**Syllabus**

**OT 604: Critical Studies in the Old Testament**

Wednesdays 11:00am–2:15pm • Rami Jwainat, translator

**I. Course Descriptions**

This course is an evaluation of Old Testament criticism and an examination of introductory problems of selected Old Testament books (authorship, date, etc.). Attention is given to the evangelical responses to the liberal critics of the Old Testament.

**II. Course Objectives**

By the end of this course the student will be familiar with…

A. *Backgrounds* (author, date, origin, recipients, occasion, characteristics, and argument) of selected OT books attacked by OT critics

B. *Canonical* support for the authenticity of the 39 OT writings

C. *Archaeological* evidence for the reliability of the OT

D. *Creation* studies that support a normal reading of Genesis 1–2

E. *Literature* by ancient secular sources that defend the authenticity of the OT

F. *Chronological problems* within the history of Israel

G. *Pagan religions* that show Israel a unique nation

**III. Course Requirements**

A. The Readings (25%): Read Kitchen, *On the Reliability of the OT*;Merrill, *et al., The World and the* Word (to be added once available in Arabic); and the Arabic notes of Dr J. Paul Tanner at http://www.paultanner.org, reporting them on the Schedule on page 8.

B. The Project (25%) has two options:

1. *Translate 100 Course PPT slides into Arabic*. Sign up for the presentation to translate at <https://biblestudydownloads.org/resource/old-testament-backgrounds/>. Present them to the class on the day that assignment is due. After the course I will upload all translated PPT for all to use. See the end of this syllabus for the PowerPoint Translation Grade Sheet. These are due the day before the class studies your book.
2. *Teach* 5 OT presentations in this course in at least 5 sessions to a group of 5+ people (preferably to the same adults, teens or children, though the kids will need more explanations as the materials are written to a teen or adult audience). Sessions should be about an hour and can be combined into three 2-hour parts, a day seminar, etc. You may use or edit PPT already designed for this course and/or you may make your own. You are not required to develop more materials, but those who work hard in this area tend to get better grades and I would love to have what you may develop to upload for others to use in the future. Teaching can be via the pulpit, home Bible study, cell group, Sunday school class, etc. Have your students fill in the Evaluation of Teacher at the last session, but also tally them on a separate page with a 2-page report that explains what you did, what you learned, who you taught, etc. I will grade you with the Teacher Report Grade Sheet. The due date is flexible to allow you to fit into your church calendar.

C. The Research Paper (25%) on a critical issue in the OT must be 15 double-spaced pages using at least 10 sources according to the JETS Research Methods and Model Research Evaluation Sheet. The highest grade for those writing over the above maximum pages is B+. Use footnotes, not endnotes. Plagiarism will not be tolerated and your own written work from previous papers should be cited. The page count does not include a title page, table of contents, and bibliography of 8 sources. Include the issue itself and evaluate critical and evangelical approaches to it. Show the NT implications of your view as well, noting how your perspective relates to life today. Present this paper to the class during the presentation week. Topics may include the historicity of Genesis 1–11, comparative literature on creation or the Flood, ethics of war based on the OT, common language of Genesis 11, DNA evidence and the Bible on an original couple, or arguments of Ahmed Deedat (1918-2005) or secular scientists.

D. The Final Exam (25%) *is* ***closed book, closed Bible, closed notes, opened mind*** with essay questions. The final covers the entire course.

**IV. Course Bibliography and Abbreviations (underlined)**

Underlined titles indicate the abbreviation for the book

\* An asterisk indicates the book is in the JETS library.

Alexander, T. Desmond. *From Paradise to Promised Land: An Introduction to the Main Themes of the Pentateuch.* Carlisle, UK: Paternoster, 1995. 227 pp.

Covers major themes in the Pentateuch in a simplified manner without getting bogged down addressing hypothetical source theories; readable, helpful maps and diagrams; unfortunately sees no reason for Israel to possess Canaan in the future (p. 30).

Arnold, Bill T. and Richard S. Hess, eds. *Ancient Israel’s History: An Introduction to Issues and Sources.* Grand Rapids: Baker, 2014. xv+544 pp.

A collection of evangelical articles on the history of Israel by chronological period. Arnold teaches at Asbury Seminary.

Arnold, Bill T. and Bryan E. Beyer. *Encountering the Old Testament: A Christian Survey.*  Grand Rapids: Baker, 1999. S$64.00 hb. (with SBC discount) + CD-ROM. 512 pp.

A first year Bible college OT survey in an attractive format of simple text, graphics, backgrounds, colour photographs, and an interactive CD with video clips, photos, maps, and review questions. The authors teach at Asbury and Columbia, respectively.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . *Readings from the Ancient Near East: Primary Sources for Old Testament Study.* Grand Rapids: Baker, 2002. 240 pp. Pb. $21.99.

Master’s level texts (e.g., from Mesopotamia) in canonical order to supplement the OT.

Arnold, Bill T. and David W. Baker. *The Face of Old Testament Studies: A Survey of Contemporary Approaches.* Grand Rapids: Baker, 1999. 221.609045 BAK

A nice primer for quick views of recent OT literature on various topics from theology to archaeology. Arnold teaches at Asbury Seminary.

Arnold, Bill T. and Brent A. Strawn. *The World Around the Old Testament.* Grand Rapids: Baker, 2016. Xxvii+531 pp.

Edited evangelical articles on many peoples of the OT era. Arnold teaches at Asbury Seminary.

Backhouse, Robert. *The Student Bible Guide to the Temple.* Tim Dowley, ed. Grand Rapids: Kregel, 1996. 32 pp. Formerly *The Kregel Pictorial Guide to the Temple.*

Stunning, full-colour. close-up pictures of Herod’s temple from a beautiful model built by Alec Garrard of England. Research is based on the Bible, Talmud, Mishna and latest archaeological discoveries. Includes many photos and helpful drawings as well.

Beitzel, Barry J. *The New Moody Atlas of Bible Lands.* 2nd ed. Chicago: Moody, 2009. xii+304 pp.

