Crossroads International Church Singapore Dr. Rick Griffith

Title

11 November 2019 Message 43 of 66

NLT 60 Minutes

**Be Prepared**

***Book of 1 Thessalonians***

**Topic:** Rapture

**Subject:** How can you be prepared for the Rapture?

**Complement:** Be prepared for Christ’s return with your money, friends and Bible.

**Purpose:** The listeners will be prepared for Christ’s return with their money, friends and Bible

**Attribute:** We worship our Deliverer God

**Reading:** 1 Thess 4:13-18

**Benediction:** 1 Thess 5:23-24

**Song:** Because He Lives, King of Heaven, Greatest Hallelujah, My Redeemer Lives

# Introduction

Earth View Video

### Interest: [Most Christians give little thought to the second coming of Jesus.]

#### The beginning of the “Left Behind” movie aptly depicts the Rapture (5-minute clip at <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vXRrVrkFYlo>).

#### At some point in perhaps the not-too-distant future millions of people will just quickly rise to meet the Lord Jesus Christ.

Feet

#### Paul speaks clearly of this next event on God’s prophetic calendar in 1 Thess 4:13-18 [read it].

4:13-18

(2 slides)

#### When I was a young man in the 1970s many speakers preached on these verses. In fact, I trusted Christ at one such gathering in 1972 when the speaker addressed the return of Christ.

Our Need

#### Sadly, few talk of the return of Jesus today.

Christ’s Return

### Need: However, since the NT notes Christ’s return more than 300 times, we should live in light of his coming.

#### We should teach it, talk of it, read it, study it, and share it since about every 14 verses in the NT mentions Christ coming back.

#### More than that, we should live in light of his return. But how?

Ready?

#### But first let's define three terms: eschatology, the Rapture, and the Revelation. The Rapture (the coming of Christ for His own in the air to take the church from the earth prior to the Great Tribulation) differs from the Revelation (the coming of Christ with His own to judge unbelievers upon the earth after the Great Tribulation).

Eschatos

Two Stages

##### Both events are literal returns. Never does the Scripture refer to these events as only allegorical returns for in both instances Christ actually will return to the earth.

##### Both events find Christ as their central figure. Although humanity is involved in both, Christ Himself is at the forefront.

##### Both events are still future. They are yet to be seen on God's prophetic calendar.

##### Both events are sometimes referred to by the same word (e.g., "coming" refers to the Rapture in 1 Thessalonians 4:15 and the Revelation in Matthew 24:27).

#### The Bible says that each of us will give an account of our lives to Christ at his return. So…

The Rapture

### Subject: How can you be prepared for the Rapture? What specific ways can you be ready for Jesus when he come back?

Subject

#### Some think we should prepare by knowing the exact date of his return. Yet all the date-setters like Harold Camping have only embarrassed the church and caused more doubt about his return.

Camping

Book by Book

Chart

##### Harold Camping was a Bible teacher who said he figured out the date of Christ’s coming in 1994.

##### When it didn’t happen he said it would be 21 May 2011.

##### After that date passed, his new date was 21 Oct 2011.

##### He eventually publicly apologized and later died.

##### Is that how to prepare for Christ’s coming? Not at all.

#### We are studying the Bible book-by-book with one message per book. Today the theme is “Preparation for the Rapture.” This means being ready for Christ’s return—the key theme of Paul’s letter to the Thessalonians.

Theme

### Background: The Thessalonian church was suffering and needed hope.

#### A riot in Thessalonica had forced Paul out of the city.

Map

#### So Paul went to Corinth where he awaited news of how the suffering church was doing.

#### He heard that they were hanging in there, so he wrote to encourage them to continue to grow.

#### He especially gave them hope in Christ’s return—so his theme was “Preparation for the Rapture.”

### Preview/Text: Paul’s letter of 1 Thessalonians gives two ways to be ready for Christ’s return.

2 Ways

(How can you be prepared for the Rapture?)

MP

# I. Serve Jesus without greed (1 Thess 1–3).

[Live for Christ as if money is not a big concern.]

## Paul prepared for the Rapture by serving without greed seen in his honorable life as he planted the Thessalonian church (1 Thess 1–3).

1 Thess 1

(2 slides)

### Silas and Timothy (co-laborers in Thessalonica) wrote with Paul, who did not note his apostleship to show his concern (1:1).

