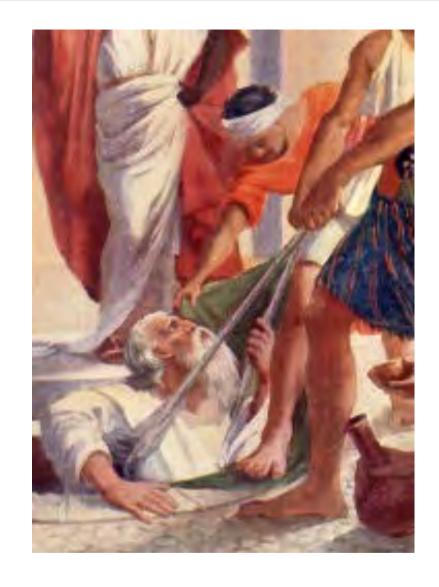
Are You Part of the Faithful Remnant?

- Do you put your hope in your faithful and merciful God?
- Do you look forward to the Day of the LORD and the complete restoration it promises?

NO HOPE?







How Then Should You Live?



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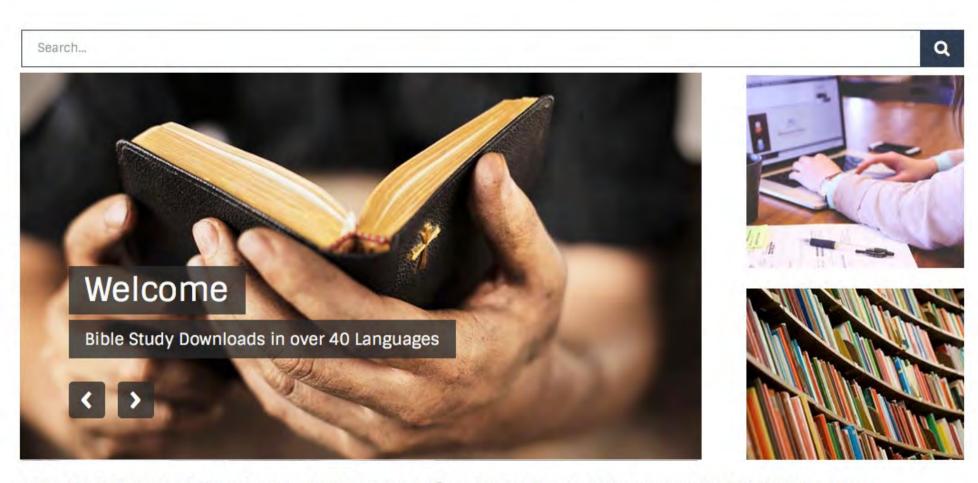
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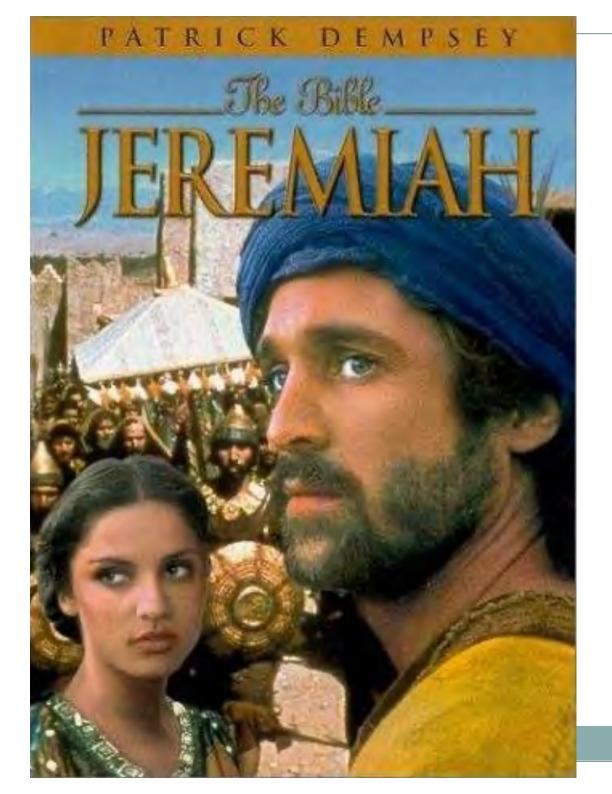
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A Great Movie on Jeremiah



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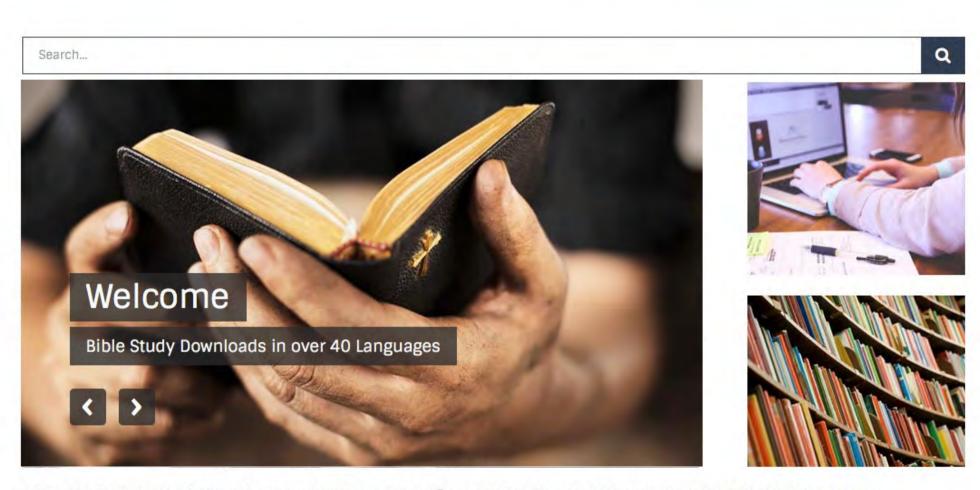
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