This major revision of *The Moody Atlas of Bible Lands* (1986) retains the strengths of being evangelical, excellent in both physical geography and historical geography with maps superior to the *NIV Atlas* below, and maps nicely tied in with the text. The revised edition still retains two weaknesses of the first edition: it lacks regional maps and often lacks Scripture references on the maps (though cited in supporting material). However, it improves on it with many color photographs, 23 new maps, 48 pages of added commentary, plus Scripture and General Indexes. These maps appear in the NLT, ESV, and NIV Study Bibles. Beitzel teaches OT at Trinity International Univ. (TEDS) in Deerfield, IL. Lindsey BS 144) 112-13

*\*BKC*: *The Bible Knowledge Commentary.* 2 vols. Eds. John F. Walvoord and Roy B. Zuck. Wheaton: SP Pub., Victor Books, 1983 (NT, 991 pp.), 1985 (OT, 1589 pp.).

The best single buy in a Bible commentary, based on NIV, great book outlines, maps, charts, cross references, book introductions, evangelical, gives special attention to difficult texts (while many single volume commentaries skim or skip controversial texts), theologically consistent (whereas most single volume commentaries are by authors of various theological persuasions and thus have inconsistent data, all BKC authors are present or former faculty of Dallas Theological Seminary).

Bright, John. *A History of Israel.* 4th ed. Intro and appendix by William P. Brown. Philadelphia: Westminster, 2000. US$34.95 hb.

A standard critical OT text that says that Israel’s faith shaped the people’s stories (e.g., the exodus account was invented to increase the Jews’ faith).

Coleman, William L. *Today’s Handbook of Bible Times and Customs.* Minneapolis, MN: Bethany House, 1984. 303 pp.

Many cultural insights on both OT and NT. Content is similar to Wight’s book. Many photographs but no drawings. Three of his chapters are in these notes.

Cooper, Bill. *After the Flood.* Chichester, England: New Wine Press, 1995.

Verifies both the accuracy of the Table of Nations (Gen. 10-11) and the early date of creation (5200-4000 BC) from ancient European and Middle Eastern texts.

Gospel Light Publishers. *The Bible Visual Resource Book: For Do-it-Yourself Scholars.* Ventura, CA: Gospel Light, 1989.

Another subtitle reads “Reproducible Maps, Charts, Timelines, and Graphics for Groups or Individual Study.” Written by Keith Kaynor (?—his name is not mentioned).

Gower, Ralph. *The New Manners and Customs of Bible Times.* Chicago: Moody, 1987. 408 pp.

Updates and expands upon Fred Wight’s similar book published in 1953 (see entry below). Part 1 addresses “The Individual in Family Life” (e.g., family, education, work) and Part 2 concerns “National Institutions and Customs” (e.g., hospitality, travel, leisure, social/political groupings). Excellent colour photographs.

Hoerth, Alfred J.; Mattingly, Gerald L.; and Yamauchi, Edwin M., eds. *Peoples of the Old Testament World.* Grand Rapids: Baker, 1994. 400 pp. 221.95 HOE

Conservative articles on 14 OT peoples (20-30 pages each, with many pictures, diagrams, bibliographies, and extensive subject index) from Mesopotamia (Sumerians, Babylonians, Assyrians, Persians), Anatolia, Syria-Palestine and Egypt (Hittites, Canaanites and Amorites, Phoenicians, Arameans, Philistines, Egyptians), and Transjordan (Ammonites, Moabites, and Edomites). Hoerth is Director of Archaeology at Wheaton College.

de Lange, Nicholas. *Atlas of the Jewish World.* New York & Oxford: Fact on File [distributed by Thomas Nelson], 1984. 240 pp.

Impressive maps, texts, drawings, and photographs of worldwide Jewish migration in history. Includes historical and cultural background and the Jewish world today.

\*Kitchen, Kenneth A. كينيث كيتشن *On the Reliability of the Old Testament.* Grand Rapids, MI: Eerdman, 2003. 781 pp. hb. and pb. $45.00 hb. Arabic ed. مصداقية العهد القديم

Evangelical, late date of the Exodus advocate, defends the OT against critics and includes many tables, figures, and maps; addresses sections of the OT but out of order; very readable.

\*LaSor, William Sanford; Hubbard, David Allen; and Bush, Frederic William. *Old Testament Survey: The Message, Form, and Background of the Old Testament.* Grand Rapids: Eerdmans, 1982. 696 pp. SBC 221.61 LAS

Clear, nicely footnoted scholarship by three OT professors at Fuller Theological Seminary, but attempts to be conservative without adhering to inerrancy and holds to a 4th or 5th century date for Daniel, denies Solomonic authorship of Ecclesiastes and Song of Songs, adheres to a late date for the Exodus and non-Mosaic authorship of the Pentateuch.

McCarter, P. Kyle, Jr. *Ancient Inscriptions: Voices from the Biblical World.* Washington, DC: Biblical Archaeology Society, 1996. 180 pp. US$30 for book alone and US$140 for book and slides. SBC Library 411 (R) McC.

Contains the story of how writing came into being, starting from Mesopotamian cuneiform and ending in the Roman period at the time of Christ by tracing the evolution of the alphabet from pictographs to symbols which each represent a single sound. Includes 97 drawings cross-referenced to 140 separately available slides. McCarter teaches at John Hopkins Univ.

\*Merrill, Eugene H. *Kingdom of Priests: A History of Old Testament Israel.* 2nd ed.Grand Rapids: Baker, 2008. 554 pp. $45.00 pb. SBC library 221.95 MER

An up-to-date and well-written treatment of OT history, archaeology, and ancient literature with particular emphasis on Israel’s role as a light to the nations. Dr. Merrill teaches OT at Dallas Seminary (dispensational premillennial). Supplemented with several helpful indexes and now illustrated.

\*Merrill, Eugene H., Mark Rooker, and Michael A. Grisanti. *The World and the Word: An Introduction to the Old Testament.* Nashville, TN: B&H, 2011. 943 pp. hb. Kindle. Arabic forthcoming in late 2021.