### Paul commended their lifestyle of godly living in view of Christ’s return (1:2-10).

Medal

### Paul was not motivated by greed since he made tents and cared for them (2:1-16).

1 Thess 2

(2 slides)

#### Paul was proud of them and so wanted to encourage them.

Must Encourage

#### The Suzuki method of learning violin is based on encouragement.

Suzuki Method

#### Have any of you attended a performance of schoolchildren trained in the Suzuki method of learning to play violin? I hear it is amazing! Imagine children as young as four, three and even two years old playing the violin—one of the most difficult musical instruments.

Ready?

(4 slides)

Hearts

##### How do the instructors do it? Well, the first thing the kids learn is a proper stance. And the second thing they learn—even before they pick up the violin—is how to take a bow. One instructor notes, "If the children just play the violin and stop, people may forget to show their appreciation. But when the children bow, the audience invariably applauds. And applause is the best motivator we've found to make children feel good about performing and want to do it well."

### Paul showed his concern by longing to see them and sending Timothy (2:17–3:13). In this section he shows three ways to strengthen others.

Person

Strengthen

(2 slides)

#### Go in person (2:17-20).

1 Thess 3

(7 slides)

#### Bring others in their lives (3:1-9).

Pray

(4 slides)

#### Pray for them (3:10-13\_.

## Live on what you need and invest the rest for eternity.

Live on Need

### Invest in heaven more than on earth (Matt 6:20).

Rich Young Ruler

### Don’t be sad that you have so much money (Matt 19:16-30).

Transition

(2 slides)

(How else can you be prepared for the Rapture?)

# II. Care about both people and theology (1 Thess 4–5).

MP

[Doctrine and relationships should occupy much of our time.]

## Paul prepared for the Rapture by strengthening the church's doctrine and relationships (1 Thess 4–5).

1 Thess 4

### Believers should love God, Christians, and unbelievers (4:1-12).

Most Important

#### The greatest thing we can do for others is to love others.

#### These three elements form a good church mission statement.

Preparing Rapture

### The Rapture will be both a comfort and a warning (4:13–5:11).

Manger

#### Christ’s first coming was both a comfort and warning.

#### Christ’s return challenges us to be ready.

3 Reasons Expectant

#### We should look forward to his return with expectancy for three reasons.

##### The Rapture helps us grieve with hope (4:13-14).

Hope

(15 slides)

##### Christians who have died will meet Christ in the air before those living (4:15-17).

Before

(16 slides)

Encourage

(4 slides)

1 Thess 5

(6 slides)

##### Christ’s return helps us encourage one another (4:18).

#### Christ’s return also includes a warning not to be caught unaware (5:1-11).

Purpose

(2 slides)

### Healthy church life is where each person fulfills his roles (5:12-28).

Lazy

#### Don’t be lazy (5:14).

Joyful

#### Be joyful (5:16).

#### Pray without ceasing (5:17).

Pray

(2 slides)

#### Always give thanks (5:18).

Thanks

#### Do not quench the Spirit (5:19).

Quench

(2 slides)

#### Benediction (5:22-24).

Benedict

(2 slides)

## Are you growing in your relational and Bible skills?

So How About You

### How do you relate to others better now than last year?

### How do you obey God’s Word better than last year?

Transition

(2 slides)

(How can you be prepared for the Rapture?)

# Conclusion

MI

### Be prepared for Christ’s return with your money, friends and Bible (MI).

### Main Points: We have seen two ways to prepare for the Rapture:

MPI

#### Serve Jesus without greed (1 Thess 1–3).

MPII

#### Care about both people and theology (1 Thess 4–5).

### How better can you be prepared for the Rapture?

All Give Account

Hourglass

Definitely Return

Jesus + 3 People

Like a Thief

How to Live?