This massive volume is based on the Holman Christian Standard Bible where three authors explore the OT world (historical, cultural, and literary), text (composition, canonicity, and transmission), approaches (development and present state of OT critical approaches), and a book-by-book analysis of each OT book: Pentateuch (Grisanti, Masters Seminary), Historical (Merrill, Dallas Seminary), and Prophetic/Poetic (Rooker, Southeastern Seminary)). Conservative with early Exodus date (p. 21), Moses (p. 305) and Daniel authorship (p. 684, 686). The Arabic edition is due late 2021.

\*Mortenson, Terry, and Thane H. Ury, eds. *Coming to Grips with Genesis: Biblical Authority and the Age of the Earth.* Green Forest, AZ: Master Books, 2008. 486 pp. US$16.99. ISBN 13: 978-0-89051-548-8 and ISBN 10: 0-89051-548-4.

Fourteen fresh, original, biblical chapters by respected scholars who take a plain reading of Genesis, with a detailed analysis of Genesis 1, a defense of Genesis 5 and 11 as strict genealogies, reasons for rejecting millions of years of death and natural evil prior to Adam, and Christ’s support of a young earth. Mortenson debates and presents for Answers in Genesis while Ury teaches theology at the United Wesleyan Graduate Institute, Hong Kong.

Oswalt, John N. *The Bible Among the Myths: Unique Revelation or Just Ancient Literature?* Grand Rapids, MI: Zondervan, 2009. ISBN 978-0-310-28509-0

“Oswalt is an American scholar and distinguished professor of Old Testament at [Asbury Theological Seminary](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Asbury_Theological_Seminary). He teaches in theology, Old Testament and ancient Semitic languages including Hebrew. He is the author of 11 scholarly books; foremost is the 2-volume commentary on the [Book of Isaiah](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Book_of_Isaiah) in the [New International Commentary on the Old Testament](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/New_International_Commentary_on_the_Old_Testament) series. *Exodus: The Way Out* (2013) is a recent work. Oswalt adheres to single, unitary authorship of… Isaiah. Numerous scholarly journals, biblical encyclopedias and academic religious periodicals have included articles by him” (Wikipedia). This work responds to attacks on the Bible that claim it only recited ancient myths.

Pritchard, James B., ed. *Ancient Near Eastern Texts Relating to the Old Testament.* 3rd ed., Princeton: Univ. Press, 1950, 1955, 1969. Abbreviated *ANET.* hb. approx. $100.

The classic translation of Sumerian creation myths (e.g., Enuma Elish), Babylonian flood stories (e.g., Gilgamesh Epic), and other non-biblical texts that give backdrop to the OT.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, ed. *The Ancient Near East.* 2 vols. Princeton: Princeton Univ. Press, 1958. 380 pp. and 251 pp. + 110 illustrations, respectively. pb.

Abridged material from *ANET* in a highly condensed and more affordable form.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ *The Harper Atlas of the Bible.* New York: Harper & Row, 1987. 254 pp. CBD for $34.95.

Most of the 134 maps are two pages and complemented by smaller maps, charts, diagrams, photographs, drawings and text; comprehensive (covers from 10,000 BC to AD 600, though only one map addresses Genesis 1–11); maps and detailed full-colour paintings of terrain have a three dimensional look, appearing as if viewed from the ground or on larger maps taking into account the curvature of the earth’s surface; probably the best atlas for backgrounds (other ancient peoples, pagan temples, writing, commerce, archaeology, practices of everyday life, etc.); indexes include summaries of events in the lives of significant biblical characters and a map index which includes variant, Arabic, Palestinian Grid Reference numbers, and Modern Hebrew names for cities. However, some maps are difficult to read due to lack of compass directions and excess supplementary material; mostly conservative, but the 50 contributors from varied perspectives (Christian, Jewish, liberal, etc.) tend to be moderately critical in the narrative and hold to late date for the Exodus. The book is also difficult to fit upright on most bookshelves due to its enormous size (nearly 11” x 14 1/2” or 27.5 cm. x 37 cm.). Lindsey BS 146 (July-Sept. 1989): 344-45

Purifoy, Thomas, Jr. “The Gnostic World of John Walton,” https://isgenesishistory.com/gnostic-world-of-john-walton/?goal=0\_052697a034-1f954a62a8-148566237&mc\_cid=1f954a62a8&mc\_eid=5b0ee33446 (accessed 18 June 2018).

Purifoy is producer, writer, and director of the 2017 documentary film "Is Genesis History?" He shows that Walton’s method of separating history from theology parallels early Gnostic heretics.

Rasmussen, Carl G. *The Zondervan NIV Atlas of the Bible.* Regency Reference Library. Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 1989 and Jerusalem: Carta, 1989. 256 pp. CBD for $30.00?

Similar in features to Beitzel with a comprehensive geographical section (57 pp.) and historical section (131 pp.), so purchasing both Beitzel and Rasmussen will have much overlapping. However, they are not the same. This is better than Beitzel in its topological overview of Palestine, extra graphs and diagrams, and its inclusion of excellent regional maps but worse in that the maps throughout are poorly colored and not tied into the text with coordinates as is true of Beitzel; too few color photographs (Beitzel’s weakness too but strengths in Rogerson and Pritchard).

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. *Essential Atlas of the Bible.* Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 2013. 159 pp. US$16.99 pb.

A compact guide in a handy and more affordable style that covers geography and historical maps; many timelines and photos.

Rogerson, John. *Atlas of the Bible.* New York: Facts on File [distributed by Thomas Nelson], 1986. 237 pp. CBD for US$32.50.

Visually stunning, regional maps and many color photographs (Beitzel’s weaknesses), but weak in physical geography and too-brief summaries of events (Beitzel’s strengths).

Schultz, Samuel J. *The Old Testament Speaks.* 5th ed. New York: Harper & Row, 2000. 440 pp.

Conservative archaeological and historical OT survey with good attention to backgrounds. Holds to undated creation (p. 13), either global or local flood that killed all mankind (p. 16), and early date for the Exodus (p. 49). Schultz taught Bible and theology at Wheaton College for many years. He often presents alternate views but holds his own with reserve. This book is translated into more than 20 languages, including Arabic, Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Thai, and Urdu.

Thompson, J. A. *Handbook of Life in Bible Times.* Downers Grove: IVP, 1986. 384 pp.