#### He will definitely return.

#### We all will give an account to him.

#### The faithful will reign with Christ.

#### Do not say, “I’ve got time…”

#### Jesus says, “Behold, I come quickly!”

I Come Quickly

#### He will come like a thief in the night (1 Thess 5:2).

#### So how should you live?

### Prayer

Prayer

# Preliminary Questions

**Verses Questions**

# Context: What did the author record just prior to this passage?

# Purpose: Why is this passage in the Bible?

# Background: What historical context helps us understand this passage?

# Questions

# Tentative Main Ideas

Text

# Illustrations That Apply

### Text

# New Testament Survey Notes

**1 Thessalonians**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Preparation for the Rapture** | | | | | |
| **Innocence of Greed** | | | **Principles for Growth** | | |
| **Chapters 1–3** | | | **Chapters 4–5** | | |
| **Personal** | | | **Practical** | | |
| **Silence Slanders** | | | **Strengthen Stand** | | |
| **Historical** | | | **Hortatory** | | |
| **Reflections** | | | **Exhortations** | | |
| **Looking Back** | | | **Looking Forward** | | |
| **Commendation**  **1:1-10** | **Conduct**  **2:1-16** | **Concern**  **2:17–3:13** | **Love**  **4:1-12** | **Eschatology**  **4:13–5:11** | **Church Life**  **5:12-28** |
| **Encourage Others** | **Be Innocent** | **Care for Others** | **Please God** | **Be Comforted but Watchful** | **Live Holy** |
| **Corinth** | | | | | | |
| **Early Summer AD 51 (on second missionary journey)** | | | | | | |

**Key Word: Rapture**

**Key Verse: “May the Lord make your love increase and overflow for each other and for everyone else, just as ours does for you. May he strengthen your hearts so that you will be blameless and holy in the presence of our God and Father when our Lord Jesus comes with all his holy ones” (1 Thess 3:12-13).**

**Summary Statement: Believers can prepare for the Rapture by serving without greed and by strengthening their doctrine and relationships.**

**Application: Are you ready for the Lord’s return if he comes today?**

**1 Thessalonians**

**Introduction**

**I. Title:** The Greek title (Pro.j Qessalonikei/j a, *First to the Thessalonians*) distinguishes this letter from Paul's second letter to the church just a few months later.

**II. Authorship**

A. External Evidence: Pauline authorship has been upheld since the Marcion Canon (AD 140) and Muratorian Canon (AD 170). The early Church Fathers also believed Paul wrote 1 Thessalonians.

1. **Attacks**: Nevertheless, radical 19th century critics denied apostolic authorship, claiming: (a) a lack of Pauline ideas and Old Testament citations, (b) a reference to the fall of Jerusalem (AD 70) which places the epistle after Paul's death (AD 68), and (c) a large amount of non-Pauline vocabulary in the letter.

2. **Response**: Since the church was mostly Gentile (1:9-10; Acts 17:4) Paul would not cite the OT frequently. Also, the supposed reference to the fall of Jerusalem (2:16b) is very ambiguous. Finally, as this was one of his earliest letters and not primarily a doctrinal treatise, it does not reflect the same theological vocabulary as later letters.

B. Internal Evidence: The letter itself strongly supports Pauline authorship:

1. The epistle claims to have been written by Paul (1:1).

2. The church organization is primitive, reflecting an early date (Guthrie, 567).

3. No later writer would have attributed to Paul the unfulfilled expectation of living to see the Rapture (4:15, 17; cf. Kümmel, 185).

C. Conclusion: The attacks upon Pauline authorship have been soundly defeated so that nearly all scholars, despite their critical assumptions, believe that Paul penned this epistle.

**III. Circumstances**

A. Date: The evidence from the letter suggests that Paul wrote it only a few months after leaving the city on his second missionary journey in early summer 51 (Hoehner, 381-84).

B. Origin/Recipients: Paul wrote from Corinth to Thessalonian believers to his north in Achaia (see “Occasion” below for support). This was a very young church—only about six months old.

C. Occasion: After Jews in Thessalonica incited crowds against Paul, he left Silas and Timothy with the church with instructions to meet him in Athens (Acts 17:11-16). They did, but Paul then sent Timothy back to the Thessalonians (1 Thess. 3:1-2) and Silas back to Macedonia (probably Philippi). Both men rejoined Paul in Corinth (Acts 18:5) and are mentioned with Paul in his salutation (1:1). Timothy brought the good news that the Thessalonians, despite persecution, had remained true to the Lord (3:6f.). Paul notes repeatedly how happy this made him (1:2-10; 2:19-20; 3:6, 8-10), especially as he thought that Satan might have undone his work in them (3:5). Therefore, he wrote to encourage the church still more, urging them to press on in growth in light of the Lord's return. Timothy also probably informed him of some questions from the church.

**IV. Characteristics**

1. The tone of the epistle shows very fond feelings for the Thessalonian believers (1:2-3, 7-8; 2:17-20).

B. First Thessalonians contains the fullest explanation of the Rapture in Scripture (4:13–5:11). Paul believed in the imminency of Christ's return (“we” in 4:17) and thus revealed himself to be a proponent of a pretribulational Rapture (see the study after 1 Thessalonian notes).