A comprehensive guide to the people of the OT, home life, food and drink, industry and commerce, culture and health, warfare, and religion during the OT times.

Walton, John H. *Chronological and Background Charts of the Old Testament.* Rev. & expanded. Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 1978, 1994. 124 pp.

Provides over 100 OT charts, many of which are used in this course.

———. “Is Genesis Real History?” Unpublished campus paper, Wheaton, IL: Wheaton College, 2017. <https://20dgp03jvses4dyzoq6atn0f-wpengine.netdna-ssl.com/wp-content/uploads/Is-Geneis-Real-History-John-Walton.pdf>.

Disconnects Genesis narratives from history by postulating that their theology was the only goal.

Wight, Fred H. *Manners and Customs of Bible Lands.* Chicago: Moody, 1953. 336 pp.

Older than Coleman’s work but very readable and interesting with short chapters on subjects such as marriage customs, dress, education, music, etc. Helpful line drawings but no photographs.

Wilson, Clifford and Wilson, Barbara. *The Stones Still Shout! Sensational Highlights of the Bible and Archaeology.* Springfield, MO: Pacific International University and Victoria, Australia: Pacific Christian Ministries, 1999. 224 pp.

A collection of photographs by this husband-wife team from Australia provides many images and briefs descriptions of how archaeology has confirmed the OT and NT.

Youngblood, Ronald. *The Heart of the Old Testament.* Grand Rapids: Baker, 1971. 108 pp. 221.13 YOU

An evangelical but old earth treatment of the OT.

*The Zondervan Pictorial Encyclopedia of the Bible.* 5 vols. Ed. Merrill C. Tenney. Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 1975, 1976. Abbreviated ZPEB.

This may be the best multi-volume evangelical Bible encyclopedia available today. Clearly written, comprehensive articles.

Zuck, Roy B., ed. *A Biblical Theology of the Old Testament.* Chicago: Moody, 1991.

A concise and well-written treatment of how theological ideas within each OT book support a kingdom theme in which God’s purpose is to re-establish His rule on earth through mankind which was lost at the Fall. Faculty members of Dallas Theological Seminary write each chapter. It is insightful but heavy reading. Required reading is copied in these notes, 318-28.

**V. Other Matters**

A. Contacting Me: My email is drrickgriffith@gmail.com.

B. Copying Class Notes: This is allowed as long as you give credit where credit is due and until you become rich from doing it. Taping class lectures is OK too.

C. Course Design: A critical study of the Old Testament can be studied at least three ways:

1. **Sequence (Scriptural)** studies the books in the order they appear in the Old Testament. The latter half of Merrill, *The World and the Word,* follows this approach.
2. **Topic** is also possible. This method addresses issues separately and pulls information from the entire OT on that subject. Examples of this approach are Gower, Wight, and others employ this topical method.

**VI. Course Load**

A. The expected study time for this course is 30 sessions x 2 hours each = 60 hours

B. The breakdown for the course components is:

Reading: 781 pages of reading x 2 minutes each (1562 minutes) 26 hours

Project to Translate or Teach the Course Material 12 hours

Research Paper 12 hours

Final Exam 10 hours

Total 60 hours

**VII. Reading Report** Name Reading Grade \_\_\_\_\_\_ Box

Submit translated projects 24 hours before we study your book. Each session below is 1.5 hours. Put an “X” in each cell if you finished the session reading in full and on time. Mark it -2% if read late, -3% if read partially, and -5% if not read at all. For notes by Dr Paul Tanner, download them from PaulTanner.org at the Arabic link الموقع بالعربية under العهد القديم. Readings for the sessions with a white blank will be added as Arabic resources become available.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Session** | | **Date** | **Topic** | **Reading Assignment** | **X** |
| 1 | Aug 25 | | 01-Syllabus | None |  |
| 2 | Aug 25 | | 02-OT Intro-35 | Key Events Chart-1pp, OToverview5-1p  Program of Bless - Color-1p |  |
|  |  | | **Introduction** |  |  |
| 3 | Sep 1 | | 03-Intro to OT Critical Studies-27 | Kitchen, ch. 1 First Things First: What’s in Question? |  |
| 4 | Sep 1 | | 04-Literature-85-Rami |  |  |
|  |  | |  |  |  |
| 5 | Sep 8 | | 05-Canon of the OT-79-Rami |  |  |
| 6 | Sep 8 | | 06-Prophecy-47 Yoel | Kitchen, ch. 8–Prophets & Prophecy |  |
|  |  | | **Creation** |  |  |
| 7 | Sep 15 | | • 07-Gen 1 Literal?-123-Rami |  |  |
| 8 | Sep 15 | | • 08-Creation-50-Nassef | Kitchen, ch. 9—Methuselah—and Well Beyond |  |
|  |  | |  |  |  |
| 9 | Sep 22 | | 09-Theistic Evolution-87 | ﻿*Compromise Under the Microscope* (AiG) |  |
| 10 | Sep 22 | | 09-Theistic Evolution |  |  |
|  |  | | **Chronology** |  |  |
| 11 | Sep 29 | | Is Genesis History? | No assignments—1:44 movie with Arabic subtitles |  |
| 12 | Sep 29 | | Is Genesis History? | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UM82qxxskZE |  |
|  |  | |  |  |  |
| 13 | Oct 6 | | • 10-Chronology-124 |  |  |
| 14 | Oct 6 | | • 11-Gen 5 & 11-33 | Kitchen, ch. 7—The Patriarchs |  |
|  |  | |  |  |  |
| 15 | Oct 13 | | • 12-Noah’s Flood-161-147eng | *The Global Flood* (AiG) |  |
| 16 | Oct 13 | | ليكن نور - الحلقة ٤٤٦ - فلك نوح | 59 minutes at https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n5siwuD7k2U |  |
|  |  | |  |  |  |
| 17 | Oct 20 | | • 13-Exodus Date-41 | Kitchen, ch. 5—Joshua & Judges in Canaan |  |
| 18 | Oct 20 | | • 14-Egyptian Chronology-25 |  |  |
|  | **Oct 27** | | **Sem Break** | **No classes or assignments** |  |
| 19 | Nov 3 | | • 15-Judges inside 20-Chronology-108 | Kitchen, ch. 4—Saul, David & Solomon |  |
| 20 | Nov 3 | | • 16-Kings 20-Chronology-108 |  |  |
|  |  | | **Authorship** |  |  |
| 21 | Nov 10 | | • 17-Genesis Authorship-69 | ﻿JEDP reading from Yoel booklet |  |
| 22 | Nov 10 | | • 18-Isaiah Authorship-54 | Kitchen, ch. 2—Era of Hebrew Kingdoms |  |
|  |  | |  |  |  |
| 23 | Nov 17 | | • 19-Daniel Part 1 | Kitchen, ch. 3—Exile and Return |  |
| 24 | Nov 17 | | • 19-Daniel Part 2 | **Research** **Paper Due** |  |
|  |  | |  |  |  |
|  |  | |  |  |  |
| 25 | Nov 24 | | Student Presentations | Prepare PPT, copy & share your paper to the class |  |
| 26 | Nov 24 | | Student Presentations | Prepare PPT, copy & share your paper to the class |  |
|  |  | | **Archaeology** |  |  |
| 27 | Dec 1 | | • 20-Archaeology-67 | Kitchen, ch. 6—Exodus and Covenant |  |
| 28 | Dec 1 | | • 21-Dead Sea Scrolls-72 |  |  |
|  |  | | **Religion** |  |  |
| 29 | Dec 8 | | • 22-Monotheism-35 | Kitchen, ch. 10—Last Things Last—Conclusions |  |
| 30 | Dec 8 | | • 23-Pagan Religions-45 | **Reading Report Due: submit this page** |  |
|  |  | |  |  |  |
| 31 | Dec 15 | | Final Exam | ***Final Exam*** Study Questions |  |
|  |  | |  | **= Reading Grade for the Semester** |  |

**Jordan Evangelical Theological Seminary**

“CRITICAL STUDIES IN THE OLD TESTAMENT”   
COURSE EVALUATION

(for JETS students to have their students complete on the last day of class)

YOUR NAME (OPTIONAL):………………………………… CLASS SIZE: ………

JETS STUDENT TEACHER:…………………….…………… DATE:……….……….

Please summarize how you feel about each question and give this to your teacher.

KEY: SD = Strongly Disagree; D = Disagree; U = Uncertain; A = Agree; SA – Strongly Agree.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | SD | D | U | A | SA |
| The course objectives were clearly explained. |  |  |  |  |  |
| The course objectives were achieved. |  |  |  |  |  |
| The teacher was well prepared for each class. |  |  |  |  |  |
| The course material was effectively presented. |  |  |  |  |  |
| The teacher gave me some resources for further learning. |  |  |  |  |  |
| The teacher responded well to students’ questions. |  |  |  |  |  |
| The teacher encouraged students to think for themselves and to express their ideas. |  |  |  |  |  |
| The teacher was accessible to students outside classes. |  |  |  |  |  |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |

**COMMENTS:**

**1. In what ways did you find this course helpful for your personal spiritual growth?**

**2. In what ways did this course help you better serve Christ?**

**3. How can this course be improved for future students?**

**4. Further comments:**

17 Dec. 2014

**Teaching Report Grade Sheet**

Student Mailbox Date

Bible Book(s) or Presentation(s) Taught Language

For students teaching either the class PPT or “The Bible…Basically” seminar or other courses, this page assesses mostly the *content* of your report (70% of the grade). The Format grade (the other 30%) addresses grammar, clarity of writing and presentation, etc. This form is also for students sharing lessons with unbelievers.

1 2 3 4 5

Poor Minimal Average Good Excellent

***Introduction***

**Class** (whom did you teach and in what language?)

**Scope** (what did you teach in each session?)

**Procedure** (how did you conduct the sessions?)

***Body***

**Specifics** given rather than general observations

**Challenges** faced in teaching addressed adequately

**Improvements** suggested in content

***Application***

**Action Points** given to improve next time teaching

**Personal** and transparent (self-critical is good)

***Conclusion***

**Main points or lessons** reviewed and/or restated

**Length** (2-4 single-spaced pp., w/o unnecessary info.)

***Miscellaneous***

**Handouts** (student’s own material included)

**Creativity** (pictures of class, video clips, quizzes)

**Course Evaluations** included & responses totaled

***Form***

**Format** (typed, title page, pages numbered)

**Submitted** in printed form (not emailed to professor)

**Spelling** and typos fixed, punctuation good, 12 pt. font

**Grammar** (agreement of subject/verb and tenses)

**Footnotes** (not endnotes, if used; biblio. of resources)

**Arranged** **logically** (not a collection of thoughts)

***Summary***

Number of ticks per column \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

Multiplied by point values of the column **x 1 x 2 x 3 x 4 x 5**

Equals the total point value for each column \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

Net points \_\_\_\_\_\_ minus 3 points per day late (\_\_\_\_ points) for Teaching Report grade: %

**Comments:** 3rd edition (15 Oct 2018)

**PowerPoint Translation Grade Sheet**

Student Mailbox Date

Bible Book or Presentation Translated Language

1 2 3 4 5

Poor Minimal Average Good Excellent

***Translation***

**Overall content** translated accurately

**No English** on any slide (design new memory aids)

--For example, replace “A Judge Must Judge” or “ARC” with a mnemonic in your language

***Fonts***

**Notes page #** in Arial bold 24-point upper right screen

**Generic** fonts or popular language fonts (e.g., unicode)

**Sans-serif** fonts used that lack “feet” (e.g., Arial)

***Text***

Text **does not overlap** other text, image, or page edge

Text **shadow** not seen prior to animation appears

Text **did not need to be enlarged** (should fill the slide)

Text has **good contrast** with background

Text **fits text boxes** correctly with extra space on sides

Text box **colors match** surroundings w/o perimeter lines

***Images***

Images **do not overlap** text or edge of page

Embedded text in **English covered** with translation

***Miscellaneous***

**Format** of fonts & background colors same as English

**Animations** don’t need correction; in PPT, not Keynote

**Slide order** remains the same as the English version

**Done right the first time** (no email trail with me!)

**File name** *translated* with dash & number of slides at end

**Easy transfer** by online driveor USB key or email

**Sent as one PowerPoint file** (not separate ones or a pdf)

***Summary***

Number of ticks per column \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

Multiplied by point values of the column **x 1 x 2 x 3 x 4 x 5**

Equals the total point value for each column \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_

Net points \_\_\_\_\_\_ minus 3 points per day late (\_\_\_\_ points) equals % grade of %

**Comments:** Revised 24 Oct 2018

**Research Paper Checklist**

\* Asterisks show the most common mistakes students make on research papers. Give special attention to these areas!