C. How long Paul stayed at Thessalonica is debated because Luke recorded that Paul reasoned in the synagogue only three weeks (Acts 17:2). However, Hoehner says Paul stayed from November 50-January 51, then the letter came in early summer AD 51. Many arguments suggest this longer stay:

1. The Philippians sent Paul at least two gifts when he was at Thessalonica (Phil. 4:16).

2. He stayed there long enough to use his trade of tent making (2:9; cf. 2 Thess. 3:7-9).

3. Paul's general practice was to preach in the synagogue until he got kicked out (Acts 13:46; 18:6; 19:8-9). Evidently this took only three weeks at Thessalonica, after which he taught Gentiles.

4. Since most Thessalonian believers were Gentiles formerly involved in idolatry (1:9; 2:14-16), a Gentile ministry would have required a fair amount of time after his three-week Jewish ministry.

D. The purpose of the letter has been seen in different ways (Ryrie, *1 & 2 Thess.*, 13-14):

1. Paul encouraged the people to continue to grow in Christ as they had been doing, based upon Timothy’s good report (1:1-10; 3:6-13).

2. Paul defended himself against some in Thessalonica who had accused him of insincerity and greed (2:2-6) as well as for failing to return to the city (2:17–3:5).

3. Paul exhorted them to remain steadfast in the face of persecution (3:1-13; 5:16-18).

4. Paul answered doctrinal questions relating to believers who had died prior to the Lord’s return (4:13–5:11).

5. Paul instructed them in healthy church life, such as sexual purity (4:1-8), respect for leadership (5:12-13), laziness (5:14), and relationships (5:15f.).

**Argument**

While each purpose above finds support at some point in the letter, only the common theme of the Lord’s return (Rapture) appears *throughout* it. Each of the five chapters closes with an exhortation on the Lord's soon coming (1:10; 2:19-20; 3:13; 4:13-18; 5:23-24).

Paul writes two major sections in this first letter to the Thessalonians, each showing how believers should live in light of the Rapture. He first uses himself as an example of proper conduct until the Lord returns (1 Thess 1–3). In this section he seeks to convince them of his sincere motives in establishing the church to defend himself against the false attacks of Jews and Gentiles in the city who had accused him of being a religious huckster concerned only with money (2:3, 5, 7, 9).

Paul then gives principles for growth until the Lord’s return (1 Thess 4–5). These doctrinal and relational matters facing the Thessalonians that Timothy had reported include instruction on living to please God (4:1-12), eschatological issues (4:13–5:11), and church life (5:12-22).

**Synthesis**

**Preparation for the Rapture Rapture:**

**1–3 Innocence of Greed**

1:1 Salutation

1:2-10 Commendation 1:10

2:1-16 Conduct

2:1-12 Gospel delivered without greed

2:13-16 Gospel received in suffering

2:17–3:13 Concern

2:17–3:5 Longing to see them 2:19-20

3:6-13 Timothy's encouraging report 3:13

**4–5 Principles for Growth**

4:1-12 How to love God and others

4:13–5:11 Eschatological teaching

4:13-18 Rapture comfort 4:13-18

5:1-11 Day of the Lord (Tribulation/Millennium) warning

5:12-24 Healthy church life 5:23-24

5:25-28 Conclusion

**Outline**

**Summary Statement for the Book**

**Believers can prepare for the Rapture by serving without greed and by strengthening their doctrine and relationships.**

# The way Paul prepared for the Rapture was by serving without greed seen in his honorable life as he planted the Thessalonian church (1 Thess 1–3).

## Silas and Timothy (co-laborers in Thessalonica) wrote with Paul, who did not note his apostleship to show his concern (1:1).

## Paul commended their lifestyles as evidence of God's blessing on their ministry and their godly living in view of Christ’s return (1:2-10).

## Paul's conduct among them was not motivated by greed since he had a secular job and cared for them like a parent for his children (2:1-16).

## Paul showed his concern by longing to see them and sending Timothy since he had not been able to see them again (2:17–3:13).

# The way Paul prepared for the Rapture was by strengthening the church's doctrine and relationships (1 Thess 4–5).

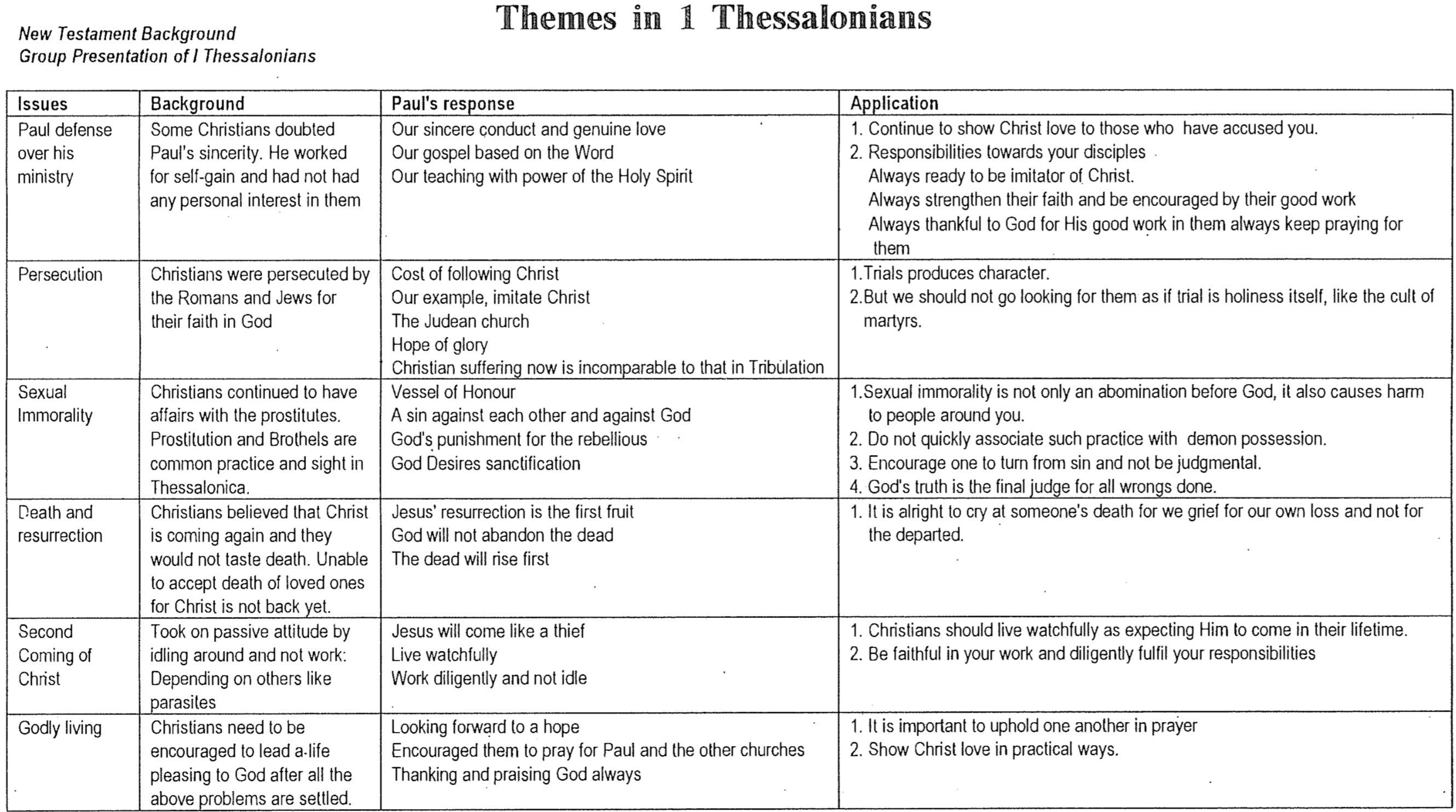
## Believers should love God through sexual purity, love Christians by continued growth, and love unbelievers by earning their own living (4:1-12).

## The Rapture both comforts in its resurrection of believers but warns since the Tribulation will follow unexpectedly (4:13–5:11).

## Healthy church life where each person fulfills his roles will lead to continued growth in sanctification until the Rapture (5:12-24).

## Three requests and a benediction show Paul's genuine concern for the church (5:25-28).

**Themes in 1 Thessalonians**





**Arguments for a Pretribulational Rapture**



Pretribulationalists teach that the Rapture of the Church will precede the Tribulation. Why?

1. Christ told the Philadelphia believers, “I will keep you from the hour of testing (kavgw, se thrh,sw evk th/j w[raj tou/ peirasmou/), that hour which is about to come upon the whole world, to test those who dwell upon the earth” (Rev. 3:10). The definite article before “hour” indicates that the Tribulation period is in view (cf. Rev. 4–19).