Grading is based on the Excel sheet called 2011\_Research Evaluation (English) (3).xls

20th edition (27 July)

**1. General Format**

1.1 The most complete and widely used format guide is Kate L. Turabian, *A Manual for Writers of Term Papers, Theses, and Dissertations*, 9th ed. rev. by John Grossman and Alice Bennett (Chicago & London: Univ. of Chicago Press, 1937, 1955, 1967, 1973, 1987, 1996, 2007, 2013, 2018). 466 pp.

1.2 Areas not answered by Turabian are addressed in the SBC Writing Standards (2018 edition).

1.3 Other issues are found in *The Chicago Manual of Style,* 17th ed. (Chicago: Editorial Benei Noaj, 2017) and *The SBL Handbook of Style: For Ancient Near Eastern, Biblical, and Early Christian Studies,* 2nd ed., eds. Patrick H. Alexander *et al.* (Peabody, MA: Hendrickson, 2014).

**2. Preliminaries**

2.1 The title page should follow the typical format in Turabian.

2.1.1 Only the title and the author should be in **bold** with the rest in regular text. Do *not* have all CAPS.

2.1.2 Please include your mail box number after your name.

2.1.3 The same size 12-point Times New Roman font should be used throughout the paper.

2.2 The margins should not change (e.g., should not be in outline form) but should be 2.5 cm on all sides.

2.3\* Include a Table of Contents.

2.3.1 The Contents page should include only the first page number of each section.

2.3.2 Subtitles within the Contents page should be indented.

2.3.3 Note this is called a “Table of Contents” and not a “Table of Content.”

2.3.4 “Table of Contents” should not be an entry on the Table of Contents.

2.4 Page numbers should be at the top right in the preliminaries (except no number on Title Page and Table of Contents) and at the bottom centre from the first page to the end.

**3. Body & Style**

3.1\* Provide an introduction that summarizes the problem(s) your paper aims to answer.

3.2\* Check your grammar for confusion of tense, plural, verb/noun, etc. (cf. section 9)

3.3 Use a spell checker if you have one on your computer to avoid careless spelling mistakes.

3.4 Double-space the paper throughout in prose form (not outline form).

3.5\* Write in the third person rather than the first person (“This author…” and not “I” or “we” or “us”).

3.6 Follow these guidelines for headings within the text:

3.6.1 Headings should match your Contents page. None of your levels should appear in all capitals.

3.6.2 Headings should not have periods (full stops or colons) after them.

3.6.3\* Headings should not be in outline form (no “I,” “II,” “A,” “1,” “a,” “-,” etc.).

3.6.4 Avoid widow headings (at the bottom of a page without the first sentence of a paragraph).

3.6.5 Don’t repeat a heading on the next page even if it covers the same section of the paper.

3.6.6 Each research paper should have at least 2-3 headings or divisions.

3.6.7 In short papers (6-8 pages) without chapters, make (1) main headings **bold** centred, (2) subheadings regular text centred, (3) ***bold italics*** left column, (4) regular text left column, and (5) **bold**text that begins an indented paragraph. If only two levels are needed then (2) above may be skipped.

3.7\* Do not clutter your paper with unnecessary details that do not contribute to your purpose.

3.8\* Make every statement a full sentence within the text (the exception is headings).

3.9 Critically evaluate your sources; do not believe a heresy just because it’s in print!

3.10 Make sure your reasoning is solid and logical.

3.11\* Provide a conclusion which solves/summarizes the problem addressed in the introduction

**4. Abbreviations**

4.1\* Do not use abbreviations or contractions in the text or footnotes (except inside parentheses).

4.2 Cite from 1-3 verses inside parentheses in the text but 4 or more verses in the footnotes.

4.3\* Use proper biblical book abbreviations with a colon between chapter and verse: Gen Exod Lev Num Deut Josh Judg Ruth 1 Sam 2 Sam 1 Kgs 2 Kgs 1 Chr 2 Chr Ezra Neh Esth Job Ps (plural Pss) Prov Eccl Song Isa Jer Lam Ezek Dan Hos Joel Amos Obad Jonah Mic Nah Hab Zeph Hag Zech Mal Matt Mark Luke John Acts Rom 1 Cor 2 Cor Gal Eph Phil Col 1 Thess 2 Thess 1 Tim 2 Tim Titus Phlm Heb Jas 1 Pet 2 Pet 1 John 2 John 3 John Jude Rev

4.4 Do not start sentences with an Arabic number. Write “First Kings 3:16…” (not “1 Kings 3:16…”).

4.5 Write out numbers under ten in the text (e.g., “three”); abbreviate those over ten (e.g., “45”).

4.6 “For example” (e.g.) and “that is to say” (i.e.) appear only in parentheses. Each has two periods and a comma.

**5. Quotations**

5.1\* When quoting word-for-word, use quotation marks and footnote the source. Do not plagiarize!

5.2 Use proper quotation formats with single quotation marks within double ones.

5.3 Indent block quotes (no quote marks) with 10-point, single-space text of five or more lines (cf. Turabian, 349).

5.4\* Avoid citing long texts of Scriptures or other sources so the paper mostly reflects your own thinking.

5.5 Provide biblical support for your position rather than simply citing your opinion.

5.6 If your source quotes a more original source, then quote the original in this manner: R. N. Soulen, *Handbook,* 18 (cited by Rick Griffith, *New Testament Backgrounds,* 7th ed. [SBC, 1999], 165).

Research Paper Checklist (2 of 2)

**6. Punctuation**

6.1 Periods & commas go *before* quote marks and footnote numbers (e.g., “Marriage,” not “Marriage”,)

6.2 Periods & commas go *outside* parentheses (unless a complete sentence is within the parentheses). For example: “Jesus wept” (John 11:35). but never “Jesus wept.” (John 11:35)

6.3 A space should not precede a period, comma, final parenthesis, semicolon, apostrophe, or colon.

6.4 A space should not follow a beginning parenthesis or beginning quotation mark.

6.7 A space should always follow a comma and 1-2 spaces always follow a period.

6.8 Bible book abbreviations do not have a period.

**7. Footnotes**

7.1\* The first reference to a book includes (in this order) the author's *given* name first then family name, title (in *italics* but not in quotes), publication data in parentheses (place, colon, publisher, comma, then year), volume (if more than one), and page number (no “p.” or “pp.”). For example: Ralph Gower, *The New Manners and Customs of Bible Times* (Chicago: Moody, 1987), 233. In footnotes, use a period only *once* at the end of the citation. Indent the first line of each footnote entry.

7.2\* Cite later references to the same book but a different page number with only the author's family name (not given name), book title (no subtitle) and new page number. For example: Gower, *The New Manners and Customs of Bible Times*, 166.

7.3 Further citations to the same book follow the same format. Turabian and SBC no longer use “ibid” (Latin abbreviation for “in the same place”) or “idem” (Latin abbreviation for “by the same author”).

7.5\* Encyclopedia, Bible dictionary, or other book entries with multiple authors under an editor should first cite the article’s author, then article title within quotes, book, editor, publication data in parentheses, volume, and page. For example: P. Trutza, “Marriage,” *The Zondervan Pictorial Encyclopedia of the Bible,* 5 vols., ed. Merrill C. Tenney (Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 1975, 1976), 4:92-102. (If needed, look up the author’s name after the Contents page by tracing the initials at the end of the article.)

7.6 Footnote numbers are raised with no parentheses and go *after* a quotation’s punctuation (e.g., period).

7.7 Always cite your footnote numbers in sequence rather than using a former number again.

7.8 Use only numbers as footnote references (don’t use letters or \*#@^%, etc.).

7.9 Cite translations in parentheses within the text rather than the footnotes—for example, “trust” (NIV).

7.10 Cite book, chapter, and paragraphs of primary (ancient) sources with Arabic numerals and full stops (e.g., “Josephus, *Jewish Antiquities* 18.1.3,” not “Josephus, *Jewish Antiquities,* Book XVIII, Chapter 1, Section 3”).

7.11 Page numbers may be added to primary sources in parentheses. For example: *War* 2.1 (Whiston, 44).

**8. Bibliography**

8.1 Alphabetize all sources by family name without numbering the sources.

8.2 Make entries single-spaced with the second line indented and with a double space between entries.

8.3 Do not cite an author’s title in a footnote or the bibliography (no “Dr.,” “Rev.” etc.).

8.4 Cite book references differently than in the footnotes by including the author's *family* name first (not given name), title (in *italics* but not in quotes), publication data *without* parentheses (place, colon, publisher, comma, then year), and volume (if more than one). For example: Gower, Ralph. *The New Manners and Customs of Bible Times.* Chicago: Moody, 1987. Use full stops (not commas) after each given name, title, and date; don’t use parentheses (but do use them in footnotes). Indent each line after the first line in an entry.

8.5\* Encyclopedia, Bible dictionary, or other book entries with multiple authors under an editor should first cite the article’s author, then article title within quotes, book, editor, publication data, volume, and page. For example: Trutza, P., “Marriage,” *The Zondervan Pictorial Encyclopedia of the Bible.* Ed. Merrill C. Tenney. 5 vols. Grand Rapids: Zondervan, 1975, 1976. 4:92-102. (You may need to find the author’s name after the Contents page by tracing the initials at the end of the article.)

8.6 Put the bibliography on a separate page rather than tagging it on the conclusion.

8.7 Consult as many sources as you have pages in your paper (e.g., 8 sources for an 8-page paper).

8.8\* Include the bibliography even if the professor has assigned the sources.

8.9 Primary sources should be listed under the ancient author’s name, followed by the translator’s name. For example: Josephus. *The Works of Josephus.* Translated by William Whiston…

8.10 Primary sources with several or unknown authors should be listed by editor and/or translator’s name. For example: Danby, Herbert, trans. *The Mishnah.* Oxford: University, 1933.

**9. Common Grammatical and Spelling Mistakes**

9.1 “Respond” (verb) is used for “response” (noun). “The respond” should be “The response.”

9.2\* Events in biblical times should be noted in the past tense; keep your tense consistent in the same paragraph.

9.3 Write “BC” dates *before* “BC” but “AD” dates *after* “AD” (“AD 70” and “70 BC” but never “70 AD” or “BC 70”).

9.4 Always capitalize the words “Christian,” “Bible,” “Christ,” “Word of God,” and “Scripture(s).”

9.5 The current trend is to *avoid* capitalization, especially in the adjectives “biblical,” “scriptural,” etc.

9.6 Avoid words in all CAPITALS in the text (except acronyms) and *avoid* all CAPS in titles. 19th edition (19 June 2018)

**My Biographical Sketch**

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**The Griffith Family**

Kurt & Cara (34), Stephen & Katie (32) with Jesse (2) & Norah (b. July 2021), John & Chloe (29), Susan & Dr Rick

**Background**

“Never say ‘never.’” Rick and Susan Griffith both learned this age-old tip the hard way.

Rick recalls sitting in his elementary school classes thinking, “If there’s one thing I’ll *never* become it’s a *teacher.* Imagine saying the same stuff over and over, year after year!”

Yet after trusting Christ in junior high and beginning to teach the Word of God, Rick’s attitude began to change. After his business degree at California State University, Hayward, and Master of Theology degree (Pastoral Ministries) and the Doctor of Philosophy degree (Bible Exposition) from Dallas Theological Seminary in Texas, Dr. Griffith soon found himself on the other end of the classroom—and loving it!

Susan, from Yucaipa, California, also learned not to say “never.” As she earned her Bachelor of Arts degree in piano at Biola University, several friends married and worked to put their husbands through three more years of seminary training. “I’ll *never* do that!” she exclaimed. Soon afterwards she invested three years (1981-1983) singing together with her future husband in the Crossroads, Campus Crusade's traveling music team in Asia. This nine member Philippines-based group shared Christ in the Philippines, China, Hong Kong, Korea, Japan, Macau, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, and Singapore.

In December 1983 Susan’s “never” became a reality. She and Rick were married and like Jacob and Rachel of old, Susan also worked for her mate. During these seven seminary years Rick served as a pastor, corporate chaplain, and International Students church consultant. Susan taught women's Bible studies and often ministered by singing. Their primary church in Texas is Christ Chapel Bible Church in Fort Worth.

They have three sons: Kurt (34 yrs.) works with business analysis wife Cara in Seattle at their consulting company called Tandem Motion, Stephen is a United Airlines pilot (32 yrs.) with his counselor wife Katie (also Seattle) with two grandkids (2019 & 2021), and John is a graphic designer in California (28 yrs.).

**Ministry**

From 1991-2021 the Griffith home was Singapore where Rick served as Doctor of Ministry director with 26 other full-time faculty at Singapore Bible College. SBC has 495 students from 26 countries and 25 denominations, as well as many professionals. He began by teaching Old and New Testament Survey, Old and New Testament Backgrounds, Eschatology (the study of future things), Evangelism, Pastoral Epistles, Psalms, Homiletics (preaching), Hebrew Exegesis, and four Old Testament exposition courses. Then for years he also taught Pentateuch, Gospels, Eschatology (theology of the future), Ecclesiology (theology of the church), and Pneumatology (theology of the Holy Spirit). In recent years he taught mostly Bible Exposition classes, including Homiletics, OT Foundations, and OT & NT Survey. He also wrote three Advanced Studies in the Old and New Testament courses at Internet Biblical Seminary (www.internetseminary.org).

Dr. Griffith loves the variety and strategic nature of his teaching. He has invested his life into Anglicans from Sri Lanka, Lutherans from Singapore, Presbyterians from Korea, Conservative Baptists from the Philippines, and missionaries from Campus Crusade, OMF, and Operation Mobilisation—sometimes all in one class! One class had 17 of the 20 students training for ministry outside of Singapore. Nearly all SBC graduates entered pastoral or missionary ministries due to Asia’s shortage of trained leaders.

Ministry opportunities abound. Over the years, Rick and Susan conducted premarital counseling for students with their home’s open door to students and guests traveling through Singapore. In 1992, they also helped start International Community School, an expatriate Christian K-12 school in Singapore now with more than 400 students. These all came from the Griffiths as seconded missionaries with WorldVenture.

Dr. Griffith also enjoys several other partnerships. He also serves as Translation Coordinator for "The Bible... Basically International" seminars; web author & editor, Internet Biblical Seminary; and itinerate professor for 73 trips throughout Asia and the Middle East at Lanka Bible College (Sri Lanka), Myanmar Evangelical Graduate School of Theology, Union Bible Training Center (Mongolia), and Biblical Education by Extension training in three restricted access countries. In 2021, he joined Jordan Evangelical Theological Seminary as Professor of Bible Exposition.

Dr. Rick also began Crossroads International Church, Singapore were “Pastor Rick” served as pastor-teacher from 2006-2021. The church worships at the Metropolitan YMCA at 60 Stevens Road. See cicfamily.com.

In 2009 Dr. Rick began [BibleStudyDownloads.org](http://biblestudydownloads.com/Site/Homepage.html) to offer his courses for free download. It has 19,000 pages of course notes in Word and pdf, and over 82,000 English PowerPoint slides and 118,000 PowerPoint slides translated by 700 students into 53 languages, such as Albanian, Ao Naga, Arabic, Bangla, Bisaya, Burmese, Chin Tedim, Chiru, Chinese, Czech, Dutch, English, French, German, Gujarati, Hindi, Ilonggo, Indonesian, Italian, Japanese, Kachin, Karen, Khmer, Kiswahili, Korean, Liangmai, Lotha, Malay, Malayalam, Mao, Mizo, Mongolian, Moyon, Nepali, Nias, Norwegian, Paite Chin, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Rongmei, Russian, Sinhala, Spanish, Sumi Naga, Tagalog, Tamil, Tangkhul, Tenyidie, Thai, Ukrainian, Vaiphei, and Vietnamese.

**Field**

Jordan is 98% Muslim but provides freedom of religion and has diplomatic ties with Israel. JETS has provided half of the pastors of Jordan’s 60 evangelical churches since its founding in 1991.

**Passion**

Rick’s passion is for God’s leaders to preach and live the Word of God as God’s servants:

* Teaching obedience to Christ’s words is key to our commission to make disciples (Matt 28:20).
* Paul’s legacy to Timothy focused on exposition: “Preach the Word” (2 Tim 4:2-3; cf. Acts 6:1-16).

However, recent trends include the following:

* Christians are biblically illiterate due to a “famine for hearing the words of the Lord” (Amos 8:11).
* Attempting to be “relevant,” pastors preach what people want to hear—not what they need.

**Final Exam Study Guide**

**I. Exam Format**

Since this course is an evaluation of Old Testament criticism and an examination of introductory problems of selected Old Testament books (authorship, date, etc.), the exam will be entirely on the evangelical responses to the liberal critics of the Old Testament. Imagine that someone is asking you to defend the inerrancy of the OT and frame your answer accordingly. I will ask you to choose from among various questions posed.

**II. Exam Content**

Please be ready to explain…

A. *Backgrounds* of those books most attacked by OT critics, especially Pentateuch, Isaiah, and Daniel

B. *Canonical* support for the authenticity of the 39 OT writings

C. *Archaeological* evidence for the reliability of the OT, especially in the Dead Sea Scrolls

D. *Creation* studies that support a normal reading of Genesis 1–11 in creation, the Flood, and lifespans to respond to the claims of theistic evolution

E. *Literature* by ancient secular sources that defend the authenticity of the OT, such as those of Hammurapi and Egypt

F. *Chronological problems* within the history of Israel, including the date of the Exodus and an explanation and resolution of dating in Judges and Kings

G. *Pagan religions* that show Israel a unique nation, especially in its monotheism