2. The nature and purpose of the Tribulation is to test “those who dwell upon the earth” (Rev. 3:10b), a phrase used over a dozen times in the Book of Revelation. Each time this “phrase occurs… the *enemies* of the church are always in mind” (Mounce, *The Book of Revelation*, 120, emphasis mine). Since the Church is not to be tested, why would the Church be present during this time of testing?

3. The Holy Spirit’s work of restraining evil will be absent in the Tribulation. His restraining ministry is mentioned elsewhere in Scripture (Gen. 6:3; John 16:8-11). It is hard to conceive of a period when the Spirit’s restraining influence will be curtailed with the Church still present.

4. There is no mention of the Church in Revelation 4–19, the portion of this book relating to the Tribulation. Rather, the church (the “tabernacle of God”) is in heaven (Rev. 13:6; cf. Eph. 2:21-22) as Bride (19:1, 7-8) ready to return to the earth at Christ’s Second Coming.

5. The Church will never come under God's wrath (John 5:24; Rom. 5:9; 8:1; 1 Thess. 1:10; 5:9). Although the church has been promised persecution and tribulation (John 16:33; Acts 5:41; Phil. 1:29), this is different from the wrath that describes the Tribulation (Rev. 6:15-17; 11:18; 14:10, 19). Wrath and persecution are not the same!

6. Since the Rapture is imminent it must be pretribulational. Christians are not to wait for signs of his return but for his coming itself. The New Testament teaches that the next event on God's eschatological calendar is an imminent Rapture:

a. “For you yourselves know full well that the day of the Lord will come just like a thief in the night… so then let us not sleep as others do, but let us be alert and sober… and build up one another, just as you also are doing” (1 Thess. 5:2-11). This means the day of the Lord (that begins after the Rapture and continues through the Millennium) was imminent so that it would take people by surprise. Paul told the Thessalonians to fight “sleep” (spiritual lethargy) to prepare for Christ's unexpected arrival.

b. Jesus told the disciples, “I will come back and take you to be with me…” (John 14:3) by actually using the present tense (“I am coming”). This shows a sense of the immediate future without any intervening signs (Herman A. Hoyt, *The End Times* [Chicago: Moody, 1969], 96-97).

c. Other New Testament texts teach that Christ will come to receive his saints to himself before the Tribulation (James 5:8-9; Tit. 2:13; Heb. 9:28; 1 Pet. 1:6-7; 1 John 2:28; 3:2-3; Rev. 22:10,12).

7. The Second Coming of Christ will be in two distinct stages:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **The Rapture** | **The Revelation (Second Coming)** |
| 1 | Pretribulational (Rev. 3:10) | Posttribulational (Rev. 19:11-21) |
| 2 | Christ will come in the air (1 Thess. 4:16) | Christ will come to the earth, His feet touching the Mt. of Olives (Zech 14:4) |
| 3 | A coming for the saints (John 14:1-2; 1 Thess. 4:15-17) | A coming with the saints (Matt. 25:31; 1 Thess. 3:13; Rev. 19:14) |
| 4 | Saints (dead and alive) will be caught up (“raptured”) from the earth to meet the Lord in the air and taken to heaven (1 Thess. 4:16-17) | Saints already on earth will remain on the earth (no Rapture) to be ushered into the Millennium (Acts 15:16; Rev. 5:10; cf. Matt. 6:10; chap. 24) |
| 5 | Produces comfort and hope (1 Thess. 4:18) | Produces fear and judgment (Matt. 24:27-31; Luke 21:20-28; Rev. 6:15-17) |
| 6 | Mystery truth revealed only in the New Testament age (1 Cor. 15:51) | Central in OT prophecy but clarified in the NT (Jer. 30:7; Zech 14:1-3; Matt. 24:30; Col. 3:4) |
| 7 | Bodies of church saints glorified (1 Cor. 15:51-58; Phil. 3:20-21) and brought to heaven for seven years (1 Thess. 4:17) | Bodies of tribulation saints left in mortal state to continue to live on the earth in the millennium (Matt. 25:31-34) |
| 8 | Imminent, no signs needed (1 Thess. 4:16) | Not imminent but preceded by spectacular signs in the heavens and on the earth (Matt. 24:29-31; Luke 21:25-28; Acts 2:19-21; Rev. 1:7; Rev 6-19) |
| 9 | Primary purpose is deliverance of the saints from this world (1 Thess. 1:10) | Primary purpose is judgment of unbelieving (Matt. 25:31-46) |
| 10 | Invisible and private as only believers see Christ and since God sends a powerful delusion through the Antichrist (2 Thess. 2:11) | Visible and public since “every eye shall see Him” (Rev. 1:7) |
| 11 | Fulfills a promise to the Church where Jew-Gentile distinctions do not exist (1 Thess. 4:15; cf. John 14:1-3; Eph. 2:11-16) | Fulfills promises to Israel of covenants made in the Old Testament (Gen. 12:1-3; Ps. 89; Isa. 11:11-14; cf. Rom. 11:26-27) |
| 12 | Evil begins to increase (2 Thess. 2:1-12) | Evil is suppressed (2 Thess. 1:7; Ps. 37:9-10) |
| 13 | Church removed (1 Thess. 4:13-18) | Satan removed (Rev. 20:1-3) |
| 14 | Christ shown as Head of the Church and all things (Eph. 1:10, 22; 4:15; Col. 1:18; 2:10) | Christ vindicated as Messiah to Israel (Zech. 14:3-4; cf. Acts 1:6 with v. 11) |
| 15 | Judgment seat of Christ for believers follows  (2 Cor. 5:10; 1 Cor. 3:13) | Judgment of Israel and Gentiles follows  (Ezek. 20:34-38; Matt. 25; Zech. 14:4; cf. p. 160) |
| 16 | The Lord is at hand––imminency (Phil. 4:5) | The kingdom is at hand––afterwards (Matt. 24:14) |
| 17 | Nature subsequently ruined (Rev. 6–16) | Nature subsequently restored (Rom. 8:19-22; Isa. 11:6-9; 35:9; 65:25) |

**Practical Implications of the Rapture**

***How should your belief in Christ’s future return change the way you live now?***

**1 Thessalonians 4:13-18**

Knowing that at the Rapture we’ll see Christians who have died prevents us from hopeless grieving.

Once we are with the Lord we’ll *never* be separated from Him—and that’s encouraging (vv. 17-18)!

**1 Corinthians 15:35-49**

We’ll receive a new body at the Rapture so we shouldn’t be absorbed with “body worship” now.

**1 Corinthians 15:50-58**

Christ’s return will show that he defeated Satan, so this gives us victory over sin now (15:54-57).

Our future hope stabilizes us now (15:58).

Christ’s sure return motivates us to diligent service since it’s not done in vain (15:58).

**2 Peter 3:1-9**

The more scoffing about his return we hear, the more encouraging it should be for us (3:1-4).

The longer it takes for Christ’s return, the more his patience is shown towards us (3:8-9)

**2 Peter 3:10-18**

The destruction of all we can see should motivate us to invest in the things we can’t see (3:10-13).

The judgment of the earth should motivate holy living (3:11, 14).

Knowing the Day of the Lord is coming gives us wisdom that protects from false teaching (3:15-17).

**Questions on the Thessalonians**

1. Review how the Thessalonian church was planted in Acts 17. How long did this take? What doctrines did Paul teach them? Do you generally teach these doctrines to new believers?

2. What do you think is the heart of 1 Thessalonians (what is the key passage that summarizes its theme)? Why is it this passage and not another?

3. Which passage in 2 Thessalonians summarizes the book? How do you know?

4. How did their lack of a good theological foundation cause problems in Christian behaviour in these epistles? How have you seen this in churches today?

**Be Prepared**

***1 Thessalonians***

**Exegetical Outline (Steps 2-3)**

***Exegetical Idea*: Believers can prepare for the Rapture by serving without greed and by strengthening their doctrine and relationships.**

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## The Rapture both comforts in its resurrection of believers but warns since the Tribulation will follow unexpectedly (4:13–5:11).

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**Purpose or Desired Listener Response (Step 4)**

The listeners will

**Homiletical Outline** (Cyclical inductive form)

# Introduction

### Interest: Most Christians give little thought to the second coming of Jesus.

### Need: However, since the NT notes Christ’s return more than 300 times, we should live in light of his coming.

### Subject: But how can you be prepared for the Rapture?

### Background: The Thessalonian church was suffering and needed hope.

### Preview/Text: Paul’s letter of 1 Thessalonians gives two ways to be ready for Christ’s return.

(How can you be prepared for the Rapture?)

# I. Serve Jesus without greed (1 Thess 1–3).

## Paul prepared for the Rapture by serving without greed seen in his honorable life as he planted the Thessalonian church (1 Thess 1–3).

### Silas and Timothy (co-laborers in Thessalonica) wrote with Paul, who did not note his apostleship to show his concern (1:1).

### Paul commended their lifestyles as evidence of God's blessing on their ministry and their godly living in view of Christ’s return (1:2-10).

### Paul's conduct among them was not motivated by greed since he made tents and cared for them like a parent for his children (2:1-16).

### Paul showed his concern by longing to see them and sending Timothy since he had not been able to see them again (2:17–3:13).

## Live on what you need and invest the rest for eternity.

### Invest in heaven more than on earth (Matt 6:20).

### Don’t be sad that you have so much money (Matt 19:16-30).

(How else can you be prepared for the Rapture?)

# II. Care about both people and theology (1 Thess 4–5).

## Paul prepared for the Rapture by strengthening the church's doctrine and relationships (1 Thess 4–5).

### Believers should love God through sexual purity, love Christians by continued growth, and love unbelievers by earning their own living (4:1-12).

### The Rapture both comforts in its resurrection of believers but warns since the Tribulation will follow unexpectedly (4:13–5:11).

### Healthy church life where each person fulfills his roles will lead to continued growth in sanctification until the Rapture (5:12-24).

### Three requests and a benediction show Paul's genuine concern for the church (5:25-28).

## Are you growing in your relational and Bible skills?

### How do you relate to others better now than last year?

### How do you obey God’s Word better than last year?

(How can you be prepared for the Rapture?)

# Conclusion

### Be prepared for Christ’s return with your money, friends and Bible (MI).

### Main Points

### How better can you be prepared for the Rapture?

### Prayer



**Rick Griffith**

11 November 2019

Message 43 of 66

**Be Prepared**

***1 Thessalonians***

# Introduction

### The NT notes Christ’s return 300+ times, so we should live in light of his coming.

### But \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_can you be prepared for the Rapture?

# I. Serve Jesus without \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1 Thess 1–3).

## Paul prepared for the Rapture by serving without greed (1 Thess 1–3).

### Paul commended their lifestyle of godly living in view of Christ’s return (1:1-10).

### Paul was not motivated by greed since he made tents and cared for them (2:1-16).

### Paul showed his concern by longing to see them and sending Timothy (2:17–3:13).

## Live on what you need and invest the rest for eternity.

### Invest in heaven more than on earth (Matt 6:20).

### Don’t be sad that you have so much money (Matt 19:16-30).

# II. Care about both \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (1 Thess 4–5).

## Paul prepared for the Rapture by supporting their doctrine and relationships (1 Thess 4–5).

### Believers should love God, Christians, and unbelievers (4:1-12).

### The Rapture will be both a comfort and a warning (4:13–5:11).

### Healthy church life is where each person fulfills his roles (5:12-28).

## Are you growing in your relational and Bible skills?

### How do you relate to others better now than last year?

### How do you obey God’s Word better than last year?

# Conclusion

### Be prepared for Christ’s return with your money, friends and Bible (Main Idea).

### How better can you be prepared for the Rapture?

Download this sermon PPT and notes for free at BibleStudyDownloads.org/resource/new-testament-preaching/

Listen to this message online at cicfamily.com/sermon-listing/

**1 Thessalonians**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Preparation for the Rapture** | | | | | |
| **Innocence of Greed** | | | **Principles for Growth** | | |
| **Chapters 1–3** | | | **Chapters 4–5** | | |
| **Personal** | | | **Practical** | | |
| **Silence Slanders** | | | **Strengthen Stand** | | |
| **Historical** | | | **Hortatory** | | |
| **Reflections** | | | **Exhortations** | | |
| **Looking Back** | | | **Looking Forward** | | |
| **Commendation**  **1:1-10** | **Conduct**  **2:1-16** | **Concern**  **2:17–3:13** | **Love**  **4:1-12** | **Eschatology**  **4:13–5:11** | **Church Life**  **5:12-28** |
| **Encourage Others** | **Be Innocent** | **Care for Others** | **Please God** | **Be Comforted but Watchful** | **Live Holy** |
| **Corinth** | | | | | | |
| **Early Summer AD 51 (on second missionary journey)** | | | | | | |

**Key Word: Rapture**

**Key Verse: “May the Lord make your love increase and overflow for each other and for everyone else, just as ours does for you. May he strengthen your hearts so that you will be blameless and holy in the presence of our God and Father when our Lord Jesus comes with all his holy ones” (1 Thess 3:12-13).**

**Summary Statement: Believers can prepare for the Rapture by serving without greed and by strengthening their doctrine and relationships.**

**Application: Are you ready for the Lord’s return if he comes today